

Calculated Encryption

Cipher Programs
for the
HP35s



**John
Livingstone**

CALCULATED ENCRYPTION

Calculated Encryption

Cipher Programs for the HP35s

John Livingstone

Smashwords Edition

Copyright 2013 by John Livingstone

Table Of Contents

[Rot/13/Rot 5](#)

[Beaufort Cipher](#)

[Vigenere/Variant Beaufort Ciphers](#)

[Text Program](#)

[Random/Keyed Alphabet](#)

[Random/Alphabet Implementation](#)

Preface

These programs take advantage of Hewlett-Packard's equation mode combined with the flag 10, which displays equations instead instead of evaluating them.

This is used along in combination with math formulae to display text, one letter at a time. The sender may then write down the result of encryption or decryption by using the calculator, where messages are entered as $A = 1$, $B = 2$ up to $Z = 26$.

All programs were written in the RPN mode.

ROT13/ROT5

This program encrypts/decrypts using ROT13 for letters, ROT5 for numbers.

This program also requires 'Q', see below.

(RPN Mode)

C001 LBL C

C002 SF 10

C003 ROT13-ROT5 (On calculator press <EQN>
then RCL R, RCL o, etc, ENTER)

C004 PSE

C005 CF 10

C006 INPUT P input letter; A=1, B =2, etc

C007 X<0? 'IF P is negative then goto number
encryption/decryption

C008 GOTO C012

C009 RMDR((P-1) + 13,26)+1-> C

C010 XEQ Q001 'see program Q below

C011 GTO C006

C012 INPUT N

C013 X<0? 'IF N is negative then return to letter
encryption/decryption

CALCULATED ENCRYPTION

Co14 GTO Co06

Co15 RMDR(N+5,10)->C

Co16 VIEW C

Co17 GTO Co12

Checksum length: 4f36,96

Usage:

P? 9 (9 = the letter I)

V

P? 14 (the letter N)

A

P? 5 E

R

P? 5 E

R

P? 4 D

Q

-4 (Enter a negative number to encipher a number)

N? 1

C = 6

N? 0

CALCULATED ENCRYPTION

C = 5

N? 0

5

N? 0

5

N? -5

P? 21 (U)

H

P? 19 (S)

F

P? 4 (D)

Q

Thus, the message **I NEED 1000 USD** becomes:

V ARRQ 6555 HFQ

.

Beaufort Cipher

This program encrypts/decrypts using the Beaufort cipher. In addition, it can also add ROT 13 for added security.

This program also requires 'Q', see below.

(RPNMode)

B001 LBL B

B002 SF 10

B003 BEAFORT

B004 PSE

B005 1) ROT 13 'use ROT 13 w/beaufort? enter 1
for yes (enter <EQN> then 1) ECL R etc)

B006 PSE

B007 CF 10

B008 INPUT R

B009 INPUT P

B010 INPUT K

B011 RMDR(((K-1)-(P-1)),26)+1-> C

B012 RCL R

B013 1

B014 X = Y?

CALCULATED ENCRYPTION

Bo15 $\text{RMDR}((C-1)+13,26) + 1 \rightarrow C$

Bo16 XEQ Q001

Bo17 GTO B009

Checksum, length F26B, 114

Usage:

XEQ B

R? (Choose whether to add ROT 13...enter 1 for yes)

P? (Enter letter of text where 1 = A 2 = B, etc)

K? (Enter a key letter (1-26))

Repeat until end of message.

Vigenere/Variant Beaufort Ciphers

This program will encrypt/decrypt using the Vigenere or Variant Beaufort. In addition use of a random or keyed alphabet is possible to provide greater security.

In variant Beaufort, encryption is performed by performing the decryption step of the standard Vigenère cipher, and likewise decryption is performed by using Vigenère encryption.

This program also requires the programs A, Q, and S. (See below.)

V001 LBL V

V002 SF 10

V003 1)VIGENERE 'enter <EQN> then 1) RCL V

etc

V004 PSE

V005 2)VAR BEAUFORT

V006 PSE

V007 CF 10

V008 INPUT M

V009 2

CALCULATED ENCRYPTION

V010 X=Y?
V011 GTO V052
V012 SF 10
V013 VIGENERE
V014 PSE
V015 1)ENCRYPT
V016 PSE
V017 2)DECRYPT
V018 PSE
V019 CF 10
V020 INPUT M
V021 2
V022 X=Y?
V023 GTO V038
V024 SF 10
V025 (1Key Alphabet
V026 PSE
V027 CF 10
V028 INPUT A
V029 INPUT P
V030 INPUT K

CALCULATED ENCRYPTION

V031 RMDR(((P-1)+(K-1)),26)+1 ->C

V032 RCL A

V033 1

V034 x=y?

V035 XEQ S001

V036 XEQ Q001

V037 GTO V029

V038 SF 10

V039 1(Key Alphabet

V040 PSE

V041 CF 10

V042 INPUT A

V043 INPUT C

V044 INPUT K

V045 RCL A

V046 1

V047 x=y?

V048 XEQ S005

V049 RMDR(((C-1)-(K-1)),26) -> C

V050 XEQ Q001

V051 GTO V043

CALCULATED ENCRYPTION

V052 SF 10

V053 VAR BEAUFORT

V054 PSE

V055 1)ENCRYPT

V056 PSE

V057 2)DECRYPT

V058 PSE

V059 CF 10

V060 INPUT M

V061 2

V062 $x=y?$

V063 GTO V078

V064 SF 10

V065 1)KEY ALPHABET

V066 PSE

V067 CF 10

V068 INPUT A

V069 INPUT P

V070 INPUT K

V071 $\text{RMDR}(((P-1)-(K-1)).26)+1 \rightarrow C$

V072 RCL A

CALCULATED ENCRYPTION

V073 1

V074 $x=y?$

V075 XEQ S001

V076 XEQ Q001

V077 GTO V069

V078 SF 10

V079 1)KEY ALPHABET

V080 PSE

V081 CF 10

V082 INPUT A

V083 INPUT C

V084 INPUT K

V085 RCL A

V086 1

V087 $x=y?$

V087 GTO S005

V089 $\text{RMDR}(((C-1)+(K-1)),26) +1 \rightarrow C$

V090 XEQ Q001

V091 GTO V083

Checksum, length:6D5F, 520

LBL Q

Returns text where $a = 1 \dots z = 26$

RPN Mode

Q001 LBL Q

Q002 SF 10'(set flag 10)

Q003 1

Q004 RCL C

Q005 X = Y? 'C=1? Then text = A

Q006 A (On calculator press <EQN> then

RCL A, ENTER)

Q007 2

Q008 RCL C

Q009 X=Y?

Q010 B

Q011 3

Q012 RCL C

Q013 X=Y?

Q014 C

Q015 4

Q016 RCL C

CALCULATED ENCRYPTION

Q017 X=Y?

Q018 D

Q019 5

Q020 RCL C

Q021 X=Y?

Q022 E

Q023 6

Q024 RCL C

Q025 X=Y?

Q026 F

Q027 7

Q028 RCL C

Q029 X=Y?

Q030 G

Q031 8

Q032 RCL C

Q033 X=Y?

Q034 H

Q035 9

Q036 RCL C

Q037 X=Y?

CALCULATED ENCRYPTION

Q038 I

Q039 10

Q040 RCL C

Q041 X=Y?

Q042 J

Q043 11

Q044 RCL C

Q045 X=Y?

Q046 K

Q047 12

Q048 RCL C

Q049 X=Y?

Q050 L

Q051 13

Q052 RCL C

Q053 X=Y?

Q054 M

Q055 14

Q056 RCL C

Q057 X=Y?

Q058 N

CALCULATED ENCRYPTION

Q059 15

Q060 RCL C

Q061 X=Y?

Q062 0

Q063 16

Q064 RCL C

Q065 X=Y?

Q066 P

Q067 17

Q068 RCL C

Q069 X=Y?

Q070 Q

Q071 18

Q072 RCL C

Q073 X=Y?

Q074 R

Q075 19

Q076 RCL C

Q077 X=Y?

Q078 S

Q079 20

CALCULATED ENCRYPTION

Q080 RCL C

Q081 X=Y?

Q082 T

Q083 21

Q084 RCL C

Q085 X=Y?

Q086 U

Q087 22

Q088 RCL C

Q089 X=Y?

Q090 V

Q091 23

Q092 RCL C

Q093 X=Y?

Q094 W

Q095 24

Q096 RCL C

Q097 X=Y?

Q098 X

Q099 25

Q100 RCL C

CALCULATED ENCRYPTION

Q101 X=Y?

Q102 Y

Q103 26

Q104 RCL C

Q105 X= Y?

Q106 Z

Q107 CF 10 Clear flag 10

RTN

Checksum, length: DI84, 393

Random/Keyed alphabet

This program lets user input a random or keyed alphabet.

A keyed alphabet scrambles the alphabet using a key word, such as NUMBERS:

N U M B E R S A B C D F G H I J K L O P Q T V W
X Y Z

Note: (I) refers to an Indirect Address variable, which *must* be entered by pressing RCL (I), not 'I' in parenthesis

A001 LBL A
A002 26 -> (I)
A003 1.026 -> I
A004 INPUT A
A005 STO (I)
A006 ISG I
A007 GTO A004
A008 1.026 -> I
A009 IP(I) -> A
A010 VIEW A

CALCULATED ENCRYPTION

A011 (I)-> C

A012 XEQ Q001

A013 ISG I

A014 GTO A009

A015 RTN

Checksum, length:F7B7, 77

.

Random/Keyed Alphabet Program

Uses the alphabet entered in the previous program.

S001 LBL S

S002 C -> I

S003 (I) -> C

S004 RTN

S005 1.026 -> I

S006 RCL (I)

S007 RCL C

S008 x=y?

S009 GTO S012

S010 ISG I

S011 GTO S006

S012 IP(D)-> C

S013 RTN

Checksum, length:3643, 61s

About the Author

John Livingstone is a photographer/musician living in Franca, São Paulo, Brazil, with his wife Solange.

Visit his website at

<http://www.jclivingstone.com/>.