

TIMBER PACK I

May 1985

All Rights Reserved

George E. Warren, Jr. P.O. Box 335 Sylvester, Ga. 31791

CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	1
PROGRAM USAGE	2
USER INSTRUCTIONS DEFINED	3
KEYBOARD	4
FILE MANAGEMENT ROUTINE	5
STORE VOLUME TABLE	9
TALLY REGISTER	13
TALLY SHEETS TO VOLUME	17
TALLY FILE TO VOLUME	21
APPENDIX A: DISPLAYS DEFINED	24
APPENDIX B: FORMULAS	24
APPENDIX C: SAMPLE CRUISE AND VOLUME TABLE	2 5
APPENDIX D: TALLY AND VOLUME PRINTOUT	2 6

THIS PROGRAM MATERIAL CONTAINED HEREIN IS SUPPLIED WITHOUT REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OF ANY KIND. THE AUTHOR OR ANY AGENT ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY AND SHALL HAVE NO LIABILITY, CONSEQUENTIAL OR OTHERWISE OF ANY KIND ARISING FROM THE USE OF THIS PROGRAM MATERIAL OR ANY PART THEREOF.

INTRODUCTION

This Timber Pack has been developed to aid foresters in both the tally and board-foot volume computation of timber. This manual provides a description of the programs, revelant equations, user instructions, and a sample with a list of keystrokes required to run the programs.

The pack contains four programs. The first program aids you in storing your selected volume table. The second program allows you to use the HP 41 as a talley register. The third program computes board-foot volume automatically using a tally file and a volume table file. The fourth program computes board-foot volume using a volume table file as you enter a tally from tally sheets. Before using a program take time to read User Instructions Defined, and Program Usage.

The program pack requires the use of extended memory. The 41C requires a quad memory module, extra functions module, and one extended memory module. The 41CV requires extra functions module, and one extended memory module. The 41CX requires one extended memory module. An additional extended memory module is helpful, but not required. A printer is recommended, but not necessary.

The user should become familiar with the 41 Owner's Manual to gain a basic understanding of the 41 and its capacity as a handheld computer. It would be helpful for the user to also note the Owner's Manual on extended memory use and functions.

We hope The Timber Pack will be of assistance to you. We would appreciate your reactions to The Timber Pack and have provided a questionaire with a self-addressed envelope. Please take a few minutes to give your opinion on this program material. Your comments can increase the usefulness of our programs.

NOTE NOTE NOTE NOTE NOTE NOTE

WHEN NO PRINTER IS ATTACHED, THE PROGRAM WILL PAUSE ABOUT TEN SECONDS FOR EACH DISPLAY. TO STOP OUTPUTS KEY (R/S). TO RE -START OUTPUTS KEY (R/S) AGAIN. TO SPEED UP OUTPUTS KEY ANY KEY EXCEPT (R/S).

TO ELIMINATE SINGLE TONES WHICH SOUND DURING VOLUME TABLE STORAGE AND PROGRAM OUTPUTS WITH NO PRINTER CLEAR FLAG 08

This program pack is large. We recommend you clear all programs from the 41 before loading this program pack. The pack is divided into two programs. The two are the control program and the process program. The control program contains the file management routine and executes the process program automatically. The process program contains the four programs in the pack and re-executes the control program after a volume table storage to allow for a recall and after the recall to allow for any corrections to the table.

Clear any key assignments you have made to keys which will be used in running this program pack. The program pack operates in the user mode and such key assignments will interfere in the proper operation of the program pack.

The program pack uses 33 data storage registers. The program automatically determines if at least 33 data storage registers are available. If less than 33 data storage registers exist, the program sets data storage register size to 33.

An attempt has been made in the programing of this pack to make errors easy to correct without having to re-execute the program When the program recognizes an error keyed, a re-prompt pack. will appear. If an odd DBH was keyed, then the D? prompt would appear again. If the wrong LOG for a particular DBH, then the L? prompt would appear again. When you key a tally, the display will show data keyed before it is entered. You can key (E) to not enter and repeat the prompts or (R/S) to enter and continue. Should the wrong file name be keyed for a name prompt, you can re-key the file name and key (R/S) again. An error message will appear in the display, when the wrong file name is keyed. The program will not continue until a name which is valid is keyed. The alpha keyboard does not go off immediately after a prompt to allow for such a correction.

Two display choice prompts exist. The first is the program choice prompt and the second is the file management choice prompt. Press the (E) key to roll the display from one to the other. Flag numbers 1 - 4 in the display indicate which program is in use. Flag 0 indicates the conversion factor is in use. The conversion factor "C/F" enables the use of a representative sample plot cruise of a timber tract to estimate the tract in its entirety.

Before using the program pack, you must store a volume table. Use the Store Volume Table program to store a table. You will then be ready to use the program pack. We recommend you use the sample cruise made available to familiarize yourself with the program pack. The User Instructions are your step by step guide to running each program.

STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT	FUNCTION	DISPLAY
I				
STEP ·	- gives the instruction step numb	er.		

INSTRUCTIONS - instructions and comments on running the program.

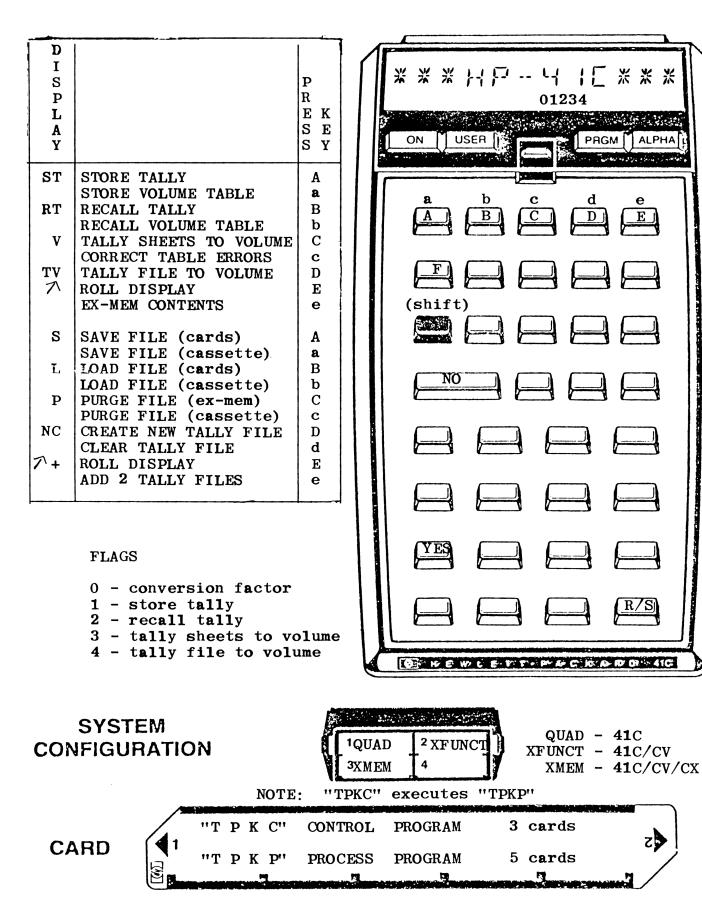
- INPUT specifies input data if required or alpha responses to question prompts.
- FUNCTION specifies the keys to be pressed after any needed input data has been keyed.
- DISPLAY specifies what will appear in the display as you run the program.

When the program prompts for an alpha response, the alpha keyboard is activated by the program. Refer to the back of the 41 for alpha key identifications. Always limit any alpha name prompts to 6 characters. You can key more than 6 characters but only the first 6 characters keyed will be used by the program.

(shift) signifies the gold shift key. When this appears, the gold shift key must be pressed before the next key is pressed.

To begin the program, press (XEQ) then press (ALPHA) then key in the program name and press (ALPHA) again. The program has now been initialized and is ready to be used.

KEYBOARD



4

The File Management Routine allows the user to perform extended memory functions and storage medium functions. The different functions can be used any number of times to arrange files to fit the user's need. Extended memory contents can be viewed by rolling the display to program choices and keying (shift)(E). The user can then return to the File Management Routine by rolling the display back to File Management Routine. To roll the display key (E).

SAVE FILE - transfers a file from extended memory to a medium.

LOAD FILE - transfers a file from a medium into extended memory.

PURGE FILE - removes a file from extended memory or medium. file contents are lost. cards erase when used to store a file again, unless the corners have been clipped.

CREATE NEW TALLY FILE - only tally files must be created. other files, such as a volume table file, are created automatically when needed. The same tally file can be used for more than one cruise by being cleared after each use.

CLEAR TALLY FILE - clears the file. places '0' in all 147 registers. clear a tally file before using the same file again unless you want the two tallies cumulative.

ADD TWO TALLY FILES - permits tally files to be totaled one at a time to a total tally file. you can add several tally files, you wish kept separate, to a total tally file for a total volume computation. tally files can be moved in and out of extended memory for this purpose.

The same file name is maintained when transferred into and from extended memory. Files of the same name can exist in different mediums but not in the same medium. The 'DUP FILE' error will appear in the display and the existing file must be purged before the new file of the same name can be transferred.

149 registers must exist in extended memory for each different file to be placed in extended memory. 147 data registers and 2 registers for a file header used by the computer. The maximum number of extended memory registers that can exist is 600. Therefore only 4 different files can exist in extended memory, if you have maximum extended memory capability.

Refer to the 'Error Messages' section of the Owner's Manual for the extended memory and selected storage medium used for explanation of error messages that appear in the display. To try and cover all possible errors which might occur, would be to re-write the manual.

USER INSTRUCTIONS

STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT	FUNCTION	DISPLAY
1 2 3	LOAD "TPKC" CONTROL PROGRAM LOAD "TPKP" PROCESS PROGRAM INITIALIZE PROGRAM			PACKING PACKING ST RT V TV 🔊
4	FOR EX-MEM CONTENTS & # EMPTY REGS		(shift)(E)	(files list) RM= ??? ST RT V TV 才
5 6	ROLL DISPLAY TO FILE MANAGEMENT PERFORM ANY NEEDED FILE FUNCTIONS		(E)	SLPNC 🖊 +
8	SAVE FILE IN EX-MEM ON CARDS KEY IN FILE NAME FEED SIDES 1 & 2 OF 5 CARDS (write order # on each card)	NAME	(A) (R/S)	SV FL NM? RDY 1 OF 2 S L P NC 7+
b	SAVE FILE IN EX-MEM ON CASSETTE KEY IN FILE NAME	NAME	(shift)(A) (R/S)	SV FL NM? S L P NC 7+
с	LOAD FILE FROM CARDS INTO EX-MEM KEY IN FILE NAME FEED SIDES 1 & 2 OF 5 CARDS (feed in order by # on cards)	NAME	(B) (R/S)	LD FL NM? CARD S L P NC 7+
đ	LOAD FILE FROM CASSETTE INTO EX-ME KEY IN FILE NAME	M NAME	(shift)(B) (R/S)	LD FL NM? S L P NC 7+
е	PURGE FILE FROM EX-MEM KEY IN FILE NAME	NAME	(C) (R/S)	PG FL NM? S L P NC 7+
f	PURGE FILE FROM CASSETTE KEY IN FILE NAME	NAME	(shift)(C) (R/S)	PG FL NM? S L P NC A+
g	CREATE NEW TALLY FILE IN EX-MEM KEY IN FILE NAME	NAME	(D) (R/S)	NW TL FL NM? S L P NC 7 1+
h	CLEAR TALLY FILE IN EX-MEM KEY IN FILE NAME	NAME	(shift)(D) (R/S)	CL TL FL NM? S L P NC 🗡+
i	ADD TWO TALLY FILES IN EX-MEM KEY IN TOTAL FILE NAME KEY IN FILE NAME TO BE ADDED	NAME NAME	(shift)(E) (R/S) (R/S)	TOT FL NM? + FL NM? S L P NC A +
7	ROLL DISPLAY TO PROGRAM CHOICES (go to the instruction steps for the selected program)		(E)	ST RT V TV 🕅

7 DISPLAY **KEYSTROKES** XEQ "TPKC" (XEQ) (ALPHA) TPKC (ALPHA) ST RT V TV T PROGRAM CHOICES XEQ e (shift)(E) VIEW EX-MEM CONTENTS EX-MEM FILE CONTENTS LISTED NUMBER OF REGISTERS AVAILABLE IN EX-MEM RM = 64ST RT V TV 1 PROGRAM CHOICES XEQ E (E) ROLL DISPLAY TO FILE MANAGEMENT CHOICES L P NC T+ FILE MANAGEMENT CHOICES S XEQ A (A) SAVE FILE IN EX-MEM ON CARDS SV FL NM? FILE NAME PROMPT VVV (V)(V)(V)RUH (R/S)RDY 1 OF 2 FEED CARDS PROMPT -sides 1 & 2 of 5 cards-RDY 2 OF 2 L P NC ++ S (B) LOAD FILE INTO EX-MEM FROM CARDS XEQ E FILE NAME PROMPT LD FL NM? VVV (V)(V)(V)(R/S)RUH 1 FEED CARDS PROMPT -sides 1 & 2 of 5 cards-CARD S L P NC T+ XEQ C (C) PURGE FILE FROM EX-MEM PG FL NM? FILE NAME PROMPT DDD (D) (D) (D) RUH (R/S)L P NC T+ S XEQ D (D) CREATE A NEW TALLY FILE IN EX-MEM NW TL FL NM? FILE NAME PROMPT CCC (C)(C)(C)RUN (R/S)S L P NC ++ XEQ d (shift) (D) CLEAR A TALLY FILE IN EX-MEM CL TL FL NM? FILE NAME PROMPT CCC (C) (C) (C) RUN (R/S)L P NC ++ S XEQ @ (shift)(E) ADD TWO TALLY FILES TOT FL NM? FILE NAME PROMPT -total file or sum file-DDD (D) (D) (D) RUH (R/S)+ FL NM? FILE NAME PROMPT -file to be added -CCC RUN (R/S)S L P NC ++ XEQ E (E) ROLL DISPLAY TO PROGRAM CHOICES ST RT V TV 1

NOTES

The Store Volume Table Program aids the user to quickly store a selected volume table in extended memory. A volume table file must exist in extended memory before any volume computations can be made by the Tally Sheets To Volume or Tally File To Volume Program.

Any volume table, listing board-foot volume by DBH and LOG, can be stored. The program pack is designed to use even DBH with both whole and half LOGS from 10"DBH-1 LOG to 40"DBH-6 LOG.

The volume table file requires 149 registers in extended memory. If the registers do not exist in extended memory, sufficient number of current files in extended memory must be purged to create at least 149 registers for one volume table file. Use file management step 6e to purge files and steps 6a or 6b to save any current files before purged. The user will not create a file with the file management routine. The program will create the file when the selected file name is entered for the volume table file.

The 41 sounds a tone for the volume prompts. The display shows the storage register number and DBH-LOG class for each prompt. Key in the volume for the same DBH-LOG class from your selected table. Continue until storage is complete. Do not halt the program, if you enter a volume in error. A correction routine is available at the end of the program.

When the table is stored, the program returns to the control program. The user can now correct any known errors, if storage register number was noted, or make any and all corrections after the volume table file is recalled for a complete check.

Use this program anytime you wish to store a volume table. Several volume tables can be stored and maintained on a medium for later use with the program pack. The file management routine will allow you to save and load volume tables when needed.

USER INSTRUCTIONS

STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT	FUNCTION	DISPLAY
1 2 3	LOAD "TPKC" CONTROL PROGRAM LOAD "TPKP" PROCESS PROGRAM INITIALIZE PROGRAM		(GOTO) (.) (.) (GOTO) (.) (.) (XEQ) "TPKC"	PACKING
4	SELECT STORE VOLUME TABLE PROGRAM		(shift)(A)	VL TB FL NM?
5	KEY IN FILE NAME	NAME	(R/S)	RO 10-1.0=
6	KEY VOLUME FOR TREE SIZE DISPLAYED (if a volume does not exist in the table being stored for a tree size displayed key zero)	VOLUME	(R/S)	R 1 10-1 .5=
	(if a volume is keyed in error continue. a correction routine is available upon completion)			
	REPEAT STEP 6 TO COMPLETE STORAGE			ST RT V TVA
7	RECALL STORED TABLE TO VERIFY		(shift)(B)	VL TB FL NM?
8	KEY IN FILE NAME (program continues until entire table is recalled)	NAME	(R/S)	VL TB ??????
				R0 10-1.0= ???? R1 10-1.5= ???? ST RT V TV7
9	TO CORRECT ERRORS KEY REGISTER # OF ERROR KEY CORRECT VOLUME REPEAT THIS STEP FOR EACH CORRECTIO (perform this step for volume table corrections only after storage and/or recall of a volume table)	REG. # VOLUME DN	(shift)(C) (R/S) (R/S)	R= CR VL= ST RT V TVN

in

R1 $10-1.5 =$ VOLUME PROMPT 36 RUN 36 (R/S) R2 $10-2.0 =$ (continue until R3 $10-2.5 =$ table is stored) R4 $10-3.0 =$ 52 S1 $12-1.0 =$ 47 R6 $12-1.5 =$ RUN
--

ST RT V TV ↑ XEQ b VL TB FL NM? VVV RUN VL TB VVV R0 10-1.0= 28 R1 10-1.5= 36 R2 10-2.0= 44 R3 10-2.5= 48 R4 10-3.0= 52 R5 12-1.0= 47 R6	<pre>VOLUME TABLE STORED (shift)(B) FILE NAME PROMPT (V)(V)(V) (R/S) (all table registers file recalled)</pre>
	RECALL COMPLETE

ST	RT Y TV ↑ XEQ c	CORRECTIONS IF NEEDED (shift)(C)
R=	0 RUN	REGISTER # OF ERROR PROMPT
CR	VL=	0 (R/S) CORRECT VOLUME PROMPT
SТ	82 RUN RT V TV ↑	82 (R/S)

NOTES

The Talley Register Program allows the 41 to be used as a tally register in the woods. The 41 can take the place of cruise sheets, retaining the tally in a tally file in the extended memory module of the 41. The 41, after the tally is complete, can automatically compute the volume with totals and averages using a stored volume table.

Each tally file requires 149 registers in the 41's extended memory. If sufficient registers do not exist, use file management routine step 6e to make the registers available. You might want to save a file on cards or cassette, before you purge the file, with the save file steps 6a or 6b.

New tally files must first be created, using file management step 6g, before a tally can be stored. Tally files are the only files the user will create. Room is created in extended memory for other file operations by the program, when file names are entered. This occurs when a volume table is stored and when any file is transferred into extended memory from a storage medium. If registers do not exist in extended memory for a file operation, the program will not execute the function until sufficient number of files are purged from the extended memory to create the room. Always limit file names to 6 characters.

The same named tally file can be used any number of times, without creating a new tally file. Remember the tree totals are cumulative with each use, unless the file is cleared before each successive use. The file can be cleared with file management step 6h.

The program prompts first for the tally working file name. This is the tally file you intend to use to store a tally. This file must exist in extended memory. The program then prompts for DBH, LOG, and NUMBER of trees for this DBH-LOG class. Continue to enter the cruise until the tally is complete. You do not have to follow any order, with regard to DBH-LOG class. Each DBH-LOG class is treated separate, with like DBH-LOG classes totaled in same register. Several tally files can be maintained and later totaled using file management step 6i. Any number of tally files can be combined, with the addition of one file at a time to a separate total file. Step 6i must be repeated for each file added.

The 41 can be turned off and on during tally storage to save batteries. The display of D?, L?, and N? is maintained. This is unlike some programs which display of alpha data is lost.

The Tally Recall part of this program recalls a tally file with only tree totals and no volume computation.

To compute the volume of a tally file go to the Tally File To Volume Program.

USER INSTRUCTIONS

STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT	FUNCTION	DISPLAY
1 2 3	LOAD "TPKC" CONTROL PROGRAM LOAD "TPKP" PROCESS PROGRAM INITIALIZE PROGRAM		(GOTO) (.) (.) (GOTO) (.) (.) (XEQ) "TPKC"	PACKING PACKING ST RT V TV 7
*4	SELECT TALLY REGISTER PROGRAM (go to step 5)		(A)	TL WK FL NM?
	OR SELECT TALLY RECALL PROGRAM (go to step 10)		(B)	TL FL NM?
5	KEY IN FILE NAME	NAME	(R/S)	D?
6	KEY DIAMETER OF TREE	DBH	(R/S)	L?
7	KEY # OF LOGS	LOGS	(R/S)	N?
8	KEY # OF TREES FOR THIS CLASS	TREES	(R/S)	??-?.?= ?
9	IF DISPLAY OF ENTERED DATA CORRECT	-	(R/S)	D?
	(repeat steps 6-9 to store tall) OR IF DISPLAY IS INCORRECT (go to step 6 and re-enter)	()	(E)	D?
10	KEY IN FILE NAME (program continues until entire tally file is recalled)	NAME	(R/S)	TL FL ??????
				D-L= ??.? T= ?
				T/T= ?
				FINALS
				F/T = ?
	* a data file must exist in extended memory. refer to the file management section and instruction steps			

DISPLAY

KEYSTROKES

XEQ "TPKC" ST RT V TV ↑ XEQ A	(XEQ)(ALPHA) TPKC (ALPHA) PROGRAM CHOICES (A)
TL WK FL NM?	FILE NAME PROMPT (C)(C)(C)
RUN 1/2	(R/S)
10. RUN L?	DBH PROMPT 10 (R/S)
2. RUN	LOG PROMPT 2 (R/S)
33. RUN	# TREES PROMPT 33 (R/S)
10-2.0= 33 † RUN	ENTERED DATA
D?	(R/S)

TALLY RECALL

XEQ "1	ТРКС"	(XEQ) (ALPHA) TPKC (ALPHA)
ST RT V	TV ↑	PROGRAM CHOICES
>	XEQ B	(B)
TL FL Nr	M?	FILE NAME PROMPT
000		(C) (C) (C)
	RUH	(R/S)

TL FL CCC

D-L= 10-2.0 T= 33.0

ERRORS & CORRECTIONS

D? 10. L?	RUN	
2.	RUN	
N? 53. 10-2.0= D?	RUN 53 ↑ XEQ E	DISPLAY INCORRECT (E) RE-ENTER
ם?		
11. D?	RUN	DBH IN ERROR RE-PROMPT
10. L?	RUN	RE-PROMPI
5. L?	RUN	LOG IN ERROR
2. N?	RUH	RE-PROMPT

NOTES

The Tally Sheets To Volume Program computes the volume as the cruise is entered from tally sheets. Ouputs are generated as data is entered. No files are created.

Enter all LOG classes for each DBH class before going to the next DBH class. Entering the cruise in this order, the DBH class totals will reflect true data.

Key in DBH. LOG, and NUMBER of trees for the DBH-LOG class when prompted by the program. The program remains with the same DBH class until changed by keying (D). DBH class totals are printed for each DBH class change. When last DBH class is entered, key (F) for a final total output to include averages. Do not key (D) for last DBH class totals, as they are printed before the final totals and averages.

This program contains a conversion factor 'C/F'. The feature enables the user to estimate the volume of a entire timber tract by using a representative sample plot cruise. Note the example cruise where 8 acres were used to estimate timber volume for the entire 80 acres.

A volume table must exist in a volume table file in extended memory before this program can be used. Refer to the Store Volume Table Program.

USER INSTRUCTIONS

STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT	FUNCTION	DISPLAY
1 2 3	LOAD "TPKC" CONTROL PROGRAM LOAD "TPKP" PROCESS PROGRAM INITIALIZE PROGRAM		(GOTO) (.) (.) (GOTO) (.) (.) (XEQ) "TPKC"	
*4 5 6	SELECT TALLY SHEETS TO VOLUME TO USE A CONVERSION FACTOR KEY TOTAL ACRES KEY ACRES PLOTTED OR NO CONVERSION FACTOR KEY TOTAL ACRES OR ZERO KEY IN FILE NAME	Y ACRES ACRES N ACRES NAME	(C) (R/S) (R/S) (R/S) (R/S) (R/S) (R/S)	C/F? T/A? A/P? VL TB FL NM? T/A? VL TB FL NM? D?
7 8 9 10	KEY DIAMETER OF TREE KEY # OF LOGS KEY # OF TREES FOR THIS CLASS IF DISPLAY OF ENTERED DATA CORRECT	DBH LOGS TREES	(R/S) (R/S) (R/S) (R/S)	L? N? ??-?.?=? D-L=??-?.? L=?.? T=? C/F=? ** V=? C/F=? ** L?
	OR IF DISPLAY IS INCORRECT (go to step 7 and re-enter)		(E)	D?
11	FOR NEW DBH & DBH CLASS TOTALS		(D)	+++++++++++ ?? DBH TOTS T/L= ?.? T/T= ? C/F= ? ** T/V= ? C/F= ? **
	REPEAT STEPS 7-11 TO COMPUTE VOLUME	2		D?
12	FOR FINAL TOTALS & LAST DBH TOTALS		(F)	+++++++++++++ ?? DBH TOTS (last dbh totals)
	* volume table must exist in extended memory. refer to store volume table section			FINALS F/L= ?.? F/T= ? C/F= ? **
	** will not display if no conversion factor is used			F/V= ? C/F= ? **
	<pre>*** will not display if zero entered for total acres @ the (or) part of step 5</pre>			%/C= ? ** C/F= ? ** A/L= ?.? A/D= ? A/V= ? A/V/A= ? *** L/TH/BF= ?

XEQ "TPKC" ST RT V TV ↑ XEQ C C∕F? Y	(XEQ) (ALPHA) TPKC (ALPHA) PROGRAM CHOICES (C) CONVERSION FACTOR
RUN TZA?	(Y) (R/S) TOTÀL ACRES PROMPT
80. RUN A/P? 8. RUN	80 (R/S) ACRES PLOTTED PROMPT
VL TB FL NM?	8 (R/S) FILE NAME PROMPT (V)(V)(V)
RUN D?	(R/S)
10. RUN L?	DBH PROMPT 10 (R/S) LOG PROMPT
2. RUN N?	2 (R/S) # OF TREES PROMPT
33. RUN 10-2.0= 33 ↑	33 (R/S) ENTERED DATA
RUN D-L= 10-2.0 L= 66.0	(R/S) DBH-LOGS CLASS LOGS
T= 33.0 C∕F= 330.0	TREES CONVERSION FACTOR
Y= 1,452.0 C∕F= 14,520. 0	VOLUME CONVERSION FACTOR
L?	LOG PROMPT SAME DBH
3.0 RUN N?	
5.0 RUN 10-3.0= 5 ↑ RUN	
D-L= 10-3.0 L= 15.0	
T= 5.0 C/F= 50.0	
V= 260.0 C/F= 2,600.0	
L? XEQ D	NEW DBH
++++++++++++ 10 DBH TOTS	DBH CLASS TOTALS
T/L= 81.0 T/T= 38.0 C/F= 380.0 T/V= 1,712.0 C/F= 17,120.0	

 $\mathtt{D}?$

NOTES

The Tally File To Volume Program computes the volume of a tally stored in a tally file in extended memory using a volume table stored in extended memory. This program allows volume computation of a tally stored. with the Tally Register Program, in the field without re-entry.

Outputs are generated automatically after the tally file name and volume table file name have been entered. The process continues until the volume of the stored tally is computed to include final totals and averages. A beep sounds as the final outputs are being generated.

This program also contains a conversion factor "C/F" as explained in the Tally Sheets To Volume Program.

A tally file and volume table file must exist in extended memory before this program can be used. Refer to both the Store Volume Table Program and the Tally Register Program.

The user may prefer storing a tally from tally sheets into a tally file, using the Tally Register Program. then using this program for volume computation instead of the Tally Sheets To Volume Program.

USER INSTRUCTIONS

STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT	FUNCTION	DISPLAY
1 2 3	LOAD "TPKC" CONTROL PROGRAM LOAD "TPKP" PROCESS PROGRAM INITIALIZE PROGRAM		(GOTO)(.)(.) (GOTO)(.)(.) (XEQ) ''TPKC''	PACKING PACKING ST RT V TV7
*4 5	SELECT TALLY FILE TO VOLUME TO USE A CONVERSION FACTOR KEY TOTAL ACRES KEY ACRES PLOTTED OR NO CONVERSION FACTOR KEY TOTAL ACRES OR ZERO	Y ACRES ACRES N ACRES	(D) (R/S) (R/S) (R/S) (R/S) (R/S)	C/F? T/A? A/P? VL TB FL NM? T/A? VL TB FL NM?
6 7	KEY IN FILE NAME KEY IN FILE NAME	NAME NAME	(R/S) (R/S)	TL FL NM? FILES VL TB ?????? TL FL ??????
				D-L= ??-?.? L= ? T= ? C/F= ? ** V= ? C/F= ? **
				++++++++++ ?? DBH TOTS T/L= ?.? T/T= ? C/F= ? ** C/F= ? **
	* both a volume table file and a tally file must exist in extended memory. refer to volume table and tally storage sections			FINALS F/L= ?.? F/T= ? C/F= ? ** F/V= ?
	** will not display if no conversion factor is used			C/F= ? ** %/C= ? ** C/F= ? **
	*** will not display if zero entered for total acres @ the (or) part of step 5			A/L= ?.? A/D= ? A/V= ? A/V/A= ? *** L/TH/BF= ?

DISPLAY

XEQ "TPKC" ST RT V TV 1 XEQ D C/F? Y RUN T/A? SØ. RUN A/P? 8. RUN VL TB FL NM? VVV RUN TL FL NM? CCC RUN	(XEQ) (ALPHA) TPKC (ALPHA) PROGRAM CHOICES (D) CONVERSION FACTOR (Y) (R/S) TOTAL ACRES PROMPT 80 (R/S) ACRES PLOTTED PROMPT 8 (R/S) FILE NAME PROMPT (V) (V) (V) (R/S) FILE NAME PROMPT (C) (C) (C) (R/S)
FILES	
VL TB VVV	VOLUME TABLE FILE NAME
TL FL CCC	TALLY FILE NAME
D-L= 10-2.0 L= 66.0 T= 33.0 C/F= 330.0 V= 1,452.0 C/F= 14,520.0	DBH-LOG CLASS LOGS TREES CONVERSION FACTOR VOLUME CONVERSION FACTOR
D-L= 10-3.0 L= 15.0 T= 5.0 C/F= 50.0 V= 260.0 C/F= 2,600.0	
+++++++++++ 10 DBH TOTS	DBH CLASS TOTALS
T/L= 81.0 T/T= 38.0 C/F= 380.0 T/V= 1,712.0 C/F= 17,120.0 0	

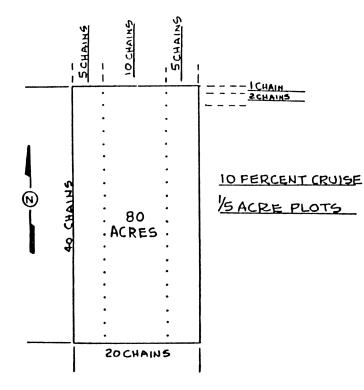
24	<pre>logs= # 16' logs X # trees in DBH-LOG class</pre>	trees= #trees in DBH-LOG class	volume= # trees in DBH-LOG class X volume	L total logs= # 16' logs in DBH class	r total trees- # trees in DBH class	V total volume= total volume in DBH class	L final logs= # 16' logs in all DBH classes	r final trees= # trees in all DBH classes	V final volume= total volume in all classes	c percent cruise= acres plotted / total acres	F conversion factor= total acres acres plotted	L average log= <u># 16' logs in all DBH classes</u> <u># trees in all DBH classes</u>	D average DBH≃ DBH X # trees in each DBH class all classes totaled # trees in all DBH classes	V average volume= total volume in all classes # trees in all DBH classes	A/V/A average volume per acre= totāl volume total acres	L/TH/BF logs per 1,000 board-feet= total # 16' logs toal volume / 1000
	A/D -average DBH A/L -average LOG L		A/V/A -average volume per acre V C/F -conversion factor	CL TL FL NM -clear tally file name T/L CR VL -correct volume	D -L -DBH -LOG T/T	-final -final			NM -new t -purge		SV FL NM -save file name T -trees T/A -total acres		TL FL -tally file TL FL -tally file name TL WK FL NM -tally working file name TOT FL NM -total file name	V VL TB VL TB VL TB FL NM -volume table file name	C -percent cruise FL NM -plus file name	

APPENDIX B

APPENDIX A

24

April 17 10 Section Pine trees 1 2 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5		TALLY CARD FOR	FOR ESTIMATING STANDING TIMBER	ING STA	DNIDN	TIMBER
Imagin foot 1 2 3 33 5 34 1452 260 1712 1452 260 1712 16 53 69 16 53 69 1200 5035 6235 22 36 58 23 556 7764 1 14 28 43 2508 5256 7764 1 14 28 43 2508 5256 7764 1 14 28 43 95 2226 5908 8229 95 2226 5908 8229 95 2226 5908 8229 95 2226 5908 8229 95 2226 5908 8229 95 2226 13 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1324 <t< td=""><td>April</td><td>17</td><td>. 19 80</td><td></td><td></td><td>a</td></t<>	April	17	. 19 80			a
1 2 3 5 3 Total 33 5 38 38 38 1452 260 1712 1712 16 53 69 1712 1200 5035 6235 6235 1200 5035 5256 7764 1 14 28 43 1 14 28 8229 95 22206 5908 8229 95 2226 5908 8229 95 2226 5908 8229 95 2226 5908 8229 95 2226 5908 8229 95 2226 5908 8229 95 2226 5908 8229 95 2226 5908 8229 95 2226 5908 8229 95 2226 3214 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2					Ŧ	
33 5 38 1452 260 1712 1452 260 1712 16 53 69 1200 5035 6235 22 36 58 22 36 533 23 535 6235 23 56 576 23 5508 5256 23 5208 5229 25 5208 5256 1 14 28 1 14 28 2508 5256 7764 3514 28 43 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 270 364 634 270 364 13 270 364 13 270 364 13 270 364 13 270 301 305 37		-	2			totals
1452 260 1712 16 53 69 1200 5035 6235 22 36 58 22 36 58 22 36 58 22 36 535 22 36 535 22 36 5256 1 14 28 1 14 28 95 2226 5908 8229 95 2226 5908 8229 95 2226 5908 8229 95 2226 5908 8229 95 2226 5908 8229 95 2226 5908 8229 95 2226 1364 43 1 1 1 2 1254 1960 13 458 13 458 458 458 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 264 1 1 1 2	trees		33	2		38
16 53 69 1200 5035 6235 22 36 5256 2508 5256 7764 2508 5256 7764 2508 5256 7764 2508 5256 7764 2508 5256 7764 14 28 43 2508 5256 5908 2508 5256 43 2226 5908 8229 6 7 13 6 7 13 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 270 364 634 270 364 634 458 trees 224 volume 2824 808 13.4 1 1 1 364 634 258 6 458 13.4 80 100 2.58 80 100 2.58 80	volume	•	1452	260		1712
1200 5035 6235 22 36 58 22 36 58 2508 5256 7764 14 28 43 120 5908 8229 2226 5908 8229 6 7 13 6 7 13 1254 1960 3214 1254 1960 3214 270 364 634 458 trees 224 458 trees 2824 1 1 1 1 270 364 634 578 458 trees 224 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2824 1 1 1 265 1 1 1 265 1 1 1 265 1 1 1 265 1 1 1 265 1 1 1 265 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>16</td> <td>53</td> <td></td> <td>69</td>			16	53		69
22 36 58 2508 5256 7764 2508 5256 43 14 28 43 2226 5908 8229 6 7 13 6 7 13 1 1 1 1254 1960 3214 270 364 634 458 458 458 1 1 1 270 364 634 270 364 634 1 1 1 1 458 trees 224 volume 2824 13.4 avg 10gs 578 avg 10gs 5.58			1200	5035		6235
2508 5256 7764 14 28 43 2226 5908 8229 6 7 13 6 7 13 1 1 2314 1254 1960 3214 1 1 2314 270 364 634 458 trees 224 volume 2824 avg 10gs 578			22	36		58
14 28 43 2226 5908 8229 6 7 13 6 7 13 1 1 1 270 364 634 270 364 634 458 458 458 458 trees 224 1 1 1 270 364 634 270 364 634 270 364 578 458 trees 224 volume 2824 avg 10gs 578 avg 10gs 578 avg 10gs 578			2508	5256		7764
2226 5908 8229 6 7 13 1254 1960 3214 1 1 2 1 1 2 270 364 634 458 458 458 1 1 1 270 364 634 270 364 534 270 364 24 458 trees 224 volume 2824 avg 0gg 578 avg 10gs 578 avg 10gs 578 avg 10gs 578 avg 10gs 578 avg 190g 2.58		1	14	28		43
6 7 13 1254 1960 3214 1 1 2 270 364 634 270 364 634 270 364 634 270 364 22 270 364 23 270 364 23 270 364 23 270 364 23 270 364 23 270 364 23 270 364 23 270 364 23 270 364 10gs 578 avg 10gs		95	2226	5908		8229
1960 3214 1 2 364 634 364 634 364 634 364 284 458 458 trees 224 volume 2824 avg <log< td=""> 10gs avg<log< td=""> 10gs avg<log< td=""> 10g avg<log< td=""> 126.</log<></log<></log<></log<>			9	2		13
1 2 364 634 1 1 1 1 1 458 458 458 trees 224 volume 2824 avg 10gs 578	+		1254	1960		3214
364 634 1 1 1 458 458 458 trees 224 volume 2824 avg 10gs 578 378 avg 10gs avg 10g	-		1	T		7
trees 224 volume 2824 avg logs 578 avg log 2.58 volume 126.	-		270	364	·	634
trees 224 volume 2824 logs 578 avg log 2.58 volume 126.				1		1
trees 224 volume 2824 avg DBH 13.4 avg log 2.58 volume 126.	.			458		458
volume 2824 logs 578 avg DBH 13.4 avg log 2.58 volume 126.				t	sees	224
logs 578 avg DBH 13.4 avg log 2.58 volume 126.				2	lume	28246
avg DBH 13.4 avg log 2.58 volume 126.					logs	578
avg log 2.58 volume 126.				βAB	DBH	13.4
volume 126.				avg		2.58
					lume	•
	-	-	Tohneon	-+-+-	,	



FORM CLASS 78 56

Tree diam-		VO	LUM	E (bo	ard f	eet)] 6-FO	BY N OT I	UM1	BER	OF	
eter (inches)	1	11/1	2	31/6	8	314	4	434	8	\$15	•
10	28	86	44	48	82						
11	38	49	60	67	74						
12	47	61	75	85	95	100					
13	56	76	94	107	120	128	136				
14	60	92	114	130	146	156	166				
18	82	109	136	157	178	192	206				
16		127	180		811	\$20					
17	109		184	315	\$46	268	289				
18	128	166			280	806					
19	140	190		281	822	\$52					
20	167	214	270	317	364	396	432	450	486		
21	176	240			411	450	490		856		
22		206	335	396	456	· 504			626		
23	214	204	874	441	508	868		652			
24	284	822			568	611	665		770		
26	300	855	452	564	617	678	740	799	858		·····
26	281	368									
27	304	420					886	959	1,032		
28		452				877	969	1,040	1,120	1, 190	1, 261
29	854	491	628			963	1,042	1, 132	1, 222	1,300	1, 389
80	882	A\$ 0	678	806	933	1,039	1, 124	1, 234	1, 826	1, 421	1, 517
81				871	1,011	1, 117	1, 223	1, 828	1, 434	1, 641	1, 648
82	440			936	1,089	1,200	1, 822	1, 432	1, 548	1, 661	1,779
88	460		838	1,001	1, 164	1, 289	1, 414	1, 634	1,654	1,783	1, 912
84	490		802	1,066	1, 239	1, 873	1, 507	1, 636	1,766	1,906	2, 046
86	630	742	964	1, 141	1, 828	1, 478	1, 618	1, 757	1, 896	2, 044	2, 192
36		780	1,015	1, 216	1, 416	1, 872	1,728	1, 877	2, 026	2, 182	2, 338
87		836	1,075	1,290	1,506	1,670	1,835	1,998	2, 160	2, 824	2, 488
81	629	882	1, 135	1,366	1, 596	1,700	1,942	2, 118	2, 160 2, 298 2, 434	2, 460	2, 637
89	660	985	1, 204	1, 449	1, 694	1, 881	2,068	2, 261	2, 484	2, 616	2, 799
40	708	966	11, 274	1, 532	1, 791	1 , 99 8	 Z, 19 6	2, 384	2, 574	2, 768	12, 961

TABLE 47.-Gross volume of tree, Scribner log rule

APPENDIX D

D-L= 10-2.0	D-L= 14-3.0	D-L= 18-3.0	51112 A	D-L= 16-1.0
	L= 103.0	L= 21.0	FINALS	T= 1.0
L= 66.0	T= 36.0	T= 7.0		
T= 33.0	C/F= 360.0	C/F= 70.0		D-L= 16-2.0
C/F= 330.0	V= 5,256.0	V= 1,960.0		T= 14.0
V= 1,452.0	C/F= 52,560.0	C/F= 19,600.0	F/L= 578.0	1- 14.0
C/F= 14,520.0	C/1- 32/300.0	<u>c</u> /1 = 177000.0	F/T= 224.0	
			C/F= 2,240.0	U-L= 16-3.0
D-L= 10-3.0	++++++++++	++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	F/V= 28,246.0	T= 28.0
L= 15.0	14 DBH TOTS	18 DBH TOTS	C/F= 282,460.0	
T= 5.0			0/1- 202/400:0	
C∕F= 50.0	T/L= 152.0	T/L= 33.0	%/C= 10.00	T/T= 43.0
¥= 260.0	T/T= 58.0	T/T= 13.0		================
C/F= 2,600.0	C/F= 580.0	C/F= 130.0	C/F= 10.00	
0.1 2700010	T/¥= 7,764.0	T/V= 3,214.0	0.4 0.50	
*****	C/F= 77,640.0	C/F= 32,140.0	A/L= 2.58	D-L= 18-2.0
10 DBH TOTS	22222222222		A/D= 13.41	T= 6.0
10 1013			A/V= 126.10	
$T_{\rm eff} = 01.6$			A/¥/A= 3,530.75	D-L= 18-3.0
T/L= 81.0	D-L= 16-1.0	D-L= 20-2.0		T= 7.0
T/T= 38.0	L= 1.0	L= 2.0		
C/F= 380.0	T= 1.0	T= 1.0	L/TH/BF= 20.46	
T/¥= 1,712.0	C/F= 10.0	C/F= 10.0		T/T- 17 G
C/F= 17,120.0	V= 95.0	V= 270.0		T/T= 13.0
22222222222	C/F= 950.0	C/F= 2,700.0		
	L/F- 330.0	U/r- 2/700.0		
	$D_{-1} = 14 - 2$ 0	D-L= 20-3.0		D L = 20 2 0
D-L= 12-2.0	D-L= 16-2.0			D-L= 20-2.0
L= 32.0	L= 28.0	L= 3.0		T= 1.0
T= 16.0	T= 14.0	T= 1.0		
C/F= 160.0	C/F= 140.0	C/F= 10.0	D-L= 10-2.0	D-L= 20-3.0
V= 1,200.0	V= 2,226.0	V= 364.0	T= 33.0	T= 1.0
C/F= 12,000.0	C/F= 22,260.0	C/F= 3,640.0		
			D-L= 10-3.0	
D-L= 12-3.0	D-L= 16-3.0	+++++++++++	T= 5.0	T/T= 2.0
L= 159.0	L= 84.0	20 DBH TOTS		
T= 53.0	T= 28.0			
C/F= 530.0	C/F= 280.0	1/L= 5.0	T/T= 38.0	
V= 5,035.0	¥= 5,908.0	T/T= 2.0	===========	D-L= 22-3.0
	C∕F= 59,080.0	C∕F= 20.0		T= 1.0
C/F= 50,350.0		T/V= 634.0		
	*****	C/F= 6,340.0	D-L= 12-2.0	
+++++++++++	16 DBH TOTS		T= 16.0	T/T= 1.0
12 DBH TOTS			1 1010	============
T.0. 404 0	T/L= 113.0		D-L= 12-3.0	
T/L= 191.0	T/T= 43.0	D-L= 22-3.0	T= 53.0	
T/T= 69.0	C/F= 430.0	L= 3.0		FINALS
C/F= 690.0	T/¥= 8,229.0	T= 1.0		TIMES
T/Y= 6,235.0	C/F= 82,290.0	C/F= 10.0	T/T= 69.0	F/T= 224.0
C/F= 62, 350.0		V= 458.0	===========	F/1- 224.0
2222222222		C/F= 4,580.0		
		G/F- 47300.0		
	D-L= 18-2.0	*****		
D-L= 14-2.0		22 DBH TOTS	D-L= 14-2.0	
L= 44.0	L= 12.0	22 JBH 1015	T= 22.0	
T= 22.0	T= 6.0	T 4 3 5		
C/F= 220.0	C/F= 60.0	T/L= 3.0	D-L= 14-3.0	
¥= 2,508.0	V= 1,254.0	T/T= 1.0	T= 36.0	
C/F= 25,080.0	C/F= 12,540.0	C/F= 10.0		
		T∕V= 458.0		
		C∕F= 4,580.0	T/T= 58.0	
		=========	=========	

26

A PRODUCT OF

HARREN LEI Communications

SOFTWARE DIVISION

BOX 335 SYLVESTER, GA. 31791