

**PPC**

**M C E P R O M S E T**



## CONTENTS

CONTENTS . . . . .	1	
INTRODUCTION . . . . .	11	
INSTRUCTIONS . . . . .	1	
FUNCTION or SUBROUTINE	DESCRIPTION	LISTING
BURNL . . . . .	1 . . . . .	6
BURNU . . . . .	2 . . . . .	7
GETEP . . . . .	2 . . . . .	19
RDM>REG . . . . .	3 . . . . .	17
REG>ROM . . . . .	3 . . . . .	12
READROM . . . . .	3 . . . . .	11
WRTROM . . . . .	4 . . . . .	14
RCOPY . . . . .	5 . . . . .	10
PCAT . . . . .	5 . . . . .	24
KASN . . . . .	5 . . . . .	22
LASTREG . . . . .	- . . . . .	18
INIT MC000506A . . . . .	- . . . . .	25
ILDATA . . . . .	- . . . . .	27
DISPNAME . . . . .	- . . . . .	28
ADR2DIS . . . . .	- . . . . .	28
BCDBIN . . . . .	- . . . . .	29
BCDBIN X . . . . .	- . . . . .	29
BCDBIN XF . . . . .	- . . . . .	29
BINBCD . . . . .	- . . . . .	30
FINDID . . . . .	- . . . . .	31
ERRMSG . . . . .	- . . . . .	32
PILTST . . . . .	- . . . . .	32
ERRHLT . . . . .	- . . . . .	33

MC EPROM SET  
for use with  
Mountain Computer MC00506A EPROM Programmer

- 1). This software package allows HP-41 formatted EPROMs to be programmed using the Mountain Computer MC00506A EPROM Programmer. The ROM to be programmed must reside in the ROM address space of the HP-41. This can be a ROM module, another EPROM set (using an EPROM box), or a 4k block of RAM (in an ML01 type of device).
- 2). The EPROM set and its source code was placed in the public domain July 9, 1983 by Paul Lind, and may be copied, distributed, or modified in any way you see fit.
- 3). This software package is not an official product of Mountain Computer, Inc., and must be considered NOMAS (Not Manufacturer Supported).
- 4]. Copies of this EPROM set are available through PPC. Cost for manual and EPROM set is \$20.00.\* (1-2716, 1-2732). Order From:

PPC - POB 9599  
Fountain Valley, CA 92728-9599  
USA

\*USA Price. Add shipping and 6% sales tax if shipped to a California address. Shipping weight is 6 oz.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR MOUNTAIN COMPUTER EPROM SET

### **\*\*\* EPROM FUNCTIONS \*\*\***

#### **BACKGROUND ON HP-41 EPROMS**

The HP-41 ROM space uses a 10 bit word size. To store these ROM words in standard EPROMs (byte-wide), it was decided to use separate EPROMs for the lower eight bits and the upper two bits. Each byte of the L8 EPROM contains the lower eight bits for one of the 10 bit ROM words. However, to conserve space, each byte of the U2 EPROM contains the upper two bits for FOUR consecutive 10 bit ROM words. Therefore, burning a 4k HP-41 ROM block requires 4k of L8 EPROM space, but only 1k of U2 EPROM space.

Since a 2716 (the minimum size U2 EPROM) is 2k long, there is room for the U2 information from two separate HP-41 4k blocks. If a 2732 is used as the U2 EPROM, there is room for the U2 information from four separate HP-41 ROM blocks. So that the user does not have to remember EPROM addresses, the programs that burn or read EPROMs ask for a section number. For example, a section number of 0 specifies that the lowest 1k area in a U2 EPROM. L8 EPROMs also use section numbers, since a 2764 may store the L8 information from two separate 4k blocks.

#### **BURNL**

**FUNCTION:** Program an L8 EPROM from an existing 4k HP-41 ROM block, using the MC00506 EPROM Programmer. The first MC00506 found on the loop starting with the primary device is used. The program may be terminated by pressing the "ON" key.

**INPUT:** Y REG - The section number to burn (0 - 1).  
X REG - The ROM block to burn from (0 - 15).

**OUTPUT:** NONE

<b>ERRORS:</b>	<b>DATA ERRDR</b>	Block number > 15 or section number > 1.
	<b>ALPHA DATA</b>	Block number or section number is type ALPHA rather than NUMERIC.
	<b>NO HPII</b>	HPII module is not plugged in.
	<b>NO MC00506A</b>	EPROM Programmer not on loop or loop in MANIO and MC00506A not the primary device.
	<b>ERASE ERR</b>	Specified section of EPROM not erased.
	<b>BURN ERR</b>	Byte not programmed successfully.
	<b>LOW BAT ERR</b>	The HP-41 battery voltage dropped too low to continue reliable operation.
	<b>TRANSMIT ERR</b>	Loop not operating correctly.

**BURNU**

**FUNCTION:** Program a U2 EPROM from an existing 4k HP-41 ROM block, using the MC00506A EPROM Programmer. The first MC00506A found on the loop starting with the primary device is used. The program may be terminated by pressing the "ON" key.

**INPUT:** Y REG - The section number to burn (0 - 3).  
X REG - The ROM block to burn from (0 - 15).

**OUTPUT:** NONE

<b>ERRORS:</b>	<b>DATA ERROR</b>	Block number > 15 or section number > 3.
	<b>ALPHA DATA</b>	Block number or section number is type ALPHA rather than NUMERIC.
	<b>NO HPIL</b>	HPIL module is not plugged in.
	<b>NO MC00506A</b>	EPROM Programmer not on loop or loop in MANIO and MC00506A not the primary device.
	<b>ERASE ERR</b>	Specified section of EPROM not erased.
	<b>BURN ERR</b>	Byte not programmed successfully.
	<b>LOW BAT ERR</b>	The HP-41 battery voltage dropped too low to continue reliable operation.
	<b>TRANSMIT ERR</b>	Loop not operating correctly.

**GETEP**

**FUNCTION:** Reads the contents of an L8 and a U2 EPROM into a 4k block of RAM. The EPROMs are read from the first MC00506A on the loop starting with the primary device. The user is first prompted to "RDY L8 EPROM". When the EPROM (and its personality module) are ready, any key may be pressed to start the read. The "ON" key may be pressed instead to halt the program at this point. When the L8 EPROM has been read, the user will be prompted with "RDY U2 EPROM". When the U2 EPROM is ready, press any key to start the read. As before, the "ON" key will stop the program.

**INPUT:** Z REG - The section number to read of the L8 EPROM (0 - 1).  
Y REG - The section number to read of the U2 EPROM (0 - 3).  
X REG - The block number to read into (0 - 15).

**OUTPUT:** NONE

<b>ERRORS:</b>	<b>DATA ERROR</b>	Block number (X) > 15 or L8 section number (Z) > 1 or U2 section number (Y) > 3.
	<b>ALPHA DATA</b>	Block number or section number is type ALPHA rather than NUMERIC.

NO HPIL	HPIL module is not plugged in.
NO MC00506A	EPROM Programmer not on loop or loop in MANIO and MC00506A not the primary device.
TRANSMIT ERR	Loop not operating correctly.

### \*\*\* MASS STORAGE FUNCTIONS \*\*\*

#### BACKGROUND ON HP-41 ROM STORAGE

The programs "ROM>REG" and "REG>ROM" were developed and published in the PPC Calculator Journal (V9N3P40) to facilitate the transfer of ROM programs between HP-41 users. They allow ROM words to be transferred to and from the data registers of the HP-41, so that any mass storage device may be used to permanently store them.

Since HP-41 object code is not position independent, the programs use a header code that allows ROM words to be easily loaded back at the address from which they were saved. This allows HP-41 assembly language programmers to exchange single routines on magnetic cards, for instance.

The most common use of ROM>REG and REG>ROM is to save an entire 4k block on cassette tape. Because 4k of ROM code will not fit into the HP-41 data registers all at once, the 4k block has to be 'ROM>REGed' in several smaller pieces, which are each written to tape as DATA files.

Since this process is rather slow, and requires the use of almost all the HP-41 memory as a temporary buffer, this EPROM set includes two new routines: READROM and WRTROM. These routines read and write directly from an MLDL type device to the HPIL mass storage devices, and do not use any memory within the HP-41. They are fully compatible with the 'ROM>REG' standard, however. They store a ROM in four separate 1k blocks within an 824 register DATA file.

ROM>REG
REG>ROM

See the original ROM>REG article in PPC Calculator Journal V9N3P40.

READROM
---------

**FUNCTION:** Load a 'ROM>REG' format ROM image file from an HP-IL mass storage device into a block of MLDL RAM. If the loop is in AUTOIO mode, all mass storage devices on the loop will be searched (starting with the primary device) to find the file. If the loop is in MANIO, only the current primary device will be used. The specified block is not checked to make sure that it is really RAM -- this is up to the user.

**INPUT:** X REG - The block number (0 - 15) to load into.  
ALPHA - Filename of the ROM image file.

OUTPUT: NONE

ERRORS: DATA ERROR	Block number > 15.
ALPHA DATA	Block number is type ALPHA rather than NUMERIC.
NO HPIL	HPIL module is not plugged in.
NO DRIVE	An HPIL mass storage device is not on the loop.
NO MEDM	Medium is not installed properly.
MEDM ERR	Medium improperly installed, worn out, or damaged.
DRIVE ERR	Medium stalled or bad drive.
NAME ERR	ALPHA register is empty.
FL NOT FOUND	Named file is not on the medium.
FL TYPE ERR	Specified file is not a DATA file.
FORMAT ERR	The specified file is not in the 'RDM>REG' format or is not exactly 824 registers long.
TRANSMIT ERR	Loop not operating correctly.

**[WRTRDM]**

FUNCTION: Store the contents of an HP-41 4k RDM block to a mass storage file in the 'RDM>REG' format. If the named file exists and is of the correct type and length, it is overwritten with the new RDM image (unless the file is SECURED). If the file does not exist, it is automatically created.

INPUT: X REG - The block number (0 - 15) to write.  
ALPHA - The filename of the new file.

OUTPUT: NONE

ERRORS: DATA ERROR	Block number > 15.
ALPHA DATA	Block number is type ALPHA rather than NUMERIC.
NO HPIL	HPIL module is not plugged in.
NO DRIVE	An HPIL mass storage device is not on the loop.
NO MEDM	Medium is not installed properly.
MEDM ERR	Medium improperly installed, worn out, or damaged.
DRIVE ERR	Medium stalled or bad drive.
NAME ERR	ALPHA register is empty.
DUP FL NAME	The specified file already exists on the medium, but is not an 824 register DATA file (which would be overwritten).
FL SECURED	A file of the specified name and of the correct size and type exists on the medium, but cannot be overwritten because it is secured.
DIR FULL	The file cannot be created because the directory is full.
MEDM FULL	The file cannot be created because the medium does not have enough storage space left.

TRANSMIT ERR Loop not operating correctly.

**\*\*\* OTHER FUNCTIONS \*\*\***

**RCOPY**

FUNCTION: Copy any 4k ROM into a block of RAM. The destination block is not checked to assure that it is really RAM, this is up to the user.

INPUT: Y REG - The block number (0 - 15) of the source ROM.

X REG - The block number (0 - 15) of the destination ROM (RAM).

OUTPUT: NONE

ERRORS: DATA ERROR Either block number (X or Y) > 15.

ALPHA DATA Either block number (X or Y) ALPHA DATA.

**PCAT**

FUNCTION: Displays a CAT 2 listing starting with a particular port number. Numbers 1 through 4 start the CAT listing with that port (ROM addresses 8000, A000, C000, and E000, respectively) and continue through all modules in higher numbered ports. Numbers 5, 6, or 7 start the Catalog at ROM addresses 5000, 6000, or 7000 which correspond to the addresses of the Timer, Printer, and HPIL modules.

INPUT: Single digit 1-7 at prompt.

OUTPUT: NONE

ERRORS: NONE

**KASN**

FUNCTION: Makes 2 byte key assignments in a similar manner to "1K" of the PPC ROM. Differences are that an assignment will always overwrite any existing assignment to a key, and that if both assignment bytes are zero, the key will have any present key assignment cleared.

INPUT: Z REG - First byte of assignment (0-255)

Y REG - Second byte of assignment (0-255)

X REG - Keycode (Standard row/column)

OUTPUT: NONE

ERRORS: DATA ERROR Either assignment byte greater than 255 or invalid keycode.

PACKING, TRY AGAIN Not enough room to make assignment.

**PERSON LISTING**

```

Puget Sound Programming HP-41 Assembler: mcprom.a
00001 0000      start    equ      $A000
00002 A000          org      start
00003
00004 A000 00F      con      15      XROM #
00005 A001 00B      con      11      # of functions
00006
00007 A002 000      fat      romname
00008 A003 009
00009 A004 000      fat      burnl
0000A A005 00F
0000B A006 000      fat      burnu
0000C A007 0A6
0000D A008 002      fat      getep
0000E A009 0F6
0000F A00A 003      fat      kasm
00010 A00B 0B9
00011 A00C 004      fat      peat
00012 A00D 00C
00013 A00E 001      fat      rcopy
00014 A00F 051
00015 A010 001      fat      readrom
00016 A011 060
00017 A012 001      fat      regrom
00018 A013 0AF
00019 A014 002      fat      romreg
00020 A015 096
00021 A016 002      fat      wrtrrom
00022 A017 003
00023
00024 ****
00025 * ROM name *
00026 ****
00027 A090 080      con      $80
00028 A091 00F      con      $0F
00029 A092 012      con      $12
00030 A093 010      con      $10
00031 A094 005      con      $05
00032 A095 020      con      $20
00033 A096 003      con      $03
00034 A097 000      con      $00
00035 A098 020      con      $20      name: -MC EPROM
00036 A099 3E0      romname  rtn
00037
00038
00039
00040 ****
00041 * BURNL - Burn an LB EPROM image on the MC00506A *
00042 * - INPUT: X - The HP41 ROM block to burn (0-15) *
00043 * - Y - The 4k section of the LB to burn *
00044 * (used for upper/lower half of 2764) *
00045 ****
00046
00047 A09A 00C      con      $8C
00048 A09B 00E      con      $0E
00049 A09C 012      con      $12
00050 A09D 015      con      $15

```

```

00051 A09E 002           con   $02          name: BURNL
00052
00053 A09F 3C4           burnl  st=0
00054 A0A0 043           jnc   burnlu10
00055
00056
00057 ***** ****
00058 * BURNLU - Burn a U2 EPROM on the MC00506A *
00059 * - INPUTs X - The HP41 ROM block to burn (0-15) *
00060 * - Y - The 1k EPROM section to burn (0-4) *
00061 **** ****
00062
00063 A0A1 095           con   $95
00064 A0A2 00E           con   $0E
00065 A0A3 012           con   $12
00066 A0A4 015           con   $15
00067 A0A5 002           con   $02          Name: BURNU
00068
00069 A0A6 3C4           burnu  st=0
00070 A0A7 208           setf   2          clear flags
                                         indicates U2 burn
00071
00072 * Display function name, do PILTST, and find the MC00506
00073 A0A8 10E           acc   all          move entry address to A
00074 A0A9 36D           xqrel dispname  display name with ':'
00074 A0AA 0BC
00074 A0AB 0A0
00075 A0AC 36D           xqrel findmc  PIL test and MC00506 find
00075 A0AD 0BC
00075 A0AE 126
00076
00077 * Use the block number in X to make address and counter
00078 A0AF 36D           xqrel bcdbinXF  X -> bin, max value is 15
00078 A0B0 0BC
00078 A0B1 0E8
00079 A0B2 13C           rcr   8          left 6, make it an adr
00080 A0B3 266           c=c-1 s&x      $8X = FFF (ctr for L8)
00081 A0B4 20C           ?fset 2          doing U2 ?
00082 A0B5 01B           jnc   burnlu20  ..no, skip
00083 A0B6 130           ldi   #3FF       $8X = 3FF (ctr for U2)
00083 A0B7 3FF
00084 A0B8 070           burnlu20 n=c      save ctr/adr in N
00085
00086 * Use section number in Y to make start & end EPROM address
00087 A0B9 130           ldi   2          1 is max section # for L8
00087 A0BA 002
00088 A0BB 20C           ?fset 2          doing U2 ?
00089 A0BC 01B           jnc   burnlu30  ..no, skip
00090 A0BD 130           ldi   4          3 is max section # for U2
00090 A0BE 004
00091 A0BF 0E6           burnlu30 c()b s&x  max value to B
00092 A0C0 088           read  2          get the Y register
00093 A0C1 10E           a=c   all          put it in A
00094 A0C2 36D           xqrel bcdbin  convert to binary
00094 A0C3 0BC
00094 A0C4 0ED
00095
00096 A0C5 20C           ?fset 2          doing U2 ?
00097 A0C6 037           jc    burnlu40  ..yes, skip the L8 part
00098 A0C7 1BC           rcr   11          left 3 - adr is 0000 or 1000
00099 A0C8 158           m=c
00100 A0C9 266           c=c-1 s&x      start adr to M
00101 A0CA 10E           a=c   all          end adr (xFFFF)
00102 A0CB 04B           jnc   burnlu50  end adr to A
                                         skip past U2 stuff
00103

```

```

00104 A0CD 1E6 burnlu40 c=c+c $8x
00105 A0CD 1E6 c=c+c $8x
00106 A0CE 37C rcr 12
00107 A0CF 158 m=c
00108 A0D0 10E a=c all
00109 A0D1 130 ldi #3FF
00109 A0D2 3FF
00110 A0D3 146 a=a+c $8x end = start + 3FF
00111
00112 * Initialize the MC00506 - start adr in M, end adr in A
00113 * Does init, blank check, resets start adr
00114 A0D4 360 burnlu50 xqrel initmc
00114 A0D5 08C
00114 A0D6 037
00115
00116 * Do first fetch, then start burning loop
00117 A0D7 349 xqrel prefetch get 1st byte of ROM
00117 A0D8 08C
00117 A0D9 0EA
00118 A0DA 308 setf 1 indicate 2nd to Nth bytes
00119
00120
00121 ****
00122 * This is the main programming loop *
00123 ****
00124 A0DB 375 burnlu ?ncxq $7000 LAD to MC00506
00124 A0DC 1C0
00125 A0DD 0CE c=b all get the byte from B
00126 A0DE 099 ?ncxq $7126 send 1st DAB
00126 A0DF 1C4
00127
00128 * Source a GET to burn the byte
00129 A0E0 064 selp 4 IL reg 1
00130 A0E1 205 con $205 init R1 for CMD
00131 A0E2 0A4 selp 5 IL reg 2
00132 A0E3 021 con $021 source the GET (hex0B)
00133
00134 * Display the current address and increment it
00135 A0E4 36D xqrel adr2dis
00135 A0E5 08C
00135 A0E6 0AF
00136 A0E7 198 c=#
00137 A0E8 22E c=c+1 all
00138 A0E9 158 m=c
00139
00140 * Flag 2 determines L8 or U2
00141 A0EA 28C prefetch ?fset 2
00142 A0EB 04F JC u2fetch
00143
00144 * Fetch the next L8 ROM word
00145 A0EC 080 c=n get the adr/ctr
00146 A0ED 0E6 c()b s&k save ctr in B
00147 A0EE 330 fetch get the word
00148
00149 A0EF 0E6 c()b s&k ROM word to B, ctr to C
00150 A0F0 23A c=c+1 m incr address
00151 A0F1 070 m=c save adr & ctr in N
00152 A0F2 0A3 jne burn10 bypass u2fetch
00153
00154 A0F3 343 brnlujmp jne burnlu stepping stone
00155
00156

```

00157		* Fetch the next U2 ROM word		
00158	A0F4 0B0	u2fetch	c=n c>b s&x a=0 s&x r= 4	get adr to C save ctr in B clr bit ACC set loop ctr
00159	A0F5 0E6			
00160	A0F6 006			
00161	A0F7 05C			
00162				
00163	A0F8 330	u2fet10	fetch	get ROM word
00164	A0F9 23A		c=c+1 n	incr ROM adr
00165	A0FA 116		a=c x a	U2 bits to A
00166	A0FB 0RE		a>c all	
00167	A0FC 1E6		c=c+c s&x	
00168	A0FD 1E6		c=c+c s&x	push bits to upper end of s&x
00169	A0FE 3C6		rshfc s&x	put u2 bits in C d1,0
00170	A0FF 0AE		a>c all	
00171	A100 3D4		r=r-1	decr loop ctr
00172	A101 394		?r= 0	end of loop
00173	A102 3B3		jnc u2fet10	...no, loop
00174				
00175	A103 0C6		c=b s&x	ctr to C, with ROM adr
00176	A104 070		n=c	save ctr/adr
00177	A105 086		b=a s&x	save u2 byte in B
00178				
00179	A106 30C	burn10	?fset 1	F1 clear for initialization
00180	A107 3A0		?ncrtn	return if init call
00181				
00182				
00183		* error check the GET frame		
00184	A108 2F5		?ncxq \$70BD	
00185	A109 1C0			
00186				
00187	A10A 2C9		* TAD to MC00506	
00187	A10B 1C0		?ncxq \$70B2	TAD r5
00188				
00189		* Send the SST and get the DAB .		
00190	A10C 130		ldi \$061	
00190	A10D 061			
00191	A10E 009		?ncxq \$7136	
00191	A10F 1C4			
00192				
00193		* Do a TRANSMIT ERROR check		
00194	A110 39D		?ncxq \$77E7	
00194	A111 1DC			
00195				
00196		* The status byte was returned in digits 1 & 2 of A.		
00197	A112 386		rshfa s&x	status to A d0,1
00198	A113 0A6		a>c s&x	status to C
00199	A114 3D8		c>st	status into flags
00200	A115 38C		?fset 0	
00201	A116 0E7		jc burnerr	BAD BURN
00202	A117 160		?lowbat	
00203	A118 157		jc lowbaterr	LOW BATTERY HALT
00204	A119 3D8		c>st	put back the flags
00205	A11A 3C6		clrkey	
00206	A11B 3CC		?key	key down ?
00207	A11C 028		jnc loopctrl	..no, continue
00208	A11D 220		c=key	get the key
00209	A11E 01C		r= 3	pt to LS key digit
00210	A11F 1E2		c=c+c @r	gen carry if key was 'ON'
00211	A120 037		jc burnexit	quit if key was 'ON'
00212				
00213		* Looping control		
00214	A121 0B0	loopctrl	c=n	get adr, ctr
00215	A122 266		c=c-1 s&x	

00216	A123 01F	jc	burnexit	
00217	A124 070	nec		restore new ctr
00218	A125 273	jnc	brnlujmp	do another loop
00219				
00220	A126 3C1	burnexit	?ncxq \$20CF0	clear the display
00220	A127 0B0		?ncxq \$0952	deselect display & rtn
00221	A128 149		?ncxq \$70DD	LAD to MC00506
00221	A129 024			
00222	A12A 375			
00222	A12B 1C0			
00223	A12C 130	ldi	\$004	SDC - reset the MC00506
00223	A12D 004			
00224	A12E 2E9		?ncxq \$70BA	CMD frame
00224	A12F 1C0			
00225	A130 0D9		?nego \$7336	UNL, error check, & RTN
00225	A131 1CE			
00226				
00227				
00228		*	Bad Burn error message	
00229	A132 2CD	burnerr	?ncxq \$77B3	Put msg in dsp
00229	A133 1DC			
00230	A134 002		con \$02	
00231	A135 015		con \$15	
00232	A136 012		con \$12	
00233	A137 20E		con \$20E	msg: BURN
00234	A138 015	brnERRmsg	?ncxq \$7D05	Add ERR and do error
00234	A139 1F4			
00235				
00236		*	Erase Error msg	
00237	A13A 2CD	eraserr	?ncxq \$77B3	put msg in dsp
00237	A13B 1DC			
00238	A13C 005		con \$05	
00239	A13D 012		con \$12	
00240	A13E 001		con \$01	
00241	A13F 013		con \$13	
00242	A140 205		con \$205	msg: ERASE
00243	A141 38B		jnc brnERRmsg	
00244				
00245		*	Low battery error	
00246	A142 2CD	lowbaterr	?ncxq \$77B3	put msg in dsp
00246	A143 1DC			
00247	A144 00C		con \$0C	
00248	A145 00F		con \$0F	
00249	A146 017		con \$17	
00250	A147 020		con \$20	
00251	A148 002		con \$02	
00252	A149 001		con \$01	
00253	A14A 214		con \$214	msg: LOW BAT
00254	A14B 36B		jnc brnERRmsg	
00255				
00256		*	*****	*****
00257		*	*RCOPY - Function to copy 4k blocks.	*
00258		*	* - INPUT: Y - Source block.	*
00259		*	* - X - Destination block.	*
00260		*	* No error checking is done to insure that the destination	*
00261		*	* block is really RAM. This is up to the user.	*
00262		*	*****	*****
00263				
00264	A14C 099		con \$99	
00265	A14D 010		con \$10	
00266	A14E 00F		con \$0F	
00267	A14F 003		con \$03	
00268	A150 012		con \$12	name: RCOPY

```

00269
00270 A151 36D rcopy xqrel bcdbinXF X reg (dest #) range 0-15
00270 A152 08C
00270 A153 0EB
00271 A154 13C ror 8 left 6 to make adr
00272 A155 0FA c()b m put dest adr in B Mant
00273 A156 0B9 read 2 get src blk #
00274 A157 10E acc all
00275 A158 36D xqrel bcdbin convert to bin, range 0-15
00275 A159 08C
00275 A15A 0ED
00276 A15B 13C ror 8 left 6 to make adr
00277 A15C 00E a=0 all init the counter
00278 A15D 330 rcopy10 fetch get the src word
00279 A15E 23A c=c+1 m incr src adr
00280 A15F 0FA c()b m get dest adr
00281 A160 040 writr write the dest word
00282 A161 23A c=c+1 m incr dest adr
00283 A162 0FA c()b m src adr back to C
00284 A163 166 a=a+1 $8X incr ctr
00285 A164 3CB jnc rcopy10
00286 A165 3E0 rtn

00287
00288 ****
00289 * READROM - Read a ROM>REG format tape file into emulated RDM*
00290 * - INPUT: Filename in ALPHA *
00291 * Block number in X *
00292 * - OUTPUT: 4K block loaded to EROM *
00293 ****
00294
00295 A166 0BD con $BD
00296 A167 00F con $0F
00297 A168 012 con $12
00298 A169 004 con $04
00299 A16A 001 con $01
00300 A16B 005 con $05
00301 A16C 012 con $12 name: READROM
00302
00303 A16D 36D readrom xqrel piltst test for existence of PIL
00303 A16E 08C
00303 A16F 176
00304 A170 36D xqrel bcdbinXF X reg (blk #) in range 0-15
00304 A171 08C
00304 A172 0EB
00305 A173 2BB read 10 status scratch
00306 A174 0A6 a()c $8X put in block number
00307 A175 2AB writ 10 save block # in Status 10
00308
00309 A176 021 ?ncxq $7808 get file params from DIR
00309 A177 1E0
00310 A178 130 ldi 824 exp. file size
00310 A179 338
00311 A17A 106 a=c $8X
00312 A17B 0B0 c=n get file params
00313 A17C 366 ?a=0 $8X is filesize () 824 regs
00314 A17D 05B jnc rdrom20 ..ok, continue
00315
00316 A17E 2CD fmterr ?ncxq $77B3 put msg in display
00316 A17F 1DC
00317 A180 006 con $06
00318 A181 00F con $0F
00319 A182 012 con $12
00320 A183 00D con $0D
00321 A184 001 con $01

```

00322	A185 214		con \$214	msg: FORMAT
00323	A186 015		?nexq \$7D05	Add ERR and do error
00323	A187 1F4			
00324				
00325				
00326	A188 1DD	rdrom20	?nexq \$7F77	Seek the file
00326	A189 1FC		?nexq \$70E6	Send buffer 0 and SDA
00327	A18A 399			
00327	A18B 1C0			
00328	A18C 0E0		s1ctq	
00329	A18D 05C		r= 4	loop counter
00330	A18E 104		clrf 8	indicate reg fetch from PIL
00331				
00332	A18F 0A0	rdrom30	s1ctp	
00333	A190 0F9		?nexq \$763E	get the header reg
00333	A191 1DB			header to N
00334	A192 070		mfc	left 3
00335	A193 1BC		rer 11	retransmit the last DAB
00336	A194 280		j1w 2	header count must be 3FF
00337	A195 130		ldi \$3FF	
00337	A196 3FF			
00338	A197 366		?a=M	count < 3FF ?
00339	A198 337		jc fmterr	...yes, format error
00340	A199 1BE		a=a-1 ms	
00341	A19A 1BE		a=a-1 ms	check MS = 1 ?
00342	A19B 31B		jnc fmterr	
00343	A19C 288		read 10	get status 10, block # in bin.
00344	A19D 05A		c=0 m	
00345	A19E 158		m=c	block # in M
00346	A19F 349		kqrel regrom10	1024 bytes to EROM
00346	A1A0 08C			
00346	A1A1 1BD			
00347	A1A2 0E0		s1ctq	
00348	A1A3 3D4		r=r-1	decr loop ctr
00349	A1A4 394		?r= 0	end of loop ?
00350	A1A5 353		jnc rdrom30	...no, continue
00351				
00352	A1A6 2B1		?ncco \$70AC	UNT and rtn
00352	A1A7 1C2			
00353				
00354				
00355				*****
00356				*REG) ROM
00357				*****
00358				
00359	A1A8 08D		con \$8D	
00360	A1A9 00F		con \$0F	
00361	A1AA 012		con \$12	
00362	A1AB 03E		con \$3E	
00363	A1AC 007		con \$07	
00364	A1AD 005		con \$05	
00365	A1AE 012		con \$12	name: REG) ROM
00366				
00367	A1AF 0BB	regrom	read 2	get the start adr from Y
00368	A1B0 158		mfc	save in M
00369	A1B1 0FB		read 3	get start reg #
00370	A1B2 38D		?nexq \$02E3	convert to binary
00370	A1B3 008			
00371	A1B4 106		acc s&k	move reg # to A
00372	A1B5 378		read 13	
00373	A1B6 03C		rer 3	move curtain to s&k
00374	A1B7 206		c=c+a s&k	compute reg adr
00375	A1B8 270		ramslct	
00376	A1B9 0E6		c()b s&k	save reg adr in B
00377	A1BA 038		read 0	get the header

00378	A1BB 070	nmc	save in N
00379	A1BC 108	setf 8	indicate REG>ROM
00380			
00381		* Entry point for READROM	
00382	A1BD 080	regrom10 c=n	get header from N
00383	A1BE 03C	rcr 3	AAAA to LS 4 digits
00384	A1BF 10E	a=c all	move to A
00385	A1C0 198	c=n	get the start adr
00386	A1C1 33C	rcr 1	split start adr across MS,S&X
00387	A1C2 05A	c=0 m	clear rest of digits
00388	A1C3 2E6	?c#0 s&x	test upper 3 digits
00389	A1C4 047	Jc regrom20	> 000F - abs address
00390	A1C5 0FC	rcr 10	(= ? , move 4 left)
00391	A1C6 0A6	a()c s&x	move lower 3 of AAAA to C
00392	A1C7 01C	r= 3	pt to MS address digit
00393	A1C8 2E2	?c#0 0r	test that digit
00394	A1C9 027	Jc regrom30	if () 0, it's 4k blk adr
00395	A1CA 0A2	a()c 0r	else same 4k blk as before
00396	A1CB 013	jnc regrom30	unconditional
00397	A1CC 2FC	rcr 13	left 3
00398	A1CD 18C	rcr 11	save current ROM adr in M
00399	A1CE 158	m=c	and in A
00400	A1CF 10E	a=c all	get the header again
00401	A1D0 0B0	c=n	clr upper digits, NNN in s&x
00402	A1D1 05A	c=0 m	left 3 to adr field in Mant
00403	A1D2 18C	rcr 11	add NNN to strt to get final
00404	A1D3 15A	a=a+c m	final ROM adr in B Mantissa
00405	A1D4 09A	b=a m	
00406			
00407			
00408			
00409		* Main loop for REG>ROM	
00410	A1D5 10C	regrom40 ?fset 8	src from regs or IL ?
00411	A1D6 037	Jc regrom50	get src from Regs
00412			
00413		* Fetch register from HP11 (Cassette)	
00414	A1D7 0F9	?mcxq \$763E	fetch next tape register
00414	A1D8 1D8		
00415	A1D9 1BC	rcr 11	left 3
00416	A1DA 280	ilw 2	retransmit last DAB
00417	A1DB 03B	jnc regrom60	continue...
00418			
00419		* Fetch from data registers	
00420	A1DC 0C6	regrom50 c=c s&x	get old reg adr
00421	A1DD 225	c=c+1 s&x	incr to current reg
00422	A1DE 270	ramslct	slct the reg
00423	A1DF 0E6	c()b s&x	save the new reg adr
00424	A1E0 038	read 0	get the register
00425	A1E1 10E	a=c all	move register to A
00426			
00427		* Resume common processing with register in A	
00428	A1E2 198	regrom60 c=n	get current ROM adr
00429	A1E3 0AE	a()c all	ROM adr to A, register to C
00430	A1E4 2FC	rcr 13	
00431	A1E5 1EE	c=c+c all	
00432	A1E6 1EE	c=c+c all	left justify bits in C
00433	A1E7 09C	r= 5	set the inner loop counter
00434			
00435	A1E8 37C	regrom70 rcr 12	rotate C left 8 bits
00436	A1E9 056	c=0 xs	clear upper bits of Word
00437	A1EA 1EE	c=c+c all	
00438	A1EB 013	jnc *+02	
00439	A1EC 22E	c=c+1 all	
00440	A1ED 1EE	c=c+c all	
00441	A1EE 013	jnc *+02	rotate C left 2 more bits

00442	A1EF 22E	c=c+1	all	end with ROM word in s&x	
00443	A1F0 106	a=c	s&x	move ROM word to A	
00444	A1F1 0AE	a(c	all	string to A, Adr-word to C	
00445	A1F2 040	writr		write to ROM	
00446	A1F3 0AE	a(c	all	adr-word to A, string to C	
00447	A1F4 33A	?a(b	m	current adr ( final adr	
00448	A1F5 3A0	?ncrtn		..no, stop	
00449	A1F6 17A	a=a+1	m	incr the address	
00450	A1F7 3D4	r=r-1		decr ctr	
00451	A1F8 394	?r=	0	end of inner loop?	
00452	A1F9 37B	jnc	regrom70	..no, continue inner loop	
00453					
00454	A1FA 0AE	a(c	all	ROM adr to C	
00455	A1FB 158	m=c		ROM adr to M	
00456	A1FC 20B	jnc	regrom40	MAIN Loop	
00457					
00458		*****WRTRDM - Copy a ROM image (in ROM)REG format) to a tape file*****			
00459		*	- The file is created if necessary.	*	
00460		*	- INPUT: Filename in ALPHA	*	
00461		*	Block number to save in X	*	
00462		*	- OUTPUT: Block saved	*	
00463					
00464					
00465					
00466	A1FD 0BD	con	\$BD		
00467	A1FE 00F	con	\$0F		
00468	A1FF 012	con	\$12		
00469	A200 014	con	\$14		
00470	A201 012	con	\$12		
00471	A202 017	con	\$17	name: WRTRDM	
00472					
00473	A203 360	wrtrom	xqrel	piltst	test for HPIL existence
00473	A204 08C				
00473	A205 176				
00474	A206 360		xqrel	bcdbinXF	test X reg for range 0-15
00474	A207 08C				
00474	A208 0E8				
00475					
00476		* Check for named file existent			
00477	A209 05E	c=0	ms		
00478	A20A 02D	?ncxq	\$780B	ck any type, same name	
00478	A20B 1E0				
00479	A20C 198	c=m		M = 0 if no file	
00480	A20D 2EE	?c#0	all	did file exist ?	
00481	A20E 08B	jnc	newfile	..no, create it	
00482					
00483		* Named file exists: must be DATA, B24 Regs, Unsecured			
00484	A20F 0B0	c=n		get the file pointer	
00485	A210 10E	a=c	all	FP to A	
00486	A211 130	ldi	\$D		
00486	A212 00D				
00487	A213 33C	rcr	1		
00488	A214 37E	?a#c	ms	is the file DATA, type D	
00489	A215 01B	jnc	wrtromi0	..yes, continue	
00490	A216 249	duperr	?ncgo	DUP FL NAME error	
00490	A217 1DA				
00491	A218 130	wrtromi0	ldi	B24	
00491	A219 338				
00492	A21A 366	?a#c	s&x	size = B24 regs ?	
00493	A21B 3DF	jc	duperr	..no, DUP FL NAME	
00494	A21C 031	?ncxq	\$7D0C	test secured	
00494	A21D 1F4				

00495	A21E 06B	jnc	wrtrom30	file OK, use it
00496				
00497		* Create a new file - type DATA, 824 regs, 26 records		
00498	A21F 04E	newfile	c=0 all	ready to make new file ptr
00499	A220 130		ldi \$D0	type and status
00499	A221 000			
00500	A222 23C	rcr	2	
00501	A223 130	ldi	824	# of regs
00501	A224 338			
00502	A225 07C	rcr	4	
00503	A226 130	ldi	26	# of records
00503	A227 01A			
00504	A228 07C	rer	4	
00505	A229 2F1	?nexq	\$76BC	make the file
00505	A22A 1D8			
00506				
00507		* File pointer is in N, get ready to write the file		
00508	A22B 1C9	wrtrom30	?nexq \$7F72	seek to file, set BP = 0
00509	A22C 1FC			
00509	A22D 130	ldi	\$A2	DDL 2 - WRITE mode
00509	A22E 0A2			
00510	A22F 2E9	?nexq	\$70BA	CMD
00510	A230 1C0			
00511	A231 369	?nexq	\$70DA	DDL 0 - Write buffer 0
00511	A232 1C0			
00512	A233 39D	?nexq	\$77E7	error check
00512	A234 1DC			
00513	A235 064	selp	4	
00514	A236 005	con	\$005	set r1 for DAB
00515				
00516				
00517				
00518		* Make first header register		
00519	A237 36D	xqrel	bcdbinXF	X reg (blk #) to binary (0-15)
00519	A238 08C			
00519	A239 0E8			
00520	A23A 33C	rcr	1	block # to ms
00521	A23B 05A	c=0	m	
00522	A23C 130	ldi	206	# of regs in file
00522	A23D 0CE			
00523	A23E 2BD	rer	7	
00524	A23F 130	ldi	\$3FF	byte count
00524	A240 3FF			
00525	A241 2DC	rm	13	
00526	A242 0D0	lddr	3	loop ctr in MS of header
00527				
00528	A243 158	wrtrom50	mc	save new header in M
00529	A244 05E	c=0	ms	
00530	A245 23E	c=c+1	ms	type header as ALPHA
00531	A246 33D	?nexq	\$75CF	send the register
00531	A247 1D4			
00532	A248 39D	?nexq	\$77E7	error check
00532	A249 1DC			
00533	A24A 198	c=m		get the header back
00534	A24B 00E	a=0	all	
00535	A24C 106	a=c	s&k	copy the 3FF to A
00536	A24D 07C	rcr	4	
00537	A24E 05A	c=0	m	clear header except at adr
00538	A24F 2FC	rer	13	adr in C d3-0
00539	A250 14E	a=a+c	all	end adr in A
00540	A251 3EE	lshfa	all	
00541	A252 3EE	lshfa	all	
00542	A253 3EE	lshfa	all	
00543	A254 1BC	rer	11	end adr to d6-3 of A
00544	A255 0EE	c(b	all	st adr to d6-3 of C
				st adr to B

00545	A256 108	setf 8	
00546	A257 349	xqrel rmrgguts	ROM) REG the 1k block
00548	A258 08C		
00546	A259 268		
00547	A25A 198	c=m	get the header
00548	A25B 09C	r=c 5	pt to A2 digit (of A3-0)
00549	A25C 222	c=c+1 0r	
00550	A25D 222	c=c+1 0r	
00551	A25E 222	c=c+1 0r	
00552	A25F 222	c=c+1 0r	
00553	A260 27E	c=c-1 ms	add \$400 to start adr
00554	A261 313	jnc wrtrom50	decrement loop ctr
00555			next 1k block
00556		*	Close the record and clean up
00557	A262 130	ldi \$A8	DDL B
00557	A263 0A8		
00558	A264 2E9	?mcxq \$70BA	CMD
00558	A265 1C0		
00559	A266 2BD	?mego \$70AF	UNL
00559	A267 1C2		
00560			
00561			
00562		*	This is the guts of ROM)REG and WRTROM
00563			
00564	A268 06E	rmrgguts a()b all	
00565	A269 09C	r=c 5	
00566	A26A 0AE	rmrg10 a0c all	adr to C, str to A
00567	A26B 3EE	lshfa all	
00568	A26C 3EE	lshfa all	
00569	A26D 330	fetch	A 2 digits left
00570	A26E 106	a=c s&x	ROM word to A
00571	A26F 0AE	a()c all	str to C, adr to A
00572	A270 1E6	c=c+c s&x	
00573	A271 1E6	c=c+c s&x	
00574	A272 1EE	c=c+c all	push word against end of str
00575	A273 1EE	c=c+c all	
00576	A274 17A	a=a+1 m	shift str to even digit
00577	A275 3D4	r=r-1	incr adr
00578	A276 394	?r= 0	end of loop ?
00579	A277 398	jnc rmrg10	..no, continue looping
00580	A278 3CE	rshfc all	right justify str in C
00581	A279 23E	c=c+1 ms	type as ALPHA
00582	A27A 10C	?fset 8	ROM)REG or WRTROM ?
00583	A27B 03F	jc rmrg20	..do WRTROM
00584			
00585	A27C 108	c()m	str to M/reg adr to C
00586	A27D 226	c=c+1 s&x	incr reg adr
00587	A27E 270	ramslct	
00588	A27F 1D8	c()m	str to C/reg adr to M
00589	A280 2F0	writd	write the register
00590	A281 053	jnc rmrg30	skip past WRTROM section
00591			
00592	A282 0AE	rmrg20 a()c all	str to A, adr to C
00593	A283 070	n=c	save adr in N
00594	A284 0AE	a()c all	str to C
00595	A285 33D	?mcxq \$75CF	send to PIL
00595	A286 1D4		
00596	A287 39D	?mcxq \$77E7	error check
00596	A288 1DC		
00597	A289 0B0	c=n	get adr back
00598	A28A 10E	a=c all	adr to A
00599			
00600	A28B 06E	rmrg30 a()b all	swap start/end adr
00601	A28C 33A	?a/b m	EEEE < BBBB ?
00602	A28D 2DB	jnc rmrgguts	

```

00603 A28E 3E0      rtn
00604
00605
00606
00607 ****
00608 * ROM) REG - Pack ROM words into HP-41 registers. *
00609 * - INPUT: X - Starting register number. *
00610 * - Y - Binary start/end ROM addr (BBBBEEEE). *
00611 * - OUTPUT: L - The number of the last register used. *
00612 * See PPCCJ V9N3P41 for source code comments. *
00613 ****
00614
00615 A28F 087      con   $87
00616 A290 005      con   $05
00617 A291 012      con   $12
00618 A292 03E      con   $3E
00619 A293 00D      con   $0D
00620 A294 00F      con   $0F
00621 A295 012      con   $12          name: ROM) REG
00622
00623 A296 349      romreg  xqrel  lastreg
00623 A297 0BC
00623 A298 2DD
00624 A299 046      c=0   s&x
00625 A29A 270      ramselect
00626 A29B 0F8      read   3
00627 A29C 38D      ?nckq  $02E3
00627 A29D 008
00628 A29E 106      a=c   s&x
00629 A29F 378      read   13
00630 A2A0 03C      rer    3
00631 A2A1 206      c=c+a  s&x
00632 A2A2 158      m=c
00633 A2A3 106      a=c   s&x
00634 A2A4 056      a()b  s&x
00635 A2A5 246      c=a-c  s&x
00636 A2A6 106      a=c   s&x
00637 A2A7 1E6      c=c+c  s&x
00638 A2A8 1E6      c=c+c  s&x
00639 A2A9 146      a=a+c  s&x
00640 A2AA 086      b=a   s&x
00641 A2AB 098      read   2
00642 A2AC 00E      a=0   all
00643 A2AD 01C      r=   3
00644 A2AE 10A      a=c   r(-
00645 A2AF 0BC      rer    5
00646 A2B0 05A      c=0   m
00647 A2B1 2FD      rer   13
00648 A2B2 070      n=c
00649 A2B3 24A      c=a-c  r(-
00650 A2B4 3EE      lshfa all
00651 A2B5 3EE      lshfa all
00652 A2B6 3EE      lshfa all
00653 A2B7 106      a=c   s&x
00654 A2B8 066      a()b  s&x
00655 A2B9 326      ?a(b  s&x
00656 A2BA 381      ?cgo  $02E0          NONEXISTENT
00656 A2BB 008
00657 A2BC 198      c=m
00658 A2BD 106      a=c   s&x
00659 A2BE 0B0      c=n
00660 A2BF 1BC      rer   11
00661 A2C0 0FA      a()b  m
00662 A2C1 0CE      c=b   all

```

```

00663 A2C2 2BC      rcr    7
00664 A2C3 0A6      a()c   s&x
00665 A2C4 070      npc
00666
00667 A2C5 104      clrf   8
00668 A2C6 349      xqrel  rmrgguts
00669 A2C7 08C
00668 A2C8 268
00669
00670 A2C9 198      cem
00671 A2CA 106      a=c   s&x
00672 A2CB 0B0      c=n
00673 A2CC 270      ramslct
00674 A2CD 246      c=a-c  s&x
00675 A2CE 226      c=c+1  s&x
00676 A2CF 2BC      rcr    7
00677 A2D0 05E      c=0   ms
00678 A2D1 23E      c=c+1  ms
00679 A2D2 2F0      wrtd
00680 A2D3 046      c=0   s&x
00681 A2D4 270      ramslct
00682 A2D5 378      read   13
00683 A2D6 03C      rcr    3
00684 A2D7 1C6      a=a-c  s&x
00685 A2D8 36D      xqrel  binbed
00685 A2D9 08C
00685 A2DA 102
00686 A2DB 128      writ   4
00687 A2DC 3E0      rtn
00688
00689
00690 ****
00691 * LASTREG - Return the address of the last existent RAM reg. *
00692 *           - INPUT: NONE
00693 *           - OUTPUT: Last register adr in B,C S&X
00694 *           - USES: A,B,C, RAMSLCTED REG
00695 ****
00696
00697 A2DD 130      lastreg ldi   $23F
00697 A2DE 23F
00698 A2DF 0E6
00699 A2E0 130      lstreg10 ldi   $40      move adr to B
00699 A2E1 040
00700 A2E2 066
00701 A2E3 246
00702 A2E4 270      a()b   s&x
00703 A2E5 0E6      c=a-c  s&x
00704 A2E6 038      read   0
00705 A2E7 10E      a=c   all
00706 A2E8 2A6      c=c-1  s&x
00707 A2E9 2F0      wrtd
00708 A2EA 038      read   0
00709 A2EB 2A6      c=c-1  s&x
00710 A2EC 36E      ?aMe  all
00711 A2ED 39F      jc    1streg10
00712 A2EE 2F0      wrtd
00713 A2EF 0C6      c=b   s&x
00714 A2F0 3E0      rtn
00715

```

```

00716 ****
00717 * GETEP - Read the LB and U2 EPROMs into a ROME block. *
00718 * - INPUT: X - The block number to load into. *
00719 * - Y - The U2 section to read from. *
00720 * - Z - The LB section to read from. *
00721 * Both the LB and the U2 EPROMs are prompted for by the *
00722 * program. *
00723 ****
00724
00725 A2F1 090      con   $90
00726 A2F2 005      con   $05
00727 A2F3 014      con   $14
00728 A2F4 005      con   $05
00729 A2F5 007      con   $07      names: GETEP
00730
00731 A2F6 3C4      getep  st=0
00732 A2F7 008      setf   3      rtn early from initmce
00733 A2F8 36D      xqrel  findmc  PILTST and MC00506 findid
00733 A2F9 08C
00733 A2FA 126
00734 A2FB 36D      xqrel  bcdbinXF  X -> bin, 15 max value
00734 A2FC 08C
00734 A2FD 0EB
00735 A2FE 13C      rcr   8      6 left - make it an adr
00736 A2FF 266      c=c-1  s&x  set up ctr in s&x (FFF)
00737 A300 070      n=c      adr/ctr in N
00738
00739 * Get the U2 section # - save in Q
00740 A301 130      ldi   4      burn sec # max is 3
00740 A302 004
00741 A303 0E6      c()b  s&x
00742 A304 0BB
00743 A305 10E
00744 A306 36D      read   2      get U2 burn section #
00744 A307 08C      a=c   all
00744 A308 0ED      xqrel  bcdbin  burn sec to binary
00745 A309 268      writ   9      save U2 # in Q
00746
00747 * Get the LB section #
00748 A30A 130      ldi   2      burn sec # max is 1
00748 A30B 002
00749 A30C 0E6      c()b  s&x
00750 A30D 078      read   1      get LB section #
00751 A30E 10E      a=c   all
00752 A30F 36D      xqrel  bcdbin  burn sec. to bin
00752 A310 08C
00752 A311 0ED
00753
00754 * Make LB EPROM start and end adrs
00755 A312 18C      rcr   11     left 3, adr is 0000 or 1000
00756 A313 158      m=c
00757 A314 266      c=c-1  s&x  start adr to M
00758 A315 10E      a=c   all  end adr (xFFFF)
00759
00760
00761 A316 36D      xqrel  initmce
00761 A317 08C
00761 A318 037
00762
00763
00764 A319 3D9      ?ncxq $07F6      turn on display
00764 A31A 01C

```

00765	A31B 380	?nexq	\$07EF	msg to display
00765	A31C 01C	con	\$12	
00766	A31D 012	con	\$04	
00767	A31E 004	con	\$19	
00768	A31F 019	con	\$20	
00769	A320 020	con	\$0C	
00770	A321 00C	con	\$38	
00771	A322 038	con	\$20	
00772	A323 020	con	\$05	
00773	A324 005	con	\$10	
00774	A325 010	con	\$12	
00775	A326 012	con	\$0F	
00776	A327 00F	con	\$20D	msg: RDY L8 EPROM
00777	A328 20D	clrf	8	
00778	A329 104	xqrel	gepwait	
00779	A32A 349			
00779	A32B 08C			
00779	A32C 392			
00780				
00781		* Set MC00506 as talker, and source SDA		
00782	A32D 2C9	?nexq	\$70B2	TAD r5
00782	A32E 1C0			
00783	A32F 3A9	?nexq	\$70EA	SDA, wait for FRAV
00783	A330 1C0			
00784				
00785	A331 0B0	c=n		get adr/ctr
00786	A332 10E	a=c	all	adr/ctr to A
00787	A333 09A	b=a	m	adr to B
00788	A334 013	jnc	rd110	
00789				
00790		* Main Loop for Read1		
00791	A335 280	rd110	i1w 2	retransmit the DAB
00792	A336 041	?nexq	\$7110	get a DAB
00792	A337 1C4			
00793	A338 39D	?nexq	\$77E7	XMIT ERR on non-dab
00793	A339 1DC			
00794	A33A 0EE	c()b	all	DAB to B, ROM adr to C
00795	A33B 330	fetch		get ROM word
00796	A33C 0F6	c()b	xs	put U2 with new DAB in B
00797	A33D 0C6	c=b	s&x	new ROM word to C
00798	A33E 040	writr		write new ROM word
00799	A33F 23A	c=c+1	m	incr ROM adr
00800	A340 0FA	c()b	m	save ROM adr in B
00801	A341 1A6	a=a-1	s&x	decr the ctr
00802	A342 39B	jnc	rd110	repeat for 4k block
00803				
00804	A343 3D9	?nexq	\$70F6	NRD and retrans last DAB
00804	A344 1C0			
00805	A345 39D	?nexq	\$77E7	XMIT ERR ??
00805	A346 1DC			
00806				
00807				
00808				
00809	A347 3C4	st=0		
00810	A348 00B	setf	3	rtn early from initmc
00811	A349 0DA	c=b	m	get the block adr
00812	A34A 15C	r=	6	pt to MS adr digit
00813	A34B 262	c=c-1	0r	set to correct block (n000)
00814	A34C 130	ldi	\$3FF	set up ctr in s&x (3FF)
00814	A34D 3FF			
00815	A34E 070	nec		adr/ctr in N
00816	A34F 278	read	9	get U2 sec # from Q
00817				

```

00818 * Make EPROM start and end adrs
00819 A350 1E6      c=c+c  s&x
00820 A351 1E6      c=c+c  s&x          0,1,2,3 -> 0,4,8,C
00821 A352 37C      rcr    12          left 2, adr is 0000 to 0C00
00822 A353 158      m=c
00823 A354 10E      a=c   all
00824 A355 130      ldi    $3FF
00824 A356 3FF
00825 A357 146      a=a+c  s&x          adr to A
00826
00827 * Init the MC00506 - RTN after setting the range
00828 A358 36D      xqrel  initmc
00829 A359 08C
00829 A35A 037
00829
00830 * Display prompt, beep, wait for key
00831 A35B 3D9      ?nckq  $07F6      enable display
00831 A35C 01C
00832 A35D 3BD      ?nckq  $07EF      chars to disp
00832 A35E 01C
00833 A35F 012      con    $12
00834 A360 004      con    $04
00835 A361 019      con    $19
00836 A362 020      con    $20
00837 A363 015      con    $15
00838 A364 032      con    $32
00839 A365 020      con    $20
00840 A366 005      con    $05
00841 A367 010      con    $10
00842 A368 012      con    $12
00843 A369 00F      con    $0F
00844 A36A 20D      con    $20D      msgt: RDY U2 EPROM
00845 A36B 108      setf   8
00846 A36C 349      xqrel  gepwait
00846 A36D 08C
00845 A36E 392
00847
00848 * Set MC00506 as talker, and source SDA
00849 A36F 2C9      ?nckq  $70B2      TAD r5
00849 A370 1C0
00850 A371 3A9      ?nckq  $70EA      SDA, wait for FRAV
00850 A372 1C0
00851
00852 A373 0B0      c=n
00853 A374 10E      a=c   all      get adr/ctr
00854 A375 09A      b=a   in       adr/ctr to A
00855 A376 013      jnc   rdu20     adr to B
00856
00857 * Main Loop for Readu
00858 A377 280      rdu10  ilw   2      retransmit the DAB
00859 A378 041      rdu20  ?nckq  $7110     get a Loop DAB
00859 A379 1C4
00860 A37A 39D      ?nckq  $77E7      XMIT ERR on non-dab
00860 A37B 1DC
00861 A37C 37C      rcr    12      byte left 2 digits
00862 A37D 05C      r=    4      loop ctr
00863 A37E 0EE      rdu30  c>b  all      adr to C
00864 A37F 330      fetch
00865 A380 0D6      c=b   xs      get current ROM word
00866 A381 040      writr
00867 A382 23A      cmc+1 m      get u2 bits
00868 A383 0EE      c>b  all      write new ROM word
00869 A384 1EE      c=c+c  all      incr adr
00869 A385 1EE      c=c+c  all      pkd u2 bits to C/adr to B
00870

```

00871	A386 33C		rer	1	shift right 2 bits
00872	A387 3D4		r=r-1		decr loop ctr
00873	A388 394		?r=	0	
00874	A389 3AB		jne	rdu30	do all 4 words
00875	A38A 1A6		a=a-1	s&x	decr outer loop ctr
00876	A38B 363		jne	rdu10	Main loop
00877					
00878	A38C 3D9		?nexq	\$70F6	NRD and retrans last DAB
00879	A38D 1C0		?nexq	\$77E7	XMIT ERR ??
00880	A38E 390		?nego	\$70AC	UNT and return
00881	A38F 1DC				
00882	A390 2B1				
00883	A391 1C2				
00884	A392 149	gepw10	?nexq	\$0952	deselect display
00885	A393 024		?nexq	\$16DB	tone 7
00886	A394 36D				
00887	A395 058		c=0	all	
00888	A396 04E		r=	4	
00889	A397 05C		ld@r	14	
00890	A398 390		r=	4	
00891	A399 05C				
00892	A39A 3C8		clrkey		
00893	A39B 22A		c=c+1	r{-	add to ctr
00894	A39C 067		jc	gepoff	
00895	A39D 3CC		?key		key down ?
00896	A39E 3E3		jnc	gepw10	wait for key
00897	A39F 220				
00898	A3A0 01C		c=key		get the key
00899	A3A1 1E2		r=	3	
00900	A3A2 037		c=c+c	0r	gen carry if key is 'ON'
00901	A3A3 3C1		jc	gepoff	
00902	A3A4 0B0		?nexq	\$20F0	clear display
00903	A3A5 149		?nexq	\$0952	deselect display
00904	A3A6 024		rtn		rtn for any other key
00905	A3A7 3E0				
00906	A3A8 10C	gepoff	?fset	8	
00907	A3A9 01F		jc	gepclr	clear block if f8 set
00908	A3AA 3C1	gepoff10	?mcgo	\$00F0	
00909	A3AB 002				
00910	A3AC 00E	gepclr	a=0	all	
00911	A3AD 1A6		a=a-1	s&k	A = FFF (ctr)
00912	A3AE 0B0		c=n		get adr to C
00913	A3AF 046		c=0	s&k	
00914	A3B0 040	gepclr10	writr		
00915	A3B1 23A		c=c+1	m	incr adr
00916	A3B2 1A6		a=a-1	s&x	decr ctr
00917	A3B3 3EB		jnc	gepclr10	clear ROM
00918	A3B4 3B3		jnc	gepoff10	
00919					*****
00920			*		
00921			* KASN - Key Assign (Similar to 1K in PPC ROM)		*
00922			*		*
00923			* Input: Z - First assignment byte		*
00924			* Y - Second assignment byte		*
00925			* X - Keycode		*
00926			* If both Y & Z are zero, the assignment to the key (if any) *		*
00927			* is cleared.		*
			*****		

```

00928
00929
00930 A3B5 08E      con   $8E
00931 A3B6 013      con   $13
00932 A3B7 001      con   $01
00933 A3B8 00B      con   $0B      names: KASN
00934
00935 A3B9 0F8      kasm  read   3      get keycode from X
00936 A3BA 2F6      ?c#0  xs
00937 A3BB 01B      Jnc   kasm10    check for keycode != 0
00938
00939 A3BC 085      kasmerr ?nego $282d    "DATA ERROR"
00939 A3BD 0A2
00940
00941 * This section of code lifted from PASN in X-Functions
00942 A3BE 10E      a=c   all
00943 A3BF 266      c=c-1 s&k
00944 A3C0 3E7      jc    kasmerr
00945 A3C1 266      c=c-1 s&k
00946 A3C2 3D3      Jnc   kasmerr
00947 A3C3 18C      ror   11
00948 A3C4 106      a=c   s&k
00949 A3C5 39C      r=   0
00950 A3C6 2E2      ?c#0  Or
00951 A3C7 3AB      Jnc   kasmerr
00952 A3CB 130      ldi   $90
00952 A3C9 090
00953 A3CA 31C      r=   1
00954 A3CB 302      ?a(c  Or
00955 A3CC 383      Jnc   kasmerr
00956 A3CD 130      ldi   $46
00956 A3CE 046
00957 A3CF 302      ?afc  Or
00958 A3D0 017      jc    kasm20
00959 A3D1 266      c=c-1 s&k
00960 A3D2 39C      r=   0
00961 A3D3 302      ?a(c  Or
00962 A3D4 343      Jnc   kasmerr
00963 A3D5 050      ldr   1
00964 A3D6 31C      r=   1
00965 A3D7 362      ?a#c  Or
00966 A3D8 027      jc    kasm30
00967 A3D9 36A      ?a#c  r(-
00968 A3DA 013      Jnc   kasm30
00969 A3DB 16A      a=a+1 r(-
00970 A3DC 1A6      kasm30 a=a-1 s&k
00971 A3DD 0A6      a()c  s&k
00972 A3DE 106      a=c   s&k
00973 A3DF 3C6      rshfc s&k
00974 A3E0 3E6      lshfa s&k
00975 A3E1 0A2      a()c  Or
00976 A3E2 106      a=c   s&k
00977 A3E3 35E      ?a#0  ms
00978 A3E4 023      Jnc   kasm40
00979 A3E5 130      ldi   0
00979 A3E6 008
00980 A3E7 146      a=a+c s&k      binary keycode in A
00981
00982 *put keycode in status reg 10
00983 A3E8 2B8      kasm40 read   10
00984 A3E9 0AA      a()c  r(-
00985 A3EA 2A8      writ   10
00986

```

```

00987      *convert the 2 assignment bytes to binary
00988      A3EB 130          ldi    256           bytes must be < 256
00989      A3EC 100          c0b   $&x           compare value in B
00990      A3ED 0E6          read   1           get ms FP value from Z
00991      A3EE 078          a=c   all           move to A
00992      A3EF 10E          xqrel bcdbin        convert to bin < 256
00993      A3F1 08C
00994      A3F2 0ED
00995      A3F3 37C          rcr   12           left 2 digits
00996      A3F4 158          m=c
00997      A3F5 0B8          read   2           save ms byte in M
00998      A3F6 10E          a=c   all           get ls FP value from Y
00999      A3F7 36D          xqrel bcdbin        move to A
01000      A3F8 08C
01001      A3F9 0ED
01002      A3FA 198          c=m
01003      A3FB 31C          rc=   1           get ms value
01004      A3FC 0AA          a0c   r<-          set field
01005      A400 01C          a0c   all           combine low & high bytes
01006      A401 2EA          r=   3           save 2 bytes in A
01007      A402 331          ?c#0  r<-          field is lower 2 bytes
01008      A403 09E          ?nego $27cc        both assignment bytes = 0 ???
01009      A404 0FC          rcr   10           ..yes, clear the key
01010      A405 208          setf   2           move 2 bytes to digits 4-7
01011      A406 1DD          ?nego $2777        mainframe key assignment
01012      A407 09E
01013
01014
01015      ****
01016      *
01017      * PCAT - Port Addressable Catalog 2
01018      *
01019      * Non-programmable function that prompts for a single
01020      * digit in the range 0-9. This is interpreted as a RDM
01021      * address at which to start the CAT 2 list.
01022      *
01023      *      1 - Port 1 (Address $8000)
01024      *      2 - Port 2 (Address $A000)
01025      *      3 - Port 3 (Address $C000)
01026      *      4 - Port 4 (Address $E000)
01027      *      5 - Timer RDM (Address $5000)
01028      *      6 - Printer RDM (Address $6000)
01029      *      7 - HPIL RDM (Address $7000)
01030      *      0,8,9 - Normal CAT 2 (Address $5000)
01031      *
01032      * Note: This function prints strangely on the printer when
01033      * in NDRM or TRACE modes. This is a bug in the HP41
01034      * mainframe. It can only be avoided by doing the digit
01035      * prompt from within this routine, rather than using
01036      * the built-in prompting.
01037      ****
01038
01039      A408 094          con    $094
01040      A409 001          con    $001
01041      A40A 303          con    $303
01042      A40B 110          con    $110           name: PCAT (With 1 dig. prompt
)

```

01043					
01044	A40C 000	pcat	nop		non-programmable
01045	A40D 0AE		a()c all		port # to C
01046	A40E 358		st=c		move to ST
01047	A40F 151		?necxq \$0054		check & process indirect
01047	A410 000				
01048	A411 398		c=st		get port #
01049	A412 39C		r= 0		set field
01050	A413 1E2		c=c+c 0r		double port #
01051	A414 0BF		jc pcdflt		default on 8 or 9
01052	A415 2E6		?c#0 s&x		ck for port 0
01053	A416 0AB		jnc pcdflt		default on 0
01054	A417 105		a=c s&x		doubled port # to A
01055	A418 130		ldi 5		
01055	A419 006				
01056	A41A 202		c=c+a 0r		*6 to get port adr for 1-4
01057	A41B 017		jc pcat10		if port was 5,6,7 use original
01058	A41C 358		st=c		save port adr in ST
01059	A41D 04E	pcat10	c=0 all		clear C
01060	A41E 15C		r= 5		set ptr
01061	A41F 398		c=st		get port adr
01062	A420 13C		r=r 8		port adr to digit 8
01063	A421 10E		a=c all		port adr in d6 of A/ S&X clear
01064	A422 150		ld@r 5		start adr = 5000
01065	A423 23A		c=c+1 m		adr = 5001
01066	A424 15C		r= 6		reset ptr
01067					
01068	A425 362	pcat20	7a#c 0r		test port adr
01069	A426 033		jnc pcat30		jump if equal
01070	A427 330		fetch		get # of items in cat
01071	A428 146		a=a+c s&x		accumulate in A
01072	A429 222		c=c+1 0r		incr to next ROM
01073	A42A 3DB		jnc pcat20		loop
01074					
01075	A42B 00E	pcdflt	a=0 all		
01076	A42C 130	pcat30	ldi 2		cat '2'
01076	A42D 002				
01077	A42E 1BC		r=r 11		move to digit 3
01078	A42F 11A		a=c m		move to A digit 3
01079	A430 238		read 8		get the P reg
01080	A431 0AE		a()c all		
01081	A432 07C		r=r 4		move 2abc to 4 MS digits of C
01082	A433 09C		r= 5		
01083	A434 0AA		a()c r=-		put ALPHA from P into C
01084	A435 239		?ncco \$0b8e		jump into catalog function
01085					
01086					
01087					
01088					
01089					
01090					
01091	*	*****	*	*****	*****
01092	*	* Init MC00505A - Assume: Loop addressed, MC00506 in r5	*	*****	*****
01093	*	- REN to get ready for CMDS	*	*****	*****
01094	*	- Listen the primary device	*	*****	*****
01095	*	- SDC to reset the device	*	*****	*****
01096	*	- Send R, D, Y, B (each followed by LF)	*	*****	*****
01097	*	- Send the start adr (in M d3-0)	*	*****	*****
01098	*	- Send the term. adr (in A d3-0)	*	*****	*****
01099	*	- RTN if F3 set	*	*****	*****
01100	*	- Do a verify blank (ERASE ERR if not)	*	*****	*****
01101	*	- Send start adr (in M d3-0)	*	*****	*****
01102	*	- Send NRE (get ready for data)	*	*****	*****
01103		*****		*****	*****

01104	A437	LF	equ	10
01105				
01106	A437 130	initmce	ldi \$092	
01106	A438 092		?ncxq \$70BA	REN command
01107	A439 2E9		?ncxq \$70DD	LAD to r5
01108	A43B 375		ldi \$004	
01109	A43C 1C0		?ncxq \$70BA	SDC command
01110	A43D 130		xqrel ildata	send string to loop
01111	A440 1C0			
01111	A441 360		con \$52	'R' reset
01111	A442 08C		con LF	
01111	A443 096		con \$44	'D' disable CRLF
01112	A444 052		con LF	
01113	A445 00A		con \$59	'Y' 1 status byte
01114	A446 044		con LF	
01115	A447 00A		con \$42	'B' binary mode
01116	A448 059		con LF	
01117	A449 00A		con LF	
01118	A44A 042		con \$20A	
01119	A44B 00A		con LF	
01120				
01121				
01122		* Send start address (SbbLF)		
01123	A44C 253		con \$253	'S' - end of string
01124	A44D 198		c=m	get address from M
01125	A44E 23C		rcr 2	MS byte in C di,0
01126	A44F 0A1		?ncxq \$7128	send loop DAB
01126	A450 1C4			
01127	A451 198		c=m	LS byte in C di,0
01128	A452 0A1		?ncxq \$7128	send 2nd adr byte
01128	A453 1C4			
01129	A454 360		xqrel ildata	send string to loop
01129	A455 08C			
01129	A456 096		con LF	punctuate start adr
01130	A457 00A			
01131		* Send term address (TbbLF)		
01132			con \$254	'T' - end of string
01133	A458 254		a()c all	
01134	A459 0AE			
01135	A45A 10E		a=c all	copy end adr from A d3-0
01136	A45B 23C		rcr 2	MS byte in C di,0
01137	A45C 0A1		?ncxq \$7128	DAB
01137	A45D 1C4			
01138	A45E 0AE		a()c all	get end adr from A
01139	A45F 0A1		?ncxq \$7128	DAB
01139	A460 1C4			
01140	A461 130		ldi LF	
01140	A462 00A			
01141	A463 0A1		?ncxq \$7128	DAB
01141	A464 1C4			
01142	A465 39D		?ncxq \$77E7	error check
01142	A466 1DC			
01143	A467 00C		?fset 3	
01144	A468 360		?crtn	RTN if F3 set
01145				
01146		* Verify that this address range is blank		
01147	A469 36D		xqrel ildata	send string to loop
01147	A46A 08C			
01147	A46B 096		con \$56	'V' - verify blank
01148	A46C 056		con \$20A	LF - end of string
01149	A46D 20A			

01150	A46E 2C9	?nexq	\$70B2	TAD to primary device
01150	A46F 1C0	ldi	\$061	SST byte
01151	A470 130	?nexq	\$7136	Send SST, get DAB in A
01151	A471 061	?nexq	\$77E7	do err ck
01152	A472 0D9	rshfa	s&x	move stat byte to A d1,0
01152	A473 1C4	a()c	s&x	
01153	A474 39D	c()st	3	status byte to ST
01153	A475 1DC	?fset	3	test for bad verify
01154	A476 386	jnc	imce10	..no, continue
01155	A477 046	gorel	eraserr	ERASE ERR
01156	A478 3D8			
01157	A479 00C			
01158	A47A 023			
01159	A47B 341			
01159	A47C 08C			
01159	A47D 13A			
01160	A47E 3D8	imce10	c()st	replace ST
01161				
01162				
01163	A47F 375	* Send start adr again		
01164	A480 1C0	?nexq	\$70DD	LAD to primary device
01165	A481 130	ldi	\$53	'S' char
01165	A482 053	?nexq	\$7126	DAB
01166	A483 099	c=m		get address from M
01166	A484 1C4	ver	2	MS byte in C d1,0
01167	A485 198	?nexq	\$7128	send loop DAB
01168	A486 23C	c=m		
01169	A487 0A1	?nexq	\$7128	LS byte in C d1,0
01169	A488 1C4	ver	2	send 2nd adr byte
01170	A489 198	?nexq	\$7128	
01171	A48A 0A1	ldi	LF	
01171	A48B 1C4	?nexq	\$7128	DAB
01172	A48C 130			
01172	A48D 00A			
01173	A48E 0A1			
01173	A48F 1C4			
01174		* Send NRE so subsequent data bytes may be sent		
01175	A490 130	ldi	\$093	
01176	A491 093	?nexq	\$70BA	send NRE cmd
01177	A492 2E9	?nego	\$77E7	do the error check and return
01178	A493 1DE			
01179				
01180				
01181				
01182		*****		
01183		* ildata - Send the string of bytes after the X0 to the loop *		
01184		* - Terminates on byte whose XS is not 0 *		
01185		* - Returns following the byte string *		
01186		* - Loop is assumed to be addressed, with 41 as talker*		
01187		*****		
01188	A496 1B0	ildata	pop	get the rtn adr
01189	A497 330		fetch	fetch the data byte there
01190	A498 23A		c=c+1 m	incr adr
01191	A499 170		push	back on rtn stk
01192	A49A 2F6		?c#0 xs	is this last DAB
01193	A49B 099	?ego	\$7126	..yes, rtn after DAB
01193	A49C 1C7	?nexq	\$7126	..no, continue doing DABs
01194	A49D 099			
01194	A49E 1C4			
01195	A49F 39B	jnc	ildata	
01196				
01197				

```

01198 ****
01199 * DISPNAME - Display the name of the function whose entry *
01200 * point is in the adr field of A. *
01201 * - The name MUST be 6 or less chars. *
01202 * - The last char of the name gets a ':' added. *
01203 * - The name is right-justified in chars 1-6. *
01204 ****
01205
01206 A4A0 3C1 dispname ?ncxq $20CF0 clear the display
01206 A4A1 0B0
01207 A4A2 0B8 a()c m get the function adr to C Mant
01208 A4A3 34D ?ncxq $05D3 function name to display
01209 A4A4 014
01209 A4A5 3B8 read 14 remove extra space from right
01210 A4A6 3B8 read 14 get last char of name
01211 A4A7 3D8 c()st put into flags
01212 A4A8 2B8 setf 7
01213 A4A9 144 clrf 6 add ':' to last char
01214 A4AA 3D8 c()st
01215 A4AB 3E8 wrt 15 put it back in the display
01216 A4AC 0F8 read 3 shift left 6 chars
01217 A4AD 149 ?nogo $0952 deselect display and RTN
01217 A4AE 026
01218
01219
01220
01221 ****
01222 * ADR2D15 - Address to display *
01223 * - INPUT: M - 4 digit address in d3-0 *
01224 * - OUTPUT: hex equiv of adr in right 4 chars of disp *
01225 * - USES: A,B,C *
01226 ****
01227
01228 A4AF 3D9 adr2dis ?ncxq $07FE select the display
01228 A4B0 01C
01229 A4B1 078 read 1 get upper 4 of dis
01230
01231 * Reverse the digits returned from dis
01232 A4B2 37C rcr 12 left 2 digits
01233 A4B3 35C r= 12 loop ctr
01234 A4B4 11E disp10 a=c ms transfer char
01235 A4B5 38E rshfa all
01236 A4B6 2FC rcr 13 C left 1
01237 A4B7 3D4 r=r-1
01238 A4B8 394 ?re 0
01239 A4B9 3DB jnc disp10 reverse 12 chars
01240 A4BA 3BE rshfa all dsp string to A d11-0
01241
01242 * Enter hex adr for upper 4 bits of display
01243 A4BB 130 ldi $A
01243 A4BC 00A
01244 A4BD 33C rcr 1 hex 'A' in C MS
01245 A4BE 0FE c()b ms hex 'A1' in B MS
01246 A4BF 198 c=m get adr from M
01247 A4C0 07C rcr 4 adr in d13-10
01248 A4C1 0AE a()c all adr in A, dsp str in C
01249 A4C2 01C r= 3
01250 A4C3 33E disp20 ?a(b ms adr char < 0A
01251 A4C4 01F jc disp30
01252 A4C5 010 ld@r 0 A-F
01253 A4C6 013 jnc disp40
01254 A4C7 0D0 disp30 ld@r 3 0-9
01255 A4C8 3EE disp40 lshfa all next adr char

```

```

01256 A4C9 2D4    ?r=   13
01257 A4CA 3CB    jnc   disp20
01258 A4CB 068    writ  1           write upper 4 bits
01259
01260      * Read lower 4 digits and reverse them
01261 A4CC 038    read  0
01262 A4CD 37C    rcr   12          left 2
01263 A4CE 35C    r=    12          loop counter
01264 A4CF 11E    disp50
01265 A4D0 38E    a=c   ms          transfer the char
01266 A4D1 2FC    rshfa all
01267 A4D2 3D4    rcr   13          C left 1
01268 A4D3 394    ?r=   0
01269 A4D4 3DB    jnc   disp50
01270
01271      * add hex adr to right 4 chars of display (lower 4 bits)
01272 A4D5 19B    c=m
01273 A4D6 07C    rcr   4          adr to d13-10
01274 A4D7 0AE    a()c all
01275 A4D8 08C    rcr   5          adr to A, dsp str to C
01276 A4D9 2DC    r=    13          position dsp str
01277
01278 A4DA 322    disp50
01279 A4DB 01F    ?a(b  0r
01280 A4DC 182    jc    disp70
01281 A4DD 162    a=a-b 0r
01282 A4DE 0A2    disp70
01283 A4DF 3AE    a()c 0r
01284 A4E0 3D4    rshfb all
01285 A4E1 254    r=r-1
01286 A4E2 3C3    ?r=   9          move the $A down
01287 A4E3 0FC    jnc   disp50
01288 A4E4 028    rcr   10
01289 A4E5 149    writ  0
01290 A4E6 024    ?ncxq $0952
01291 A4E7 3E0    rtn
01292 ****
01293 *BCDBIN - Decimal to Binary conversion *
01294 * - INPUT: A - FP number to convert
01295 * - B - Maximum number to convert in S&X
01296 * - OUTPUT: Binary in A & C S&X
01297 * - A&C are zero except the binary in S&X
01298 * - USES: A,C,B S&X,FB
01299 * Tests for ALPHA DATA, and DATA ERROR on values greater than
01300 * 999 decimal or the number in B.
01301 * BCDBINX does the conversion on the X reg (rather than A).
01302 * BCDBINXF does the conversion on X with limit of 15 (0kF). *
01303 ****
01304
01305 A4E8 130    bcdbinXF ldi   16
01305 A4E9 010
01305 A4EA 0E6    c()b  s&x
01307
01308 A4EB 0F8    bcdbinX read  3
01309 A4EC 10E    a=c   all
01310
01311 A4ED 0AE    bcdbin a()c all
01312 A4EE 361    ?ncxq $14DB
01312 A4EF 050
01313 A4F0 260    sethex
01314 A4F1 10E    a=c   all
01315 A4F2 356    ?a#0  xs

```

01316	A4F3 03F		je	gobcdbin	..yes
01317	A4F4 130		ldi	\$3	
01317	A4F5 003				
01318	A4F6 306		?a(c	s&x	XP less than 3 ?
01319	A4F7 085	bcdDE	?neco	\$202D	..no, DATA ERROR
01319	A4F8 002				
01320	A4F9 0AE		a()c	all	original FP to C
01321	A4FA 39D	gobcdbin	?ncoxq	\$02E7	mainframe BCDBIN
01321	A4FB 008				
01322	A4FC 05E		c=0	m	
01323	A4FD 05A		c=0	m	clr C except s&x
01324	A4FE 106		a=c	s&x	return # in A & C
01325	A4FF 326		?a(b	s&x	# ( B ?
01326	A500 3BB		jnc	bcdDE	..no, DATA ERROR
01327	A501 3E0		rtn		
01328					
01329					*****
01330					* BINBCD - Binary to floating point decimal conversion. *
01331					* - INPUT: Binary number in A \$&X (up to FFF hex). *
01332					* - OUTPUT: Floating point equiv in C. *
01333					* - USES: A,C,R - returns in Hex mode. *
01334					*****
01335					
01336	A502 2A0	binbcd	setdec		
01337	A503 0A6		a()c	s&k	
01338	A504 106		a=c	s&x	
01339	A505 01A		a=0	m	
01340	A506 25C		r=	g	
01341	A507 033		jnc	binbcd1	
01342	A508 1FA	binbcd0	c=c+c	m	
01343	A509 1FA		c=c+c	m	
01344	A50A 1FA		c=c+c	m	
01345	A50B 1FA		c=c+c	m	
01346	A50C 11A		a=c	m	
01347	A50D 05A	binbcd1	c=0	m	
01348	A50E 2FC		rnr	13	
01349	A50F 23A		c=c+1	m	
01350	A510 27A		c=c-1	m	
01351	A511 21A		c=c+a	m	
01352	A512 3DC		r=r+1		
01353	A513 354		?r=	12	
01354	A514 3A3		jnc	binbcd0	
01355	A515 260		sethex		
01356	A516 01B		jnc	binbcd2	
01357	A517 35C		r=	12	
01358	A518 0AE		a()c	all	
01359	A519 130	binbcd2	ldi	\$009	
01359	A51A 009				
01360	A51B 11A		a=c	m	
01361	A51C 2FA		?c#0	m	
01362	A51D 02F		jc	binbcd4	
01363	A51E 04E		c=0	all	
01364	A51F 3E0		rtn		
01365	A520 266	binbcd3	c=c-1	s&x	
01366	A521 3FA		lshfa	m	
01367	A522 342	binbcd4	?a#0	0r	
01368	A523 3EB		jnc	binbcd3	
01369	A524 0BA		a()c	m	
01370	A525 3E0		rtn		
01371					

```

01372 ****
01373 * FINDID for MC00506A *
01374 * Initializes the loop. *
01375 * Searches from the primary device, leaving the first *
01376 * MC00506A found as the selected device in PIL register 5. *
01377 * This device is also left addressed as a talker. *
01378 *
01379 * USES: A,B $&X ,C,F8,F9,R, 3 Subroutine levels. *
01380 ****
01381
01382 A526 360 findmc xqrel piltst Test for existence of PIL
01382 A527 08C
01382 A528 176
01383 A529 18D ?nexq $7063 address the loop
01383 A52A 1C0
01384 A52B 39D ?nexq $77E7 check XMIT err
01384 A52C 1DC
01385 A52D 086 b=a $&x save # of devices in B
01386 A52E 155 ?nexq $7155 set primary device in r5, r6
01386 A52F 1C4
01387 A530 104
01388 A531 2C9 fndmc10 ?nckq $70B2 TAD (r5)
01388 A532 1C0
01389 A533 064 selp 4 RDY type frame
01390 A534 285 con $285
01391 A535 0A4 selp 5
01392 A536 189 con $189 SDI frame
01393 A537 31C r= 1 field defn
01394 A538 36D xqrel fndmc30 push adr of string
01394 A539 08C
01394 A53A 144
01395 A53B 04D con $4D
01396 A53C 043 con $43
01397 A53D 030 con $30
01398 A53E 030 con $30
01399 A53F 035 con $35
01400 A540 030 con $30
01401 A541 236 con $236 last char: MC00506
01402
01403 A542 0A6 fndmc20 a()c $&x get back the DAB
01404 A543 280 ilw 2 retransmit it
01405 A544 244 fndmc30 clrf 9
01406 A545 041 ?nexq $7110 get a DAB
01406 A546 1C4
01407 A547 24C ?fset 9 set if frame not DAB
01408 A548 0B7 jc fmcnext try next device
01409 A549 106 amc $&x save DAB in A
01410 A54A 1B0 pop
01411 A54B 330 fetch
01412 A54C 23A c=c+1 m incr table adr
01413 A54D 170 push
01414 A54E 36A ?a#c r(- save it for next time
01415 A54F 027 jc fmcnrd DAB same as table ?
01416 A550 2F6 ?c#0 xs ...no, send NRD
01417 A551 38B jnc fndmc20 end of table ?
01418 A552 108 setf 8 ...no, match next char
01419 A553 0A6 a()c $&x indicate device found
01420 A554 020 xq->go get DAB back to C
01421 A555 3D9 fmcnrd pop the rtn adr
01421 A556 1C0 NRD
01422 A557 013
01423 A558 020 fmcnext jnc **+02 skip the extra pop off
01423 A559 10C xq->go pop the rtn adr
01424 A55A 10C ?fset 8

```

01425	A55A 360	?crtm		RTN if MC00506A was found	
01426	A55B 066	a()b	s&x		
01427	A55C 086	b=a	s&x	copy # of devices to A	
01428	A55D 185	?nexq	\$7161	try next device (if AUTOID)	
01429	A55F 013	jnc	notfound	..error - MC00506A not found	
01430	A560 288	jnc	fnmdmc10	SDI to next device	
01431					
01432	A561 2CD	notfound	?nexq	\$77B3	mssg to disp
01432	A562 1DC				
01433	A563 00E	con	\$0E		
01434	A564 00F	con	\$0F		
01435	A565 020	con	\$20		
01436	A566 000	con	\$00		
01437	A567 003	con	\$03		
01438	A568 030	con	\$30		
01439	A569 030	con	\$30		
01440	A56A 035	con	\$35		
01441	A56B 030	con	\$30		
01442	A56C 036	con	\$36		
01443	A56D 201	con	\$201	mssg: NO MC00506A	
01444	A56E 3F9	?nego	\$7CFE	error halt	
01444	A56F 1F2				
01445					
01446					
01447					
01448				*****	
01449				*ERRMSSG - Display following characters as an error mssg. *	
01450				* - Execution returns following error string. *	
01451				* - Functions using HPIL should use \$77B3 *	
01452				*****	
01453					
01454	A570 3A1	errmssg	?nexq	\$22E8	
01454	A571 088				
01455	A572 3C1		?nexq	\$2CF0	Clear the display
01455	A573 080				
01456	A574 3BD		?nego	\$07EF	Disp the mssg and RTN
01456	A575 01E				
01457					
01458					
01459				*****	
01460				*PILTST - Test for existence of HPIL Chip. *	
01461				* - RTN if it exists, else "NO HPIL" error. *	
01462				* - The test is simple - look for 28 (XROM #) at \$7000*	
01463				* - USES: C, A S&X, R	
01464				*****	
01465					
01466	A576 04E	piltst	c=0	all	
01467	A577 15C		r=	6	
01468	A578 1D0		ld@r	7	
01469	A579 330		fetch	C adr field = \$7000	
01470	A57A 106		a=c	get the word @ \$7000	
01471	A57B 130		ldt	\$08	
01471	A57C 01C			word to A	
01472	A57D 366		?a#c	XROM # is 28	
01473	A57E 3A0		?ncrtn	is PIL Chip existent ?	
01474	A57F 360		xqrel	..yes, return	
01474	A580 08C		errmssg	..no, disp "NO HPIL"	
01474	A581 170				
01475	A582 00E		con	\$0E	
01476	A583 00F		con	\$0F	
01477	A584 020		con	\$20	
01478	A585 008		con	\$08	
01479	A586 010		con	\$10	
01480	A587 009		con	\$09	
01481	A588 20C		con	\$20C	
01481				mssg: NO HPIL	

```

01482
01483
01484
01485 ****ERRHALT - Assumes a message in the display (ERRMSGG). *
01486 * - Left justifies the msg and halts (F25 checked). *
01487 * - Functions using HPIL should use $7CFE (2 bytes). *
01488 ****
01489
01490
01491 A589 300 errhalt ?nexq $2BF7 Left justify display
01491 A58A 0AC
01492 A58B 108 setf 8
01493 A58C 201 ?nexq $1C80 Msg to printer
01493 A58D 070
01494 A58E 3ED ?nago $22FB Mainframe error handler
01494 A58F 08A
01495
01496
01497
01498
01499
01500
01501 **** Beginning of Free Space
01502 A590 000 begfree con 0
01503
01504
01505
01506 **** End of Free Space
01507 AFEE org $AFEE
01508 AFEE 000 endfree con 0
01509
01510
01511 AFF0 org $AFF0
01512
01513 * Beg and end of free space ptrs
01514 AFF0 005 fat begfree
01514 AFF1 090
01515 AFF2 00F fat endfree
01515 AFF3 0EE
01516
01517
01518
01519 * Polling points
01520
01521 AFF4 000 con 0 FF4 pause poll
01522 AFF5 000 con 0 FF5 prgm line/IO activity
01523 AFF6 000 con 0 FF6 wakeup by peripheral
01524 AFF7 000 con 0 FF7 power down (OFF key)
01525 AFF8 000 con 0 FF8 IO service flag set
01526 AFF9 000 con 0 FF9 wakeup by ON key
01527 AFFA 000 con 0 FFA memory lost
01528
01529
01530 * ROM Revision code (FFF - FFE)
01531
01532 AFFB 003 con $03 Rev: MC-1C
01533 AFFC 031 con $31
01534 AFFD 003 con $03
01535 AFFE 000 con $00
01536
01537
01538 * ROM checksum
01539 AFFF 217 cksm
01540

```

00000 errors  
 00000 warnings  
 00107 symbols defined

