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Summary					
Card programmable calculators together with suitable pro- grams can easily provide numerical answers which formerly took large computers and volumes of tabular or plotted outputs for everyday reference. Presented here are derivations and program listings for the HP-65 and HP-67 calculators to pro- vide the user with commonly used radar detection performance data. Both fixed threshold and adaptive threshold CFAR detection with noncoherent integration are covered. Recursive programs for the general chi-squared target fluctuation distribution are treated as well as faster running recursive programs for the Swerling target Cases I - IV. Also included are fast programs for the required detection signal-to-noise ratio based on the simplified algorithms of Barton.					

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section	Title	Page
I	INTRODUCTION	1-1
IJ	FIXED THRESHOLD DETECTION - RECURSIVE SOLUTION	2-1
	1. Swerling Case II	2-1
	2. Swerling Cases I, III, IV	2-5
	3. Generalized and Nonfluctuating Target Model	2-8
III	FIXED THRESHOLD DETECTION - BARTON ALGORITHM	3-1
IV	CFAR DETECTION - RECURSIVE SOLUTION	4-1
	1. Swerling Case II	4-1
	2. Generalized Target Model	4-3
	3. CFAR Loss	4-4
v	HP-65 PROGRAMS	5-1
	1. Fixed-Threshold, Recursive Solutions	
	2. Fixed-Threshold, Barton Algorithm	
	3. CFAR Detection, Recursive Solutions	5-13
VI	HP-67 PROGRAMS	6-1
	1. Fixed-Threshold, Recursive Programs	6-2
	2. Fixed-Threshold, Barton Algorithm	6-13
	3. CFAR Detection, Recursive Solutions	6-17
VII	ILLUSTRATIVE EXAMPLES	7-1
	1. HP-65 Fixed-Threshold, Recursive	7-1
	2. HP-65 Fixed-Threshold, Barton	7-2
	3. HP-65 CFAR Detection	7-2
	4. HP-67 Fixed-Threshold, Recursive	7-3
	5. HP-67 Fixed-Threshold, Barton	7-3
	6. HP-67 CFAR Detection	7-4
VIII	REFERENCES	8-1

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

Figure	Title	Page
1-1	Fixed-Threshold Detection	1-2
1-2	CFAR Detection (Background Normalized)	1-2
2-1	Algorithmic Program for Y Given P	2-4
2-2	Algorithmic Program for P4	2-7
2-3	Algorithmic Program for PG	2-11
4-1	Algorithmic Program for PGC	4-5
4-2	Square-Law CFAR Loss Swerling Case II Target, $PF = 10^{-2}$, $PD = 0.5$	4-6
4-3	Square-Law CFAR LCss Swerling Case II Target, $PF = 10^{-6}$, $PD = 0.5$	4-7
4-4	Square-Law CFAR Loss Swerling Case II Target, $PF = 10^{-10}$, $PD = 0.5$	4-8

SECTION I

INTRODUCTION

The problem treated here is the classical detection of RF target signals in a Gaussian noise background. This was initially analyzed and presented by Marcum and Swerling^{1, 2} and extended, since that time by a number of writers. Since tabulated lists and curves are often somewhat awkward to use, the writers were interested in hand-calculator programs which could give numerical results over a wide variety of detection parameters. In particular, programs for HP-65 and HP-67 calculators are presented, but the algorithmic approaches could easil^{1, b}e programmed on other calculators.

The writer sta. this work by following Barton's³ approach, an empirical approximation which directly provides required signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) for given probability of detection (PD) for various target models. The accuracy of the approximation is within a dB for normal parameter values, but the approach does not lend itself to finding probability of detection, given the SNR, without an iterative approach which is beyond the capability of the HP-65.

Later, the writer found an excellent report by Shnidman⁴ who had found finite recursive series solutions for probability of detection for the basic four Swerling target models for fixed-threshold detection, and who also presented infinite series algorithms for nonfluctuating and the generalized chi-squared target models. These algorithms were found to be directly programmable for the HP-65. S. P. Applebaum has translated these programs for the HP-67 and these are included here. For the special case of a Swerling Case II target, these programs can solve for either PD or for SNR.

In spite of the importance of both CFAR detection and noncoherent integration, there are few papers in the literature which combine the two. One excellent paper, however, is that of Mitchell and Walker⁵. This paper treats the background estimation type of CFAR, and it has provided algorithms used here to cover these cases. For the special case of Swerling Case II, a finite series solution and programmed iterative inverse can provide either PD or SNR as with the fixed-threshold case. For other target models, a truncated infinite series solution provides PD given the SNR.

The implementations which these analyses treat are illustrated in Figures 1-1 and 1-2. In Figure 1-1, the noise background is considered to be constant and known. N samples of signal-plus-noise are summed and compared to a fixed threshold. If the threshold is exceeded, a target detection is declared. The threshold is set according to a specified falsealarm probability in the absence of signal. In the recursive solutions programmed here, the first step is the calculation of the threshold value given the false-alarm probability.

Figure 1-2 considers the case where the background noise is unknown or slowly varying so that a noise estimate must be made in order to establish a detection threshold value. The noise estimate here considered is the sum of R independent detected noise samples, and corresponds to the most common type of constant false-alarm rate (CFAR) detector.

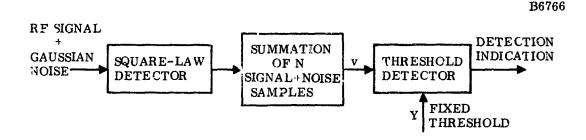


Figure 1-1. Fixed-Threshold Detection

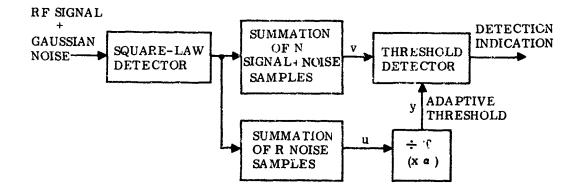


Figure 1-2. CFAR Detection (Background Normalized)

The target models used here follow that of Swerling and the integrated target SNR distributions all may be considered special cases of the chi-squared (or gamma) distribution given by

$$w(z, Z) = \frac{1}{(K-1)!} \left(\frac{K}{Z}\right)^{K} z^{K-1} e^{-\frac{Kz}{Z}}$$
 (1-1)

where z is the integrated target power SNR for any trial and $Z = \overline{z}$. K is a distribution parameter which can have any value greater than zero and certain values of K correspond to standard target fluctuation cases* as follows:

$$\frac{0 < K < 1 : \text{Weinstock case}}{K = 1 : \text{Swerling case I}}$$

$$w(z, Z) = \frac{1}{Z} e^{-\frac{Z}{Z}}$$
(1-2)

Exponential power or Rayleigh voltage distribution. Target constant over N integrated samples. Results from radar target composed of many separate scatterers. Often satisfied by aircraft.

K = 2 : Swerling case III

$$w(z,z) = \frac{4}{Z^2} e^{-\frac{2z}{Z}}$$

Approximate distribution of target with Rayleigh and fixed components of equal average power. Target constant over N integrated samples.

K = N : Swerling case II

Same basic target distribution as for K = 1 but with target amplitude independent over N integrated samples. Often satisfied by aircraft targets with pulse-to-pulse radar frequency agility.

K = 2N : Swerling case IV

Same basic target distribution as for K = 2 but with target amplitude independent over N integrated samples.

^{*} Nathanson⁶ provides a good discussion of these target models.

 $K = \infty$: Nonfluctuating target or case 0

z = Z

Note that other values of K may be useful for cases with different target fluctuation rates or with block correlation within the N samples integrated.⁷ If the diversity order within the N samples is Ne then with a Rayleigh target K should be taken equal to Ne. For a Case III target distribution K should be taken as 2Ne.

SECTION II

FIXED THRESHOLD DETECTION - RECURSIVE SOLUTION

1. SWERLING CASE II

Although, as shown later, generalized programs can be written to cover chi-squared distributions of any K, it is worthwhile to consider some special cases since they can provide both simpler and faster running calculator programs. We shall start with the simplest of these cases - fixed threshold detection with a Swerling case II target model.

The probability density function of v, the integrated signal-plus-noise variate, is given by, *

$$f(v) = \frac{v^{N-1}}{(1+X)^{N} (N-1)!} e^{-\frac{v}{1+X}}$$
(2-1)

where X is the average SNR of each sample. The probability of detection is then given by

P2 =
$$\int_{Y}^{\infty} \frac{v^{N-1}}{(1+X)^{N} (N-1)!} e^{-\frac{V}{1+X}} dv$$
 (2-2)

This may be integrated by parts to give

P2 =
$$\sum_{m=0}^{N-1} \frac{Y^m}{m! (1+X)^m} e^{-\frac{Y}{1+X}}$$
 (2-3)

Notice that for X = 0 this reduces to the false alarm probability (PF)

$$PF = \sum_{m=0}^{N-1} \frac{y^m}{m!} e^{-Y}$$
(2-4)

^{*} Eqn. III. 10 of Swerling or Eqn. (39) for $f_N(V|X)$ of Mitchell and Walker on page 675 noting that our X = Z/N corresponds to their X/N.

which provides an implicit solution for Y given PF. Notice also that by substituting Y = Y/1+X in Equation (2-4), we obtain Equation (2-3) so that one program routine can be used for both. This common equation shall be written as

$$P = \sum_{m=0}^{N-1} \frac{y^m}{m!} e^{-Y}$$
(2-5)

with each definition of Y giving the appropriate corresponding definition of P.

Given a desired PF, the first step in finding either P2 given X or X given P2 must be to find Y using Equation (2-5) with P = PF. Perhaps one's first thought might be to use Newton's method to find the root of P - PIN where PIN is the specified value and P is obtained from the equation for a given Y. However, since P versus Y has an inflection point, convergence is not assured and it is better to use ln (P/PIN). This leads to incrementing Y for successive trials by

$$\Delta Y = -\frac{\ln P - \ln PIN}{\frac{d}{dY} (\ln P)} = -\frac{P}{P!} \ln (P/PIN)$$

We find by differentiating Equation (2-5) that

$$P' = -\frac{Y^{N-1}}{(N-1)!} e^{-Y}$$

= - last term of P series.

In the algorithmic expressions, the mth term of this series is used and shall be designated YM. Each term is determined recursively from the previous term. After completing the series, we will have in storage the last term, YM, so we can use this for - P'. Therefore, in applying Newton's method, the Y-increment for successive trials is given by

$$\Delta Y = \frac{P}{YM} \ln \frac{P}{PIN}$$
(2-6)

To begin the iteration of Newton's method a starting value for Y is also needed which shall be designated Y0. The writer found empirically that the following expression approximated Y quite closely for small values of PIN as may customarily be desired for PF, and was programmable with very few program steps on the HP-65.

$$Y0 = N - \sqrt{N} + 2.3 \sqrt{L} (\sqrt{L} + \sqrt{N} - 1)$$

L = -log PIN (2-7)

Using this start only three or four iterations are needed to calculate Y to 10 significant figures for any value of PIN of interest.

This solution of Equation (2-5) for Y can more completely be specified by using the algorithmic notation of Iverson (following Shnidman's practice) as given in Figure 2-1.

A brief explanation of this notation is first in order. The arrow notation implies a specification, that is, the statement, $L \leftarrow -\log PiN$, is translated to mean that the quantity L is specified by $-\log PIN$. The normal execution of the statements is line by line starting at the top, but a branch may be designated by an arrow between two statement lines. A conditional branch is denoted by a colon statement, and the branch is executed if the comparison condition specified on the arrow is sa⁺⁺sfied. Otherwise the next statement in the sequence is executed.

The brackets labeled D and E on Figure 2-1 correspond to subroutines in the HP-65 program which follows and are shown here for convenience. Notice that the iteration is terminated when $|\Delta Y/Y|$ is less than 10^{-6} . Since the stored value of Y has already been corrected by the indicated ΔY and the convergence is quite rapid, Y is usually accurate to 9 or 10 significant figures.

Having obtained Y for a given PF using this algorithm, we can calculate P2 directly from Equation (2-5) [i.e., subroutine E] by the substitution Y = Y/(1+X). Alternatively, if P2 is given and it is desired to find X, we can substitute PIN = P2, find a corresponding Y2 using the program of Figure 2-1 an then find X = Y/Y2 - 1.

These features are all contained in the Program HP-65 Y-P2 given here. Most of the program comes directly from the algorithmic program of Figure 2-1, but a few co^{-1} ats may help in its understanding. First of all, the writer has often recorded in the c^{-1} ent space on each line of the HP-65 programs the stack contents in the order, x, y, z, t. This may be useful to understanding since the stack is often used in these programs for temporary storage. This practice saves on use of the storage registers which is sometimes necessary and also often leads to shorter, faster running programs.

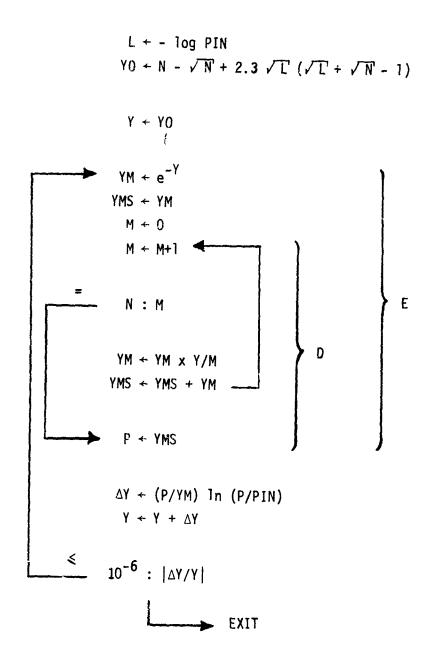


Figure 2-1. Algorithmic Program for Y Given P

Next, the LBLE subroutine incorporates LBLD as a loop to save a program step. When the D statement is reached on the last step, it jumps to LBLD. When the test $N \leq M$ is satisfied, the RTN jumps back to the E-subroutine call, since the HP-65 has only one program step register, and that holds only the initial subroutine call step number no matter how many successive subroutines are called before the RTN statement is executed.

Since for finding X given PF and P2, the Y-algorithm programmed here is used twice, it is preceded by storing the previously calculated Y from R2 in R6. The first time through nothing exists in R2 anyway, so these steps can be ignored in trying to understand the program. After running the second time with PIN \leftarrow P2 the program stops with Y2 displayed. Depressing the R/S key then restores Y in R2 and calculates X from the Y2 and Y previously found.

Finding P2 given X uses the LBLA function and is straightforward, requiring only that Y has been previously calculated or otherwise stored in R2.

It is interesting to note that Shnidman was concerned about accuracy of the calculation and underflow for certain cases such as e^{-Y} for large values of Y. His computer was equivalent to about 7 digit words and he went to double-precision arithmetic and logarithmic calculation in underflow cases. With the 10 digit words and $10^{\pm 99}$ range of the HP calculators, together with direct monitoring by the operator, such measures are really unnecessary. The programs have been written such that if input parameters which would lead to underflow are entered, the underflow condition results almost immediately. This is indicated on the HP-65 by interruption of the program sequence with the display reading zero.

2. SWERLING CASES I, III, IV

In this section, the basic expressions to be programmed will not be derived but will be taken directly from Shnidman² to which the reader is referred for more detail.

We shall refer to the function represented by Equation (2-5) as P(N, Y). The probability of detection of a Swerling Case I target can then be found as

$$P1 = e^{-Y/(Z+1)}$$
 for N = 1,

or

P1 = P(N-1, Y) +
$$\left(\frac{Z+1}{Z}\right)^{N-1} e^{-Y(Z+1)} \left[1 - P\left(N-1, \frac{YZ}{Z+1}\right)\right]$$
 for N ≥ 2 (2-8)

Here the integrated power signal-to-noise ratio, Z = NX was used.

The HP-65 P1 program directly implements this expression. Prior to running this, the Y-P2 program must be run to store Y in the R2 register. The same basic LBL Esubroutine is used here as in the prior program, modified slightly to give P(N-1, Y1) where Y1 is in the X-register prior to calling the subroutine. The coefficient of [1-P] is also tested so that if too small, the LBLE subroutine is not run a second time.

In a similar way, the PD for a Swerling Case III target can be found as

P3 =
$$e^{-\frac{2Y}{Z+2}} \left[1 + \frac{2YZ}{(Z+2)^2}\right]$$
 for N = 1

ōr

$$P3 = \frac{Y^{N-2} e^{-Y}}{(N-2)!} \cdot \frac{2Y}{Z+2} + P(N-1, Y) + \left(\frac{Z+2}{Z}\right)^{N-2} e^{-\frac{2Y}{Z+2}} \left[1 - \frac{2(N-2)}{Z} + \frac{2Y}{Z+2}\right] \cdot \left[1 - P(N-1, \frac{YZ}{Z+2})\right] \text{ for } N \ge 2$$

$$(2-9)$$

The HP-65 P3 program directly implements this expression. It is run following the Y-P2 program to find Y as was the P1 program.

Shnidman shows that the PD for a Swerling Case IV target can be written as

$$P4 = \sum_{M=0}^{N-1} \frac{v^{M}}{M!} e^{-V} + \sum_{M=N}^{2N-1} \frac{v^{M}}{M!} e^{-V} \left[1 - \sum_{K=0}^{M-N} \frac{N!}{K! (N-K)!} \left(\frac{X}{X+2} \right)^{K} \left(\frac{2}{X+2} \right)^{N-K} \right]$$
(2-10)

where

V = 2Y/(X+2).

Although the first term is clearly equal to P(N, V), the second term is an extended summation of the same form as the first with a more complex term-by-term multiplier. The programming involves a doubly recursive approach which is best illustrated in algorithmic form on Figure 2-2.

$$M + 0$$

$$ZK + [2/(X+2)]^{N}$$

$$V + 2Y/(X+2)$$

$$YM + e^{-V}$$

$$YMS + YM$$

$$M + M+1$$

$$M + M+1$$

$$M + M+1$$

$$YM + YM V/M$$

$$YMS - YMS + YM$$

$$SUM + YMS$$

$$ZKS + ZK$$

$$YM + YM \cdot V/M$$

$$SUM + SUM + YM (1 - ZKS)$$

$$ZK + ZK \cdot X/2 \cdot (2N - M)/(M - N + i)$$

$$ZKS + ZKS + ZK$$

$$M + M+1$$

$$\leq 2N : M$$

$$P4 + SUM \longrightarrow EXIT$$

Figure 2-2. Algorithmic Program for P4

For relating Figure 2-2 to Equation (2-10), note that K = M-N so that no separate index is needed. The nomenclature YM corresponds to $(V^M/M!) e^{-V}$ while ZK corresponds to each term of the K summation and YMS and ZKS have corresponding relationships to YM and ZK, respectively.

The order of some of the steps listed here is arbitrary and are written to correspond to the program HP-65 P4 for consistency. This program is used, as for P1 and P3 after running Y-P2 to find Y.

3. GENERALIZED AND NONFLUCTUATING TARGET MODEL

For the nonfluctuating target, as well as the general case, the summation of an infinite series is required, and the nonfluctuating target can be considered a special case of the general formulation. Mitchell and Walker give a straightforward derivation which in our nomenclature can be written as follows.

The distribution of v for a given integrated signal-to-noise ratio, z, is given by

$$f_{N}(v|z) = \left(\frac{v}{z}\right)^{\frac{N-1}{2}} e^{-(v+z)} I_{N-1}(2\sqrt{vz})$$
$$= \sum_{b=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^{b} v^{N+b-1} e^{-(v+z)}}{b! (N+b-1)!}$$
(2-11)

as given by Marcum and Swerling.

-- -

The probability that v will exceed a fixed threshold, Y, is then

$$P(v > Y | z) = \int_{Y}^{\infty} f_{N}(v | z) dv$$

= $\sum_{b=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^{b}}{b!} e^{-z} \sum_{m=0}^{N+b-1} \frac{Y^{m}}{m!!} e^{-Y}$ (2-12)

For a nonfluctuating target, this gives the desired PD by letting z = Z. For a fluctuating target, we must integrate over the distribution of z as follows

$$P = \int_{0}^{\infty} w(z, Z) P(v > Y | z) dz$$
 (2-13)

Using w(z, Z) for the generalized chi-squared distribution of Equation (1-1), this yields the generalized PD,

$$PG = \sum_{b=0}^{\infty} \frac{(K+b-1)!}{b!(K-1)!} \left(\frac{K}{K+Z}\right)^{K} \left(\frac{Z}{K+Z}\right)^{b} \sum_{m=0}^{N+b-1} \frac{Y^{m}}{m!} e^{-Y}$$
(2-14)

Shnidman changes the order of summation of these expressions so as to get a more direct measure of error which can be used to truncate the summation to a finite number of terms. This expression then becomes

$$PG = \sum_{m=0}^{N-1} YM + \sum_{M=N}^{\infty} YM \left(1 - \sum_{b=0}^{M-N} XB\right)$$

where

$$YM = \frac{Y^{M}}{M!} e^{-Y}$$

and

$$XB = \frac{(K+b-1)!}{b!(K-1)!} (1-V)^{K} V^{b}, V = \frac{Z}{K+Z}$$

Note that a nonfluctuating target corresponds to the limit as $K \rightarrow \infty$ for which

$$XB \rightarrow \frac{Z^{b}}{b!} e^{-Z}$$
(2-16)

The error in Equation (2-15) for a truncated summation is shown by Shnidman to be given by the product,

$$\epsilon_{\mathbf{M}} = \left(1 - \sum_{\mathbf{m}=0}^{\mathbf{M}} \mathbf{Y}\mathbf{M}\right) \left(1 - \sum_{\mathbf{b}=0}^{\mathbf{M}-\mathbf{N}} \mathbf{X}\mathbf{B}\right)$$
(2-17)

(2-15)

The programs for PG given here test this product after each term of the PG summation and when it becomes less than 10^{-8} , which seems a suitably small number, the summation is stopped.

An algorithmic program for PG is given in Figure 2-3, the program corresponding directly to the HP-65 PG program. As with the other programs, it is necessary to run Y-P2 first to find Y. The initiation of the PG program requires entry of both X, and the target distribution parameter, K.

Suitable values of K were discussed in the introduction, but the special case of a nonfluctuating target provides some difficulty since infinity is not an allowable entry value. The best large number to substitute for infinity in this case was found to be about 10^5 (entered with only two keystrobes as EEX 5). Larger values for K give difficulties for some values of Z = NX in calculating the initial value of XB, while smaller values are less accurate approximations of infinity. This compromise, however, apparently gives an accuracy for the calculated P0 of at least three places for any value of Z. To avoid the required entry of K in this case, as well as to provide greater accuracy if wanted, a modified form of the PG program is given here as the P0 program which calculates the detection probability for a nonfluctuating target. This is based on using Equation (2-16) for XB in place of the more general Equation (2-15). This eliminates the computation difficulty for a large value of K, since it is not used.

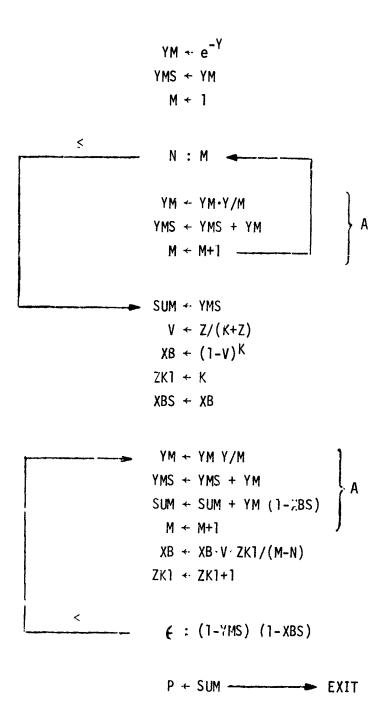


Figure 2-3. Algorithmic Program for PG

SECTION III

FIXED THRESHOLD DETECTION - BARTON ALGORITHM

Barton³ and Cann⁸ were interested in a somewhat universal set of curves which could be used simply to find radar detection performance over various target and radar parameters. They found that an ideal detector curve plus a set of relatively simple loss factors, i.e., detector loss, integration loss, collapsing loss, and fluctuation loss, gave very reasonable accuracy for normal values of PD, PF, and N, and for the target distributions we have been considering. Barton's algorithms have also been programmed for the HP-65 and HP-67 and are included here. These programs are complementary to the PD programs previously given in that they calculate a required signal-to-noise ratio for a given PD rather than the other way around.

For the nonfluctuating target, and no collapsing ratio, the Barton/Cann algorithm can be written

SNR (dB) = 10 log
$$\left\{ \frac{1}{2} \left[X + \sqrt{X(X+9,2)} \right] \right\}$$

 $X = \frac{1}{2N} \left[Q^{-1} (PF) + Q^{-1} (PD) \right]^{2}$
 $Q(y) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{Y}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}} dt$ (3-1)

(To correlate this with Barton's nomenclature $X_0 = 2X$) The inverse Q function is calculated by the approximation.⁹ For

$$P \le \frac{1}{2}, Q^{-1}(P) = t - \frac{a_0^{+} a_1^{t}}{1 + b_1^{t} t + b_2^{t} t^2}$$
 (3-2)

where

$$a_0 = 2.31,$$

 $a_1 = 0.271,$
 $b_1 = 0.992,$
 $b_2 = 0.0443,$

 $t = \sqrt{\ln (1/P^2)}$, and for P > 1/2, Q⁻¹(P) = -Q⁻¹(1 - P).

Also, integration gain is given by:

Gi = SNRN - SNR1

These are directly programmed in the HP-65 SNRN and HP-67 SNR programs.

For a nonfluctuating target with collapsing loss, or for a fluctuating target, the HP-65 SNRF and HP-67 SNR programs make the following calculation:

$$SNRF (dB) = SNRN + \log \frac{N}{N_s} + Lf, \qquad (3-3)$$

where Lf, the fluctuation loss, is given by

$$Lf(dB) = \frac{10 \log D - SNR1}{N_{e}}$$
(3-4)

SNRN is the value calculated by program SNRN for N and SNR1 is the value calculated by program SNRN for N = 1. D is the single pulse average SNR for fluctuating target detection and depends on the target model used. For the Rayleigh fluctuation model of Swerling's Cases 1 and 2

$$D_{12} = \frac{\ln PF}{\ln PD} - 1$$
 (3-5)

For the one dominant plus Rayleigh fluctuation model of Swerling's Cases III and IV, D_{34} is given implicitly by 1^{10}

PD =
$$\left(1 - \frac{2 D_{34} \ln PF}{(2 + D_{34})^2}\right) PF^{\frac{2}{2 + D_{34}}}$$
 (3-6)

The writer found that the solution to this equation is well approximated by

$$D_{34} = (0.361 - \log PD) \left(\frac{3.27}{\sqrt{1 - PD}} - 1.29 - 0.96 \sqrt{1 - PD} \right) - 2$$
 (3-7)

and this expression is used in HP-55 SNRF and H⁵-67 SNR to avoid the need for reiteration. The greatest error in this approximation occurs for low values of PD but it is accurate to better than 0.5 dB for PD equal 50% and within 1 dB for PD equal 30%. For PD greater than 90%, it is accurate to within 0.2 dB. An extremely bad choice of PD too low, or PF too large may cause D_{34} to be negative and flashing zeros will indicate this error when running the program.

Finally, the programs calculate the diversity gain as

$$Gd (dB) = (N_{\rho} - 1) Lf$$

and the range ratio, re Swerling

$$\frac{\text{SNRF/40}}{\text{R/R}} = 10$$

SECTION IV

CFAR DETECTION - RECURSIVE SOLUTION

1. SWERLING CASE II

As with the fixed threshold, the Case II target model leads to a simple analysis and finite summation for finding the probability-of-detection. Starting with Equation (2-3), the constant Y can be replaced by the variable y to have

$$P(v > y) = \sum_{m=0}^{N-1} \left(\frac{y}{X+1}\right)^{m} e^{-\frac{y}{X+1}}$$
(4-1)

for each specific value of y.

Note on Figure 1-2 that y is derived from u and that u is the sum of R independent Rayleigh noise samples of unit average power - unity since we also normalized the magnitude of v to the average noise power. Therefore, u has the distribution

$$p(u) = \frac{u^{R-1}}{(R-1)!} e^{-u}$$
 (4-2)

Then the overall probability of v exceeding y is given by

$$P = \int_{0}^{\infty} p(u) P\left(v > \frac{u}{T}\right) du$$
 (4-3)

where T is a calibrating factor which must be set to achieve the desired falsc-alarm probability and is analogous in our further derivation here to Y which determined the falsealarm probability in the fixed threshold case. Substituting Equations (4-1) and (4-2) into Equation (4-3), interchanging the order of summation and integration, and integrating, one gets

$$P = \sum_{m=0}^{N-1} P_m = \sum_{m=0}^{N-1} \frac{(R+m-1)!}{m! (R-1)!} \frac{(T2)^R}{(T2+1)^{R+m}}$$
(4-4)

where T2 = T(X+1).

In a similar manner to that for finding Y previously, let X = 0 so that T2 = T and find the value of T for which P equals the false-alarm probability.

This process is best done by using Newton's method on ln (P/PIN) as before so that

$$\Delta T = \frac{P \ln (P/PIN)}{\frac{dP}{dT}}$$
(4-5)

and we find from Equation (4-4) that

$$\frac{dP}{dT} = \frac{R}{T} \sum_{m=0}^{N-1} P_m - \sum_{m=1}^{N} m P_m$$
(4-6)

Denoting the last summation as Q, Equations (4-4), (4-5) and (4-6) yield

$$\Delta T = \frac{\ln \left(P/PIN\right)}{Q/P - R/T}$$
(4-7)

Since the terms of Q are closely related to those of P, both sums can be formed at the same time.

We are left with the problem of the initial value to use for T. Extending the curve fitting approach of before the writer found a reasonable initial value to be given by

$$\frac{1}{T0} = \frac{1 - (PIN)^{1/R}}{(PIN)^{1/R}} \left[(1-B)N+B\left(\frac{N - \sqrt{N}}{2.3L} + \frac{\sqrt{L} + \sqrt{N} - 1}{\sqrt{L}}\right) \right]$$

$$B = \frac{R-1}{R+0.922}, \quad L = -\log PIN$$
(4-3)

The value of T0 from Equation (4-8) was found to provide a sufficiently good start for iterative convergence over the range of $10^{-10} < P < 1$ and 1 < R < 1000.

Unfortunately, this takes more than 50 program steps so that a separate program card is necessary for data entry and calculation of T0 with the HP-65. After running this program, HP-65 P2C can be used to perform the iterative calculation of T for a given false-alarm probability and P2 for various input values of SNR = 10 log X. If SNR is to be found for a given P2 program, HP-65 T0 must be rerun with P2 input, followed by HP-65 P2C again, the process being directly analogous to that of the HP-65 Y-P2 program for a fixed threshold. Since the HP-67 has more program storage, the T0 calculation is included in the HP-67 P2C program.

2. GENERALIZED TARGET MODEL

The relationship of the CFAR process to be fixed threshold process in general is the same as it was for Case II. Starting with Equation (2-14), let Y = u/T and integrate over the distribution of u from Equation (4-2) to find the overall PD. By this process, one obtains

PGC =
$$\sum_{b=0}^{\infty} XB \sum_{m=0}^{N+b-1} PM$$

 \mathbf{or}

PGC =
$$\sum_{m=0}^{N-1} PM + \sum_{m=N}^{\infty} PM \left[1 - \sum_{b=0}^{m-N} XB \right]$$

where

$$XB = \frac{(k+b-1)!}{b!(K-1)!} (1-V)^{K}V^{b}, \quad V = \frac{Z}{K+Z}$$

and

$$PM = \frac{(R+M-1)!}{m!(R-1)!} (1-A)^R A^m, A = \frac{1}{T+1}$$

Note that XB is the same as used for the fixed threshold case and for the nonfluctuating case

$$XB \rightarrow \frac{Z^b}{b!} e^{-Z}$$

Similarly, the fixed threshold case it approached by letting $R \rightarrow \infty$ so that $y = \frac{u}{T} \rightarrow \frac{R}{T} = Y$ so that

$$A \rightarrow \frac{Y}{Y+R}$$

and

$$PM \rightarrow \frac{Y^m}{m!} e^{-Y}$$

(4-9)

An algorithmic program for PGC is given in Figure 4-1 which follows closely that for PG. Unfortunately, this could not be fitted into 100 HP-65 program steps so it had to be programmed on two cards, HP-65 PGC(1) and PGC(2). PGC(1) incorporates the iteration for T given T0 and finds A = 1/(T+1). Therefore, PGC is found by running in sequence HP-65 T0 to find T0, PGC(1) to find A and to enter SNR and K, and finally by running PGC(2) as noted on the CFAR Detection instruction sheet. For the HP-67, the entire calculation is included on the single program card, HP-67 PGC.

3. CFAR LOSS

The increase in SNR required with a CFAR detector, as compared to a fixed threshold detector, has been termed CFAR loss. This concept is a convenient one because the CFAR loss is essentially independent of the target fluctuation model, at least as far as the five Marcum and Swerling models are concerned. Although many papers in the literature deal with CFAR loss for various CFAR detector schemes, the paper by Mitchell and Walker⁵ is the only one found by the writer to cover the combination of noncoherent signal integration with a background normalizer threshold. Using the HP-65 Programs of this paper for Case II targets, the data of Figures 4-2 through 4-5 were calculated and are presented here for convenience. The loss values from these curves may be used as a correction to fixed threshold SNRs for the fixed threshold programs. This may be handier than running the CFAR programs for many cases because of the long running time of the generalized CFAR program. Although the writer has verified in a few sample cases that other target models and other detection probabilities give essentially the same CFAR loss values, it will be left as an exercise for the reader to be convinced that this is true for the cases of concern.

$$\begin{cases} \\ & N : 1 \\ & PM \neq PM \cdot \frac{R+M-1}{M} \cdot A \\ & PMS \neq PMS + PM \\ & M \neq M+1 \\ & & & \\ \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & &$$

$$PM + PM \frac{R+M-1}{M} \cdot A$$

$$PMS + PMS + SUM$$

$$M + M+1$$

$$SUM + SUM + PM (1-XBS)$$

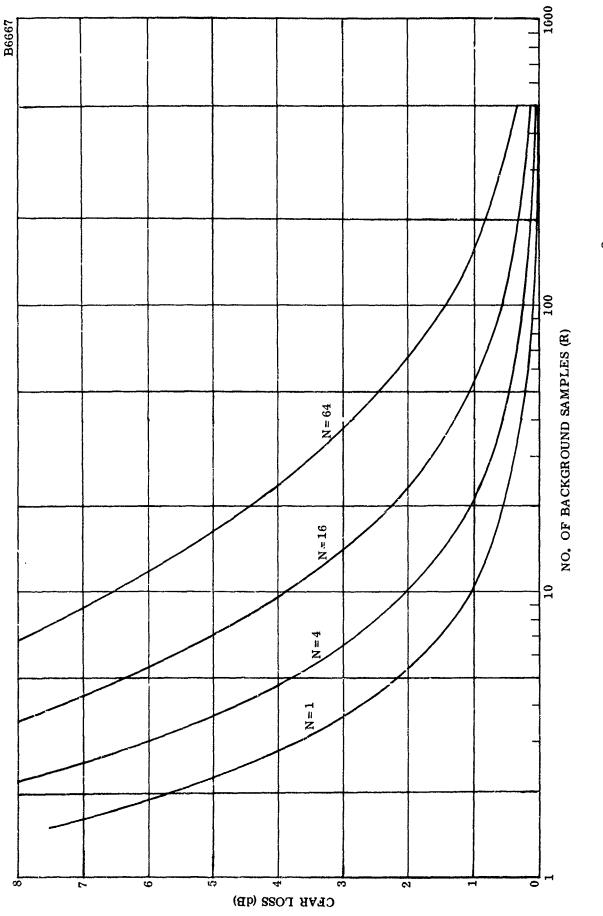
$$XB + XB \frac{K+M-N-1}{M-N} \cdot V$$

$$XBS + XBS + XB$$

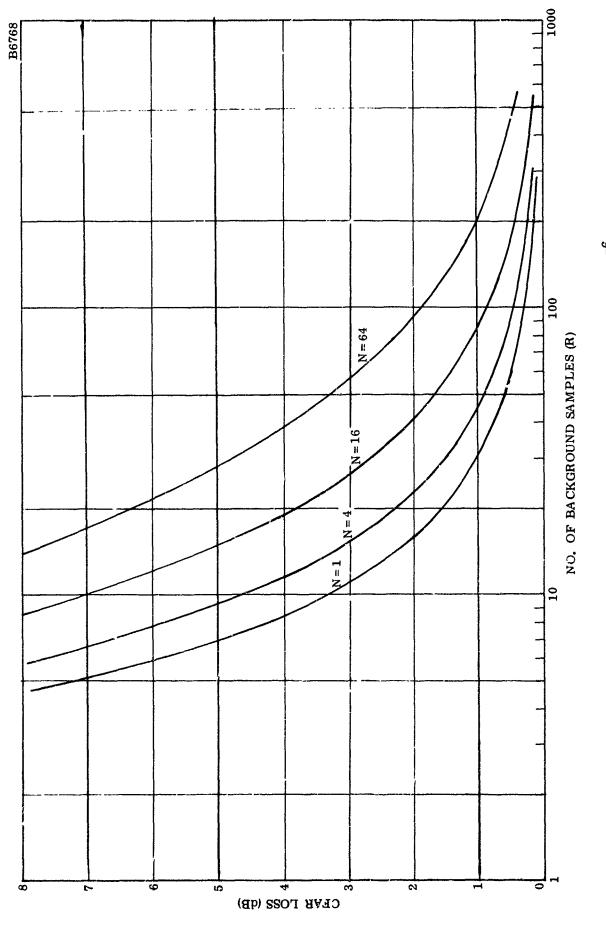
$$\leq \qquad (1-XBS)(1-PMS)$$

$$P + SUM \longrightarrow EXIT$$

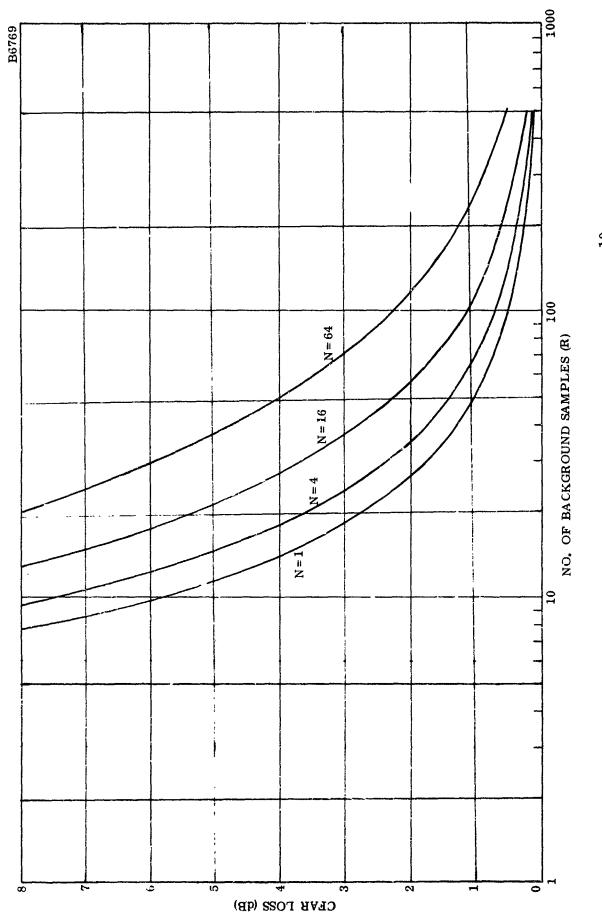
Figure 4-1. Algorithmic Program for PGC

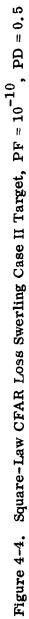












SECTION V

HP-65 PROGRAMS

1. FIXED-THRESHOLD, RECURSIVE SOLUTIONS

These HP-65 programs calculate the probability of detection, given the number of samples noncoherently integrated, the false-alarm probability, and the average sample signalto-noise ratio, for the various Swerling target models. The PG program does this for the generalized chi-squared target model. The Y-P2 program must be used to calculate the threshold value, Y, before using any of the other programs, and in addition it can calculate for a Case II target, either probability of detection given average signal-to-noise ratio or average signal-to-noise ratio given probability of detection.

Specific user instructions are as follo	ws:
---	-----

STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT DATA/UNITS	neys	OUTPUT DATA/UNITS
1	Enter program Y-P2	N		1
		PF	A] []	Y
	Go to step 2, 3, 4 or 6			
2	For P2 (Repeat or go to step 3 as desired)	X	B	P2
3	For X given P2	P2	A][]	¥2
				X
	Repeat or go to step 2, 4, or 6 as desired			
4	For P0, P1, P3, or P4 enter that program			
5		X	B]	D
	Repeat or go to step 4 or enter Y-P2 and go to			
	step 2 as desired			
6	For general target model enter program PG			
7		К		
		X		Р
	Repeat or go to step 4 or enter Y-P2 and go to			
	step 2 as desired			

: Chi-squared distribution parameter Κ

- Ν : Signal and/or noise samples integrated
- Ne : Target diversity within N samples
- PF : Probability of false alarm
- : Probability of detection for chi-squared target P
- **P**0 : Probability of detection for nonfluctuating target
- P1-P4 : Probability of detection for Cases I-IV
- : Avg sample power S/N within N samples х
- Y : Fixed detection threshold

Y2 : Y/(1+X)

- Case 0 : $K=10^5$ (~3 place acc)
- Case I : K=1 Case II : K=N
- (Genl Rayleigh target : K=Ne)
- Case III : K=2
- Case IV : K=2N
- (Genl Rayleigh + equal constant target : K=Ne) Weinstock : 0 < K < 1

HP-65 Program Form

Title HP-65 Y-P2 Program Listing

Page______ ol _____

SWITCH TO W PRGM PRESS [] PRGM I TO CLEAR MEMORY

		RESS				
KEY ENTRY	CODE SHOWN	COMMENTS	KEY ENTRY	CODE SHOWN	COMMENTS	REGISTERS
STO4	3304	PIN	1	01		R ₁ N
RCL2	3402	SAVE Y IN R6	RCL2	3402	Y	
STO6	3306 7		R/S	84		
RCLA	3404	PIN	RCL6	3406	RESTORE Y IN R2	R ₂ Y
f	31		STO2	3302		
LOG	08		gx↔y	3507	Y2, Y	
CHS	42	L	÷	81		R ₃
RCL1	3401	N	1	01	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	41		} <u>*</u>	51		
7	31		R/S		X - Y/Y2 - 1	RA PIN
- - - 	09	VI N T		Statement & Statemark Street State	<u>A 1/12 1</u>	
<u>v</u>		√N, <u>N, I</u>	LBL	23		
-	51 3500	$N - \sqrt{N}, L$	B 1	12 01	X	
gLSTX	· · - +	<u>√N</u>	I 	4		R ₅
1	01		+	61		
	51	$\sqrt{N}-1$, $N-\sqrt{N}$, $L \rightarrow$	RCL2	3402	SAVE Y IN R6	
gRt	3509	L	STO6	3306	-	R ₆ Y
f	31		gxey	3507		
	09	\sqrt{L}	÷	81	<u>Y2 - Y/(1+X)</u>	
+	61	$\sqrt{L} + \sqrt{N} - 1$, $N - \sqrt{N}$	STO2	3302		R ₇
gLSTX	3500	VL	E	15	P2	
x	71		RCL6	3406	RESTORE Y IN R2	
2	02		STO2	3302		R8 YMS
	83		gR	3508	•	
3	03		R/S	84	P2	
X	71	$2, 3\sqrt{L}$ (\sqrt{L} + \sqrt{N} -1, N- \sqrt{N}	LBL	23	l = = = =	R ₉
+	61		Ē	15	♣	
STO2	3302	YO	RCL2	3402	Y	
LBL	23		CHS	42		
1	i		f-1	32	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	LABELS
E	01 15	P	4)- -	07	Y'M - e-Y	A
		أيهه فيستشركها فبالبرج والسائم وتكرك ليتر بواستان المحد فترجونا كواليوني فأنترس الأكري والترابي	LN			B X-P2
gRt	3509	YM	STO8	3508	YMS - YM	C
7	81	P/YM	0	00	M 0	D YM Loop
RCL8	3408	P	LBL_	23		E Y-P
RCL4	3404	PIN	D	14. 01	M, YM	0
÷	81	P/PIN, P/YM	1	01		1
f	31		+	61	M - M+1	_ 2
LN	07		RCLI	3401	N	3
*	71	$\Delta Y \leftarrow (P/YM) LN(P/PIN)$	gx≤y	3522	N≤M	4
STO	33		RCL8	3408	P≁YMS	5
at	61		RTN	24		6
2	02	$\overline{(Y \leftarrow Y + \Delta Y)}$	RCL2	3402	Y, N, M, YM	
RCL2	3402	Y	gRt	3509	YM, Y, N, M	8
÷	81			71	$\underline{\mathbf{Y}}\mathbf{M}, \mathbf{Y}, \mathbf{N}, \mathbf{M} \rightarrow$	11
	35		aBt	3509		9
S ADC		1 A 17/17/	gR		M, YM. Y, N, M	
ABS	06			81	YM-YM·Y/M	FLAGS
EEX.	43		STO	33		1
CHS	42		+ +	61		
6	06	6	8	08	(YMS - YMS + YM)	2
<u>gx≤y</u>	3522	$10 \leq \Delta Y/Y $	gRt	3509		
GTO	22		D	14	M, YM	

TO BE OPD PROCRAM INSERT MAGNETIC CARD WITH SWITCH SET AT W/PRGM

5-2

Title HP-65 P0 Program Listing

_____ Page_____ of _____

SWITCH TO W/PRGM PRESS f PRGM TO CLEAR MEMORY

•

HFWLE T D PACKARD

KEY ENTRY	CODE SHOWN	COMMENT	5	KEY ENTRY	CODE SHOWN	COMMENTS	REGISTERS
CL1	3401	N	∫ X	X	71		R ₁ N
	71		(B	RCL6	3406		
TO3	3302	Z		1	01		
CL2	3402			+	61		R ₂ Y
HS	42			STO6	3306	M ← M+1	
-1	32			RCL1	3401		1
N	07			-	51	K - M-N	R ₃ Z
T07	3307	$YM - e^{-Y}$			81		
T08	3308	YMS - YM		STO4	3304	$\overline{XB} - \overline{XB} \cdot \overline{Z/K}$	
100	01			1.4	61	$XB \leftarrow XBS + XB$	R ₄ XB
1700	have been a second designed and the second designed as the second de	37 1		1 27	41	ADD + ADD + AD	- n4
TO6	3306	<u>M1</u>		OTTO	41		
BL	23		· · · · · · · · ·	CHS			
	01				41	ł	R ₅ SUM
RCL1	3401	N, M, YM		1			
<u>x < y</u>	3522			11+	61	1 - XBS	
TO	22			RCL8	3408	YMS	R ₆ M
	02	∫YM +YM · Y/M		CHS	42		
	11	YMS - YMS + Y		1	01		וך
	01			↓} <i>=</i> +	61		R ₇ YM
RCL6	3406			x	71	(1 - YMS)(1 - XBS), XBS -	
	61			EEX	43		
TO6	3306	M+- M+1		CHS	42		R8 YMS
TÕ T	22	Mr. Mr.		110			
10	·				+	10-9 - (1 XINS) (1 XDS)	-11
DT	01 23		· ··-· ··	gx≲y GTO	3522 22	$10^{-9} \le (1 - YMS)(1 - XBS)$	Ro Used
LBL	4		-		+	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	_R ₉ _Used
	02		-	3	03		
RCL8	3408			RCL5	3405		
TO5	3305	SUM - YMS		R/S	84	P0 - SUM	LABELS
RCL3	3403			LBL	23		A YM, YI
CHS	42				11	R	B
-1	32			RCL7	3407	YM	li c
LN	07			RCL2	3402	Y] D
STO4	3304	$XB - e^{-Z}$		KCL2	3406	M, Y, YM, R	1 E
R↓	3508	XBS -XB		11:	81	termet - to - and	
	aj			1			
<u>BL</u>	23			X	71		
	03	Voo Lans	** /> *	STO7	3307	<u>YM+ YM· Y/M, R→</u>	
<u>R1</u>	3509	XBS YM-YM		STO	33		3
1	11	LYMS-YM	<u>8 + YM</u>	+	61	AVAID . 3230	
RI	3508	XBS		8	08	(YMS+ YMS+YM)	5
CHS	42			RTN	24		6
	01				1		7
+	61						8
RCL7	3407	-		11			9
K	71	YM(1-XBS),XBS		1]		7
STO	33			1	1		FLAGS
+	61			1	<u>+</u>		11,
	-05-	(SUM-SUM+YM	1/1-X 28	1)	ł		
R†	3509	XBS	<u></u> //		+		-11
	3404	XB		┥┢╾╍╴╺╍╍	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	- 2
RCLA				┫┢╍╍╍╍╸╌╸			-41
CL3	-3403	Z		100	1		11

Totle HP-65 P1 Program Listing

_____Page_____of _____

		RESS TIPREM TO CLEAR MEMORY				
KEY ENTRY	CODE SHOWN	COMMENTS	KEY ENTRY	CODE SHOWN	COMMENTS	REGISTERS
RCL1	3401	N X	E	15		R ₁ N
X	71	В	STO7	3307	Y1	
STO3	3303	Z	CHS	42		1
RCL2	3403	Y	f-1	32		R ₂ Y
gx-y_	3507	Z , Y	LN	07	$YM - e^{-Y1}$	1
1	01		STO8	3308	YMS - YM	1
+	61	Z+1, Y	1	Ō1	M-1	R_3 Z
STO4	3304		LBL	23		1
÷	81		D	14		
CHS	42		RCL1	3401	N	R4 Z+1
fT	32		1	01		Z/(Z+1)
LN	07			51	N-1	
STO5	3305	e-Y/(Z+1)	gx≤y	3522	$N-1 \leq M, YM$	R ₅ e ^{-Y} /(Z+1
RCL1	3401	N	RCL8	3408	$P \leftarrow YMS, N-1, M, YM$	S
$\frac{1}{1}$	01	·····	RTN	24		┥╽ ┷╴╴╴
	3523	1=N	RCL7	3407	Y1, N-1, M, YM	6 P(N-1, Y)
gx=y RCL5	3405	▲-4v		3509	YM	1 10 -11 -1, 1)
$\frac{ROLO}{R/S}$	84	P1←e-Y/(Z+1)	gR †	71	YM·Y1	
RCL2	3302	Y	X TRA	3509	M	R7 Y1 .
	• • •	and and any and and and and a second and	gRt		A COMPANY OF A DEC. CO. T. AND COMPANY AND ADDRESS OF A DEC.	
E	15	P(N-1, Y), N-1	÷	r_1	<u>YM- YM · Y1/M</u>	-{
STO6	3306	72	STO	$-\frac{33}{61}$		Ra YMS
RCL3	3403	Z				R ₈ YMS
RCLA	3404	Z+1, Z, P, N-1	8	08	(YMS - YMS + YM)	·
+	81		gR	3509	M	
STO4	3304	Z/(Z+1) N-1	1 -	01	·	R ₉ Used
gRţ	3509	N-1	+	61	M-M+1	╢
g y ^x	35	NT_1	D	14		1
	05	$[Z/(Z+1)]^{N-1}$			+	LABELS
RCL5	3405	-	 -	-		A
÷	81		h		·	В
STO5	3305	$S = [Z/(Z+1)] N - 1e^{-Y/(Z-1)}$	1			C
EEX	43					D YM Loop
7	07					$\mathbf{E} \xrightarrow{\mathbf{V} \to \mathbf{P}}$
gx≤ y	3522	$10^7 \le \mathrm{S}$				0
RCL6	3406				1	
R/S	84	P1 - P(N-1, Y)				2
CLX	44			1		3
RCL4	3404	<u>Z/(Z+1)</u>				
RCL2	3402	Y		1		5
X	71	$\overline{YZ}/(Z+1)$		· · · · · ·		6
Ē	15	P[N-1, YZ/(Z+1)]		+		1 7
CHS	42		i	+	j	.
	01			+	t	- 8
1	$-\frac{01}{61}$	1-P				9
	∮ −−−−− − − − − − − + + + +			+		
RCL5	3405	<u>S</u> (1. T) /S		+ -		FLAGS
T Data	<u>81</u>	(1-P)/S	<u> </u>	4		- 1
RCL	3400	P(N-1, Y)			{	
+	61			¦	+	- 2
<u>R/S</u>	84	P		+		
LBL	23			1		

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5-4

TO REFERD PROGRAM INSERT MAGNETIC CARD WITH SWITCH SET AT W/PRGM

Title HP-65 P3 Program Listing

_ Page_____ of _____

SWITCH TO W PRGM PRESS

KEY ENTRY	CODE SHOWN	COMMENTS	KEY ENTRY	CODE SHOWN	COMMENTS	REGISTERS
RCL1	3401	N X	RCL5	3405	2Y/(Z+2)	
Х	71	В	RCL3	3403	Z/2	
2	02		X	71	YZ/(Z+2)	
÷	81		E	15	P(N-1, YZ/(Z+2))	R ₂ Y
STO3	3303	Z/2	CHS	42		
RCL3	3403		1	01		
1	01		+	61	1-P	$R_3 Z/2$
+	61	1+Z/2, Z/2	RCL5	3404	С	
÷	81	Z/(Z+2)	X	71	C(1-P)	
RCL2	3402	Y	STO4	3304		R ₄ C
gLSTX	3500	1+Z/2, Y	RCL2	3402	P	C(1-P)
÷	81	2Y/(Z+2), Z/(Z+2)	E	15	P(N-1, Y)	
STO5	3305)	gRt	3509	$YM = Y^{N-2}e^{-Y}/(N-2)$ 1	R ₅ 2Y/(Z+2
RCL1	3401	N	RCL5	3405	2Y/(Z+2)	
2	02		X	71		
gx≤y	3522	2 ≦ N	+	61	$P(Y) + YM \cdot \frac{2Y}{(Z+2)}$	R ₆ N-2
GTO	22	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	RCLA	3404	C(1-P)	
1	01		+	61		
gR†	3509	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	R/S	84	P3	R ₇ Y3
gR †	3509	1	LBL	23		
X	71	$2YZ/(Z+2)^2$	E	15		
1	01		STO7	3307	¥3	R ₈ YMS
÷	61		CHS	42		
RCL5	3405	2Y(Z+2)	f-1	32		
CHS	42		LN	07	YM ← e-Y3	R9
<u>f-1</u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	STO8	3308	YMS-YM	
LN	<u> </u>	-2Y/(Z+2)	1	01	<u>M</u> ←1	
X	71	$e [1+2YZ/(Z+2)]^2$	LBL	$-\frac{01}{23}$		LABELS
R/S	84		D	14	-	-11
LBL	$-\frac{01}{23}$		RCL1	3401	Ň	
1	01		1	0101		- B
	51	N-2		51	N-1	D YM Loo
STO6	3306	N-2		3522	$N-1 \leq M, YM$	$- \int \frac{D}{r} \frac{1M}{Y \to P}$
			gx≤y			
gR†	2509	Z/(Z+2), N-2, $2Y/(Z+2)$	RCL8	3408	P-YMS, N-1, M, YM	
$\frac{f}{TN}$	31		RTN	24	TO N 1 N YAK	
LN	07	()1 () 1- (/7 ()) /77]	RCL7	3407	<u>Y3, N-1, M, YM</u>	2
X	71	$-(N-2) \ln [(Z+2)/Z]$	gR †	3509	YM	_ 3
+	<u>61</u>	EXP-2Y/(Z+2)-(N-2)ln[]	X	71	<u>YM · Y3</u>	_ 4
CHS	42		gR †	3509	M	_ 5
£	32	FYD	1.10	81	<u>YM-YM·Y3/M</u>	6
LN	07	e-EXP	STO	33		7
1	01		+	61		_ 8
RCL6	3406		8	08	(YMS-YMS+YM)	9
RCL3	3403	$Z/2, N-2, 1, e^{-EXP}$	gR t	3509	<u>M</u>	
÷	81	<u>2(N-2)/Z</u>	1	01		FLAGS
	51	1-2(N-2)/Z	+	61	M-M+1	1
RCL5	3405	2Y/(Z+2)	D	14		
+	61		-EXP			2
X	71	C - [1 - 2(N - 2)/Z + 2Y/(Z + 2)]	B			
STO4	3304		100			11

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T tie HP-65 P4 Program Listing Page of _____

SWITCH TO W/PRGM PRESS [] PRGM ; TO CLEAR MEMORY

KEY	CODE		7	KEY	CODE	COMMENTO	
ENTRY	SHOWN	COMMENTS		ENTRY	SHOWN	COMMENTS	REGISTERS
0	00		X	1	01		R ₁ N
STO6	3306	<u>M+-0</u>	B	+	61	M-N+1, 2N-M, ZKS	
gR	3508			÷	81	[(2N-M)/(M-N+1)], ZKS	
2 ÷	02			RCI4	3404	ZK	R ₂ Y
	81			RCL3	3403	S, ZK, [], ZKS	
STO3	3303	<u>X/2</u>	- 4	X	71	· 	
1	01			X	71		$R_2 X/2 = S$
+	61			STO4	3304	$ZK - ZK \cdot S[], ZKS$	
STO7	3307	<u>1+X/2</u>		+	61	ZKS - ZKS+ZK	
RCL1	3401	N		RCL6	3406		R ₄ ZK
CHS	42			1	01		4
<u>g</u>	35			+ -	61	1	
g y ^x	05			STO6	3306	M-− M+1	R ₅ YM
STO4	3304	$ZK - [2/(X+2)]^N$		RCL1	3401	N	
RCL2	3402	Y	4	2	02		l
RCL7	3407	1+X/2		x	71	•	R ₆ M
÷	81			gx≤y	3522	2N≤M	
STO7	3307	V - 2Y/(X+2)		KCL8	3408		
CHS	42			<u>R</u> /S	84	P4 - SUM	$ R_7 1 + X/2 $
<u>f-1</u>	32			gRt	3509	ZKS	V
LN	07	YM←e ^{-V}		RCL5	3405	YM, ZKS	
STO8	3308	YMS-YM		GTO	22	· • · · · · · · · ·	R ₈ YMS
E	15	SUM - P(N, V)		1	01		SUM
gR	3508			LBL	23		
STO5	3305	YM		E RCL6	15	YM	R ₉
RCLA	3404	ZK		RCL6	3406		
gx - y	3522	YM, ZKS-ZK		1	01		
LBL	23	a a analy and a and		[+	61	} }	LABELS
1	01	YM, ZKS		STO6	3306	MM+1	A
RCL7	3407			RCL1	3401	 	В
RCL6	3406	M, V, YM, ZKS		gx≤y	3522	N≤M	C
+	81			gR.	3508	M, YM	D
X	71			RTN	24		E YM LOOP
STO5	3305	YM←YM · V/M		gR!	3508	M, YM	o
1	01			÷	81	YM/M	1
gR†	3509			RCL7	3407	V	2
-	51	1-ZKS, YM, ZKS		X	71	YM+YM · V/M	3
X	71			STO	33		4
STO	33			+	61		5
#	61			8	08	(YMS+YMS + YM)	6
8	08	(SUM-SUM+YM(1-ZI	KS))	E	15	I	7
CLX	44	, · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					8
RCL1	3401	N, ZKS					9
2 X	02]		1
X	71				r ·	paralle and an an annual and an annual and an annual and an	FLAGS
RCIA	3406	M, 2N, ZKS			1		11
	51	2N-M					11 '
gLSTX	3500	M			•		1 2
RCL1	3401	N			<u>├</u> ───		
7	51	M-N			 		1
5-6	Land Land			10 Ph (100 H	COALL INSEE	T MAGNETIC CARD W TH SWITCH SET AT W/PRGM	

Title HP-65 PG Program Listing Page of

SWITCH TO W PROM PRESS I PROM TO CLEAR MEMORY

KEY	CODE	COMMENTS	KEY	CODE	COMMENTS	REGISTERS
ENTRY	SHOWN		ENTRY	SHOWN		
RCL1	3401	N, X, K	RCL3	3403	V	R1_N
X	71 3303	\downarrow	X	71	XB·V/B	
STO3 gRi	3508	$\frac{z}{B}$	$\frac{gx \rightarrow y}{X}$	3507 71	ZK1	Ro Y
STO4	3303	K	STO4	3304	XB→XB · ZK1 · V/(M-N)	R ₂ Y
RCL2	3402	Ŷ	gLSTX	3500	ZK1	
CHS	42		gR	3508	XB, (1-XBS), (1-XBS), ZK1	R ₃ Z
f	32		-	51	(1-XBS)-(1-XBS) - XB	V
LN	07		gR	3509	ZK1, (1-XBS)	
STO7	3307	YM-e ^{-Y}	1	01		R4 K
STO8	3308	YMS-YM	+	61	ZK1-ZK1+1	XB
1	01		1	01		
STO6	3306	M+-1	RCL8	3408	YMS, 1, ZK1, (1-XBS)	R ₅ SUM
LBL	23	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	51) 	
1	01		gR †	3509		
RCL1	3401	N, M	X	71	(1-XBS)(1-YMS), ZK1,(1-X	BB } M
gx≤y	3522	N ≤ M	EEX	43		
GTO	22		CHS	42		0
2	02	YM-YM· Y/M	! 8	08	10 ⁻⁸ , ()()	R ₇ YM
A	11	$M \qquad \qquad$	gx > y RCL5	<u>3424</u> 3405	D. SIII	
GTO 1	<u>22</u> 01	(1/11/1+1	RCL5 R/S	84	P←SUM	R ₈ YMS
LBL	23	÷	gR	3509	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	R ₈ YMS
2	02	+	gRt	3509	ZK1, (1-XBS)	
RCL8	3408	YMS	GTO	22		Ro logic
STO5	3305	SUM-YMS	3	03		······································
1	01		LBL	23		
RCL3	3403	Z	Ā	11	ZK1, (1- XBS)	LABELS
RCL3	3403	Z	RCL7	3407	YM	A Recursio
RCIA	3404	K, Z, Z, 1	RCL2	3402	Y, YM, ZK1, (1-XBS)	Б
*	61		X	71	YM· Y	С
* ÷	81		RCL6	34(16	M, YM. Y, ZK1, (1-)(BS)	D
ST03	3308	<u>V</u> →Z/(K+Z)	÷	81		Ε
-	51	1-V	STO7	33.97	YM→YM·Y/M	0
RCLA	3404	K	STO	33		1 Used
g	35		+	61		2 Used
yx	05		8	08	(YMS-YMS + YM)	3 Used
STO4	:\304	$XB - (1-V)^K$	gR	3509	(1-XBS), YM, ZK1(1-XBS)	4
gLSTx	3500	$Zh_1 + K, XB, 1 + K_1$	X	71	YM(1-XBS), ½K1, () →	5
gRI	3508	XBS-XB, 1, 1, 2K1	STO	33		6
	51	$(1-XBS), 1, ZK1 \rightarrow$	+ -	61	CTTN STIN VIAI -VDOU	7
gRt	3509	ZK1, (1-XBS)		05	(SUM - SUM + YM(1 - XBS))	8
LBL	23	YM+YMS·Y/M	gRi RCTA	3508	ZK1, () M	9
3	03	YMS-YMS+YM	RCL6	3406		FLACC
A RCL1	$\frac{11}{3401}$	$\frac{M}{N} \frac{SUM-SUM+YM(1-XBS)}{M-M+1}$		<u>01</u> 61	1, M, ZK1, (1-XBS)	FLAGS
-	51	M-N	STO6	330€	MM+1]
RCLA	3404	XB	RTN	24	474 474 4	
$gx \rightarrow y$	3507	m-N, XB, ZK1, (1-XBS)	1111	- <i>e</i> -		2
50 Y	31	XB/(M-N)	1	t		
			Provide a sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-	<u>.</u>		5_7/5_

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TO RECORD PROCHAM INSERT MAGNETIC CARD WITH SWITCH SET AT W PRGM

5-7/5-8

2. FIXED-THRESHOLD, BARTON ALGORITHM

These HP-65 programs calculate the required average SNR in dB for a given detection probability and target model. The target model is specified by its probability density function, i.e., nonfluctuating, Rayleigh (ala Swerling Case I) or Rayleigh plus an constant component of equal power (ala Swerling Case III), and by its diversity order, N_e , defined as the number of independent target values within the N samples noncoherently integrated. It is always recessary to run SNRN, the calculation for a nonfluctuating target, after entering N. PF, and PD and before running SNRF, the calculation for any fluctuating target.

Specific user instructions follow:

STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT DATA/UNITS	KEYS	OUTPUT DATA/UNITS
1	Enter program SNRN			
2	(Repeat as desired)	N	STO 1	
		$PD \ge 0.3$	STO 2	
		$\mathbf{PF} \leq 0.5$	STO 3	
				SNRN dB
	If desired			Gi dB
	To include collapsing loss or tgt fluct go to step	3		
3	Enter program SNRF			
	Samples containing signal	$1 \le N_B \le N$	STO 6	
	Order of target diversity	$1 \le N_e \le N_s$	[STO] 7	
	Go to step 4, 5, or 6			
4	For nonfluctuating target		A	SNRC dB
5	For Rayleigh const tgt (Inc Cases III & IV)		B	SNRF dB
6	For Rayleigh & const tgt (Inc Cases III & IV)		[C] []	SNRF dB
	If desired		R/S	Lf dB
			R/S	Gd dB
	(Steps 4, 5, and 6 may be repeated in any order)		E	R/R ₀

- Gd : Diversity gain (dB)
- Gi : Integration gain (dB)
- Lf : Fluctuation loss (dB)
- N : Signal and/or noise samples integrated For Cases I and III : Ne=1 For Cases II & IV : Ne=Ns
- Ns : Samples within N containing signal
- PD : Probability of detection
- PF : Probability of false alarm
- R/Ro : Ratio of detection range to that for which SNRf = 0 dB
- SNRC : SNE per sample for nonfluctuating target w/collapsing loss (dB)
- SNRF : Avg SNR per sample for fluctuating target (dB)
- 5NRN : SNR per sample for nonfluctuating target (dB)

Title HP-65 SNRN Program Listing

_____ Page _____ of _____

SWITCH TO WIPROM PRESS 1 PROM I TO CLEAR MEMOPY

KEY ENTRY	CODE SHOWN	COMMENTS	KEY ENTRY	CODE SHOWN	COMMENTS	REC	GISTERS
0	00		4	04		R ₁	<u>N</u>
ST08	3308		4	04			
RCL2	3402	PD	8	08	$b_2 = 0.0448$		
2 X	02		X	71	b ₂ t	R_2	PD
<u>X</u>	71		·	83			
1	01		9	09 09			
gx>y	3524	1>2PD	9	-		R_3	PF
STO8	3308		2	(2	b1 = 0.992		
gR	3508	2PD	+ X	61	b1+b2t		
RCL2	3402	PD (PD for PD < 0.5	<u> </u>	71	$b_1 t + b_2 t^2$	R ₄	$-Q^{-1}(PD)$
	51	1 Canada - Canada	1	01	1.h. 4.h. 42 D	i	X1
B.	12 35	(1-PD for PD > 0.5	+	61 3509	$1+b_1t+b_2t^2=D$	10	SNR1 SNRN
g DSZ	83		gR†	83	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	R ₅	SMIN
CHS	42		2	02			
gNOP	3501	•	2	07		R ₆	
STO4	3304	-Q ⁻¹ (PD)	1	01	a ₁ = 0.271	1.0	
RCL3	3403		1 X 2	71			
B	12	PF Q ⁻¹ (PF)	2	02	r	R7	
RCIA	3404			83			
-	51	$[Q^{-1}(PF)+Q^{-1}(PD)]$	3	03			
	41		1	01	$a_0 = 2.31$	R ₈	SNRN
X	41 71	[]2	+	61	$a_0 = a_1 t = N$		
1 X 2 ÷	02		gx → y	3507	D		
÷	81		÷	81	N/D	R ₉	Used
STO4	<u>3304</u>	X1	-	51	Q ⁻¹ (P)		
RCL1	3401	N	STO	33			
÷	81	XN	9	09 24		!	\BELS
E	15		RTN		Q ⁻¹ (P)	A B	ant in
STO5	3305	SNRN	LBL	23			$Q^{-1}(P)$
STO8	3308		E	15	X	С	
RCLA	3404	<u>X1</u>		41	en anes e en e	D	CNIDY
E	15		-	41		E.	SNRX
STO4	3304	SNR1	9	<u>41</u> 09		0.	
RCL5 R/S	3405 84	SNRN	3	83		1	
LBL	23		2	02	۱ ۱	2	-
	+ -	D	2 + X f	61	X+0.92	3	
<u>B</u>	12 41	_ <u>P</u>	×	71	X(X+0.92)	4	
X	71	p2	A f	31	DAATU (04)	5.	
<u>A</u>	$\frac{11}{31}$		\overline{N}	09	$\sqrt{\mathbf{X}(\mathbf{X}+0,92)}$	6	
LN	07	<u>ln P²</u>		61	X +V	6	
CHS	42		+ 2 ÷	02	1	9	
f	31	···· · · ·	÷	81		ヺ.	
17 -	09	t	f	31		 	FLAGS
1	41	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	LOG	08	}		
	41		1	01	1	' -	
[]	41		0	00		2	
•	83		X	71] ~ -	
0	00		RTN	24	SNKX	<u> </u>	
5-10			TO RECOMP PI		MAGNETIC CARD WITH SWITCH SET AT W PRGM	-	

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5-10

TO RECOMP PROCE FIL MAGNETIC CARD WITH SWITCH SET AT W PRGM

HP-65 SNRF Program Listing _____ Page _____ of _____ Title ____

KEY ENTRY	CODE SHOWN	COMMENTS	KEY ENTRY	CODE SHOWN	COMMENTS	REGISTERS
BL	23		X	71		R ₁ N
4	11		2	02		
)	00		-	51	D34	
GTO	22		LBL	23		R ₂ PD
	01		2	02	D	
LBL	23		f	31	2	
And the Party of t	12		LOG	+		D. DE
B	4	DF	LUG	08	1	R ₃ PF
RCL3	3403	PF	1	01		
	31		0	00		
LN	07		X	71	10 log D	R4 SNR1
RCL2	3402	PD	RC14	3404	SNR1	
	31		-	51	ا مراجع منظم منطق من المراجع الم	
LN	07		RCL7	3407	Ne	R ₅ SNRM
-	81	ln PF/ln PD	÷	81	Lf	SNRI
	01		LBL	23		
•	51	D12	1	01	1.f	He NS
GTO	22			41		
2	02			41		
LBL	23		RCLI	3401	N	R ₇ Ne
0	13		RCL6	3406	NS	
	83			81		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	03			~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~		- CNTR
3	4		1	31		R8SNRI
	06		LOG	08		
L	01		11	01		
RCL3	3403	PF	0	00	+ <u></u>	R9
f	31		X	71	10 log (N/Ns)	
LOG	08	kon na ser	±	61		
-	ji ji	(.361 - log PF)	RCL8	3408	SNRN	LABELS
3	03		+	61		A Nonflue
•	83		STO5	3305		B Sw 1
2	02		R/S	84	SNRF	C Sw 3
7	07	······································	gR I	3508		D
RCL2	3402	PD	R/S	84	Lf	E
CHS	42		RCL7	3407	Ne	
			1 1		···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···	
	01		<u>+</u>	01	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
+	61			51	Ne-1	2 _ <u>Used</u>
	31		X	່ _ຂ .71 .		
	09		R/S	84	Gd	4
7	81	<u>3.27/$\sqrt{1-PD}$</u>	LBL	23		55
LSTX	3500	<u>√1-PD</u>	E	15		6
	83		RCL5	3405	SNRF	7
9	09		CHS	42		8
8	06		4	04		9
X	71		10	00		
·······		(3. 27/ <u>1-PD</u>) - 0, 96 1 -PD	÷	81		FLAGS
	01	NY ALL XI-ELL - V, BYA-PD	f-1	32		
L	83					
			LOG	08	T (D_	
2	02	-	<u>R/S</u>	84	R/Ro	2
3	09					
	51					

SWITCH TO W/PROM PRESS (PROM) TO CLEAR MEMORY

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3. CFAR DETECTION, RECURSIVE SOLUTIONS

These HP-65 programs calculate the detection probability, given the average sample SNR and target model for an adaptive detector threshold which is set proportional to the noncoherent integration of R noise samples. These programs require initial calculation of the threshold proportionality constant, T, or equivalently A = 1/(T+1). Two cards must be entered for the P2 case or three cards must be entered for the general case. The partitioning is such that the first program calculates T0, a starting value of an iterative solution for T. The HP-65 P2C program does the iteration for T and also calculates P2. By rerunning HP-65 T0 with a given P2, the required average SNR can also be calculated by HP-65 P2C.

The programs, PGC(1) and PGC(2), are used with T0 to calculate detection probability for the general chi-squared target model.

STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT DATA/UNITS	KEYS	OUTPUT DATA/UNITS
1	Enter program T0	N		
		к		
		ب ز ط		TO
	Go to step 2 or 6			
2	Enter program P2C		[R/S]	Т
	Go to step 3 or 4			
3	For P2	SNR dB	B	P2
	Repeat for new SNR or go to step 4 or 6 as des	ired		
4	For SNR, given P2, enter program T0	P2		T20
5	Enter program P2C		R/S	SNR dB
	Repeat steps 4 & 5 for new P2 or to to step 3 o	r 6 as desi	red	
6	For general target model enter program PGC()	[R /S] []	A
7		SNR dB		
		К	A	1
8	Enter program PGC(2)		R/S	Р
	For new SNR or K enter PGC(1) and go to step	7		

Specific user instructions follow:

- $\begin{array}{rcl} A & \vdots & 1/(T+1) \\ K & \vdots & Chi-sque \end{array}$
- P0 : Probability of detection for con-squared target
- P0 : Probability of detection for nonluctuating target P1-P4 . Probability of detection for Swerling Cases I-IV
- R : Noise samples integrated to set threshold
- SNR : 10 log X
- T : Threshold setting divisor T0 : Iterative solution start value
- T0 : Iterative solution start value for T T20 : Iterative solution start value for T2=T/(1+X)
- X : Average sample S/N within N samples

- Case 0 : $K-10^5$ (3 place acc)
- Case I : K=1
 - Case II : K=N
 - (Genl Rayleigh target : K=Ne)
 - Case III : K=2
 - Case IV : K=2N
 - (Genl Rayleigh + equal constant target : K=2Ne) Weinstock : $0 \le K \le 1$

Tuie HP-65 TO Program Listing

Page_____of _____

SWITCH TO WIPROM PRESS [1] PROM TO CLEAR MEMORY

KEY ENTRY	CODE SHOWN	COMMENTS		KEY ENTR'	CODE SHOWN	COMMENTS	REGISTERS
LBL			P2_	2			R ₁ N
C f			C	2			
			- /	2 + X		R+. 922, R-1	
SF1				÷		В	R ₂ R
STO4		P2 TF SAVE TF		X		B()]
RCL3		TF SAVE TF]
STO8		IN R3		gLSTx		B,1,B()	R ₃ TO
GTO				-			
1				RCL1		N	
LBL		1	N	X		(1-B) N, B()	R ₄ PIN
A	•		t	+		[]	
STO4		PF, R, N	R	1			
g l	e		1	RCLA		PIN	R ₅
STO2	1	R	PF	RCL2	1	R	
g l			Α	g			
STO1	†	N	i	1/X			R ₆
LBL	· · · · · ·			g		· · · · · · ·	71 ~
1				g yx	1	PIN ^{1/R} , 1, []	1
RCLA	+ +	PIN		, -	• 	1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	R ₇
f	· - /			gLSTx			
LOG					}	$(1-PIN^{1/R})/PIN^{1/R}$	
CHS	·	L		ĭ[÷ □x	• -	1/T0	R ₈ TF
RCL1		N		g	† • •		
t t	<u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u>	_ 4 ,		1/X	 		
f	+ +			STO3	+	ТО	R ₉
$\frac{\mathbf{f}}{\sqrt{2}}$	<u></u> +− ;	√N		R/S			
<u>v</u>	!	$\overline{N} - \sqrt{N}$, L		1,0	·-	l	
gLSTx		VN		- ·			LABELS
	I	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	~~	<u> </u> }	+		~~~~
1		$\sqrt{N-1}$, $N-\sqrt{N}$, L		4! —	·- ·		
	<u></u>	L		jh			- B $ C$ PIN $-$ PS
RU	<u> </u>			1-	6 6		
gR↑ f	<u>+</u> ,		· _ ·	·	÷	÷	
	<u>+</u> +		~	1	<u>↓</u>	·····	
. <u>+</u>	· · · · ·	$\sqrt{\underline{L}} \pm \sqrt{\underline{N}} = 1$		+			
gLSTx ÷	╆ ╡	$\frac{\sqrt{L}}{\sqrt{L}} + \sqrt{N} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{L}}, N$. -	·	+	ŧ	
		[VL + NN - 1/VL,]	ı⊸∧เงื≀ ⊓ั	¶	+	ļ	· 2
gx↔y gR↑ ÷	+ ·· ·			 	j		
gr1	+	<u>L, N-√N</u>					
<u>-</u>					+	1	5
<u>3</u>	<u> </u>				l		6
•	l			ļ}			
<u>3</u>	ļ !			¥	h		8
<u>*</u>	<u>↓</u>	$(N-\sqrt{N})/2.3L, (\sqrt{L}+\sqrt{N})/2.3L$	N-1)/\/	h			9
<u>+</u>		-		<u> </u>	l		
RCL2		<u>R</u>			ļ		FLAGS
1	 				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1PIN $-$ P2
		R-1					
	T	R		1			
RCL2	1			11.			
RCL2	† İ			11	+		

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TO REC. HD PREGRAM INSERT MAGNETIC CARD WITH SWITCH SET AT W/PR/3M

Title HP-65 P2C Prcgram Listing

_____ Page ____ of _____

REGISTE	COMMENTS	CODE SHOWN	KEY ENTRY	DE COMMENTS	KEY ENTRY
R ₁ N			f-1	TO	RCL3
11			LOG	Р	D
			1	PIN	RCL4
R ₂ R			+	P/PIN	-
	T		RCL3		F
-1)	$T2 \leftarrow T(1+X)$		X	ln (P/PIN)	LN
$R_3 T$			D	Q	RCL6
	P2		R/S		RCL5
			LBL		<u>.</u>
R ₄ PIN	m		D		RCL2
			+		RCL3
				$\frac{T}{R/T, Q/P, \ln(P/PIN)}$	<u>.</u>
D DM			1	$= - \frac{\pi}{1} \frac{q}{P_1} \frac{P_1}{P_1} \frac{P_1}$	
R ₅ PM			+	Δ T	
1	<u>T+1</u>		STO7		STO
		 			+
	<u>R</u>		RCL2_	$(T - T + \Delta T)$	3
	The Conformation B		g yx		RCL3
R ₇ _T+1	$\underline{PM} \leftarrow [T/(T+1)]^{R}$				
	PMS-PM		STO5		<u> </u>
	<u>M-0</u>		0		ABS
	QMS+0		STO6		EEX
			LBL		CHS
-	M, PM		J	10^{-6} , $ \Delta T/T $	6
R ₉ logi	<u>R</u>		RCL2		gx.≦ }_ GTO
	M, R, PM		gx-y		GTO
	R+M		+	RETURN TO PRGM START	0
LABELS	M		gLSTx	T	RCL3
Α	R+M, PM, ~ M		gi		f-1
B SNR-			X		TF1
C	T+1		RCL7	n i	R/S
O T-	$M \cdot PM - PM(R+M)/(T+1)$		÷		gNOP
E			STO		f-1
OPRGM					SF1
	(QMS+QMS+M·PM)		6	T, T2 RESTORE T	RCL8
2	M		gR†	IN R3	STO3
			1		-
3	M + M+1		+		1
- 4			RCL1	-	
5	N, M, M· PM		1		 F
			gx≦y RCL5		LOG
	DDMC				1
- 8	P+PMS		RTN		v T
9	M, M. PM		gR!		0
	PM		·		X
FLAGS			STO	SNR dB	R/S
1 P2-I			+		LBL
	(PMS-PMS+PM)		5	SNR dB	<u>B</u>
_ 2	M, PM		gLSTX		1
			GTO		0
			1		÷

Title HP-65 PGC(1) Program Listing

_____ Page_____ of _____

SWITCH TO WIPROM PRESD [] PROM] TO CLEAR MEMORY

KEY ENTRY	CODE SHOWN	COMMENTS	KEY ENTRY	CODE SHOWN	COMMENTS		REC	GISTERS
LBL			RCL5		P-PMS	A	1	N
0			÷		Q/P			
RCL3			RCL2		<u>R</u>			
RCL3			RCL3	L	Т	R	2.	R
1		1, T, T	_ <u> ÷</u>		R/T , Q/P , $\ln (P/$	PIN)		
+								
STO7		<u>T+1</u>	÷		ΔT	A	3	T A
-			STO					<u>A</u>
RCL2		R	<u> +</u>					
к vX			3] 	(T←T+ΔT)	R	4	PIN
y x		$PM - [T/(T+1)]^{R}$	RCL3		T			Z
STO5		PMS-PM	÷					-
0		<u>M-0</u>					İ5	PMS
STO6		QMS-0	ABS	Ĺ]]	-	K
LBL			EEx		1			
1		M, PM	CHS	L	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	P	6	QMS
RCL2		R	6		$10^{-6}, \Delta T/T $			M
g х— у		M, R, PM	$gx \le y$,			
+		R+M	GTO	L	1	F	17	T+I
g LSTx		M	0					PM
gR↓		R+M, PM, ~, M	RCL3		Т			
X			1			R	18	PMS
RCL7	1	T+1	1 +				-	
÷		M· PM	g					
STO			1/X	1		F	19	logic
+			STO3		A + 1/(T+1)		5	
6		(QMS- QMS+M· PM)	R/S	1	1	SNR		
gR†	1	M	LBL	1		1	1	ABELS
1			A			K		NR, Ken
		M M+1	STO5		K		B	
RCL1		N, M	gR l	1	SNR		č	
gx≤y			1		+ · · · - ·		D.	
GTO	+		0	+	;		F	
2			÷		,		ີ -	
gR	4+	М, <u>М</u> . РМ	÷ f-1				• •	
₽-` <u>`</u>	† +	PM	LOG	1	X		י - כ	
STO	† †		RCL1	· • ·	N	{	2. 2	
			X		······································		ر د ۸	
<u>+</u>	· · · · ·	(PMS+PMS+PM)	STO4	-1	Z		7 5	
g LSTx	1	M, PM	1				6	
GTO	† +		RCL3	<u>†</u>	A		0. 7	
<u>010</u> 1	<u> </u>			†	1 2 °		r. Q	
LBL	+	and a sublement of the set	RCL2	+	R		0. 0	
<u>1151</u> 2	4						э.	
RCL5		P PMS	g yx	+		─── <i>╴</i> ───┤ ├ ╼		LAGS
RCL5_	++		STO7		PM-(1-A)R		1	LAUS
÷ ₩014	+i	PIN	STO8	<u> </u>	PMS-PM		1.	
<u>.</u>	+		1 1 00	+	+ MID - F'MI		-	
	+i		STO6	+	M+-1		2	
LN RCL6	+ +	ln (P/PIN)	R/S		147 - T			
acto -	J	Q-QMS		L	L	l		

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Title HP-65 PGC(2) Program Listing

_____ Prige____ of ____

SWITCH TO W/PRGM PRESS I PRGM TO CLEAR MEMORY

KEY ENTRY	CODE SHOWN	COMMENTS	KEY ENTRY	CODE SHOWN	COMMENTS	REGISTERS
LBL			gLSTx			R1_N
1		<u>1</u> N	[÷	 	(K+M-N-1)/(M-N), SUM, K	- 1 -→
RCL1		N	RCLA		v]
gx < y			X			R ₂ R
GTO			RCL5		XB	1
2			X]]
A			STO5		$XB - XB \cdot V(K+M-N-1)/(M$	-N3 A
GTO			STO			11
1			-	†		11
LBL			8		{(1-XBS)-(1-XBS)-XB}	R4 Z
2			CLX		**************************************	v
1 1	1		11	• •••• • •••• •		
RCLA			RCL8	• }	PMS, 1, SUM, K-1	R ₅ K
RCLA		·		•	1-PMS	XB
		V 77 77 1	EEX	ŗ		
RCL5		K, Z, Z, 1	1	÷	+	R ₆ M
+ 	'		8			106 - WI
T	·i	X(-7/10/17) 1-	X		+	
STO4		V←Z/(K+Z), 1→	8		·····	
			1/X			R ₇ PM
RCL5		K	RCL	 	(8	
<u>.</u>		_	9		1-XBS, 1/108(1-PMS), SUI	
X			gx>y_			R ₈ PMS
STO5		XB-[K/(K+Z)]K	GTO]]
LSTx		K	3	1		
1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	gR I			R ₉ logic
-		K-1	gR	1		1-XBS
RCL8		SUM, K-1, XB, 1	R/S		P-SUM	11
gR		an anna 19 Beanna an Beanna an Anna	LBL	1		LABELS
gRi		XB, 1, SUM, K-1	A		SUM, K-1	PM. PMS.
			RCL2	† · · ·	R	
STO			RCLS		M, R, SUM, K-1	
9		(1-XBS)- 1-XB	+			1 5
		(1-AB3)- 1-AB		+		
gRt			·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
LBL						10,
3		~, ~, SUM, K-1	RCL6	÷	M	1 Initial
+		g_	11:	+	(R+M-1)/M, SUM, K-1	2 PM loop
CLX		0, SUM, K-1 g	RCL3		A	3 Sum 100
<u>A</u>		M, SUM, K-1	X	۱	······································	4
CLX	·	lan an RCL7	1 .,	PM	5	
RCL			X	L	L	6
9		1-XBS, SUM, K-1	STO7		$PM - PM \cdot A(R+M-1)/M$	7
RCL7		PM, 1-XES, SUM, K-1	STO			8
x			1+			9
+		SUM-SUM+PM(1-XBS)	8	1	(PMS-PMS+PM)	11
RCL6		M	gR	<u>,</u>	SUM, K-1	FLAGS
RCL1		N, M, SUM, K-1	RCL		M	
nchi		M-N	11 -	<u>+</u>		┥╽ ╹ ━━━━ ━━━
gR†		K-1	1	+		11
			1)	•	N	2
ху		<u>M-N, K-1</u>	STO6	╅	<u>M+- M+1</u>	
b.			RTN	1	M, SUM, K-1	11

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SECTION VI

HP-67 PROGRAMS

The HP-67 is very similar to its predecessor, the HP-65. As a result, programs written for the HP-65, such as theprograms of this report, can almost be transcribed one-to-one for the HP-67. The major difference is the greater memory and programming capacity of the 67. This was used to combine and store multiple, related, HP-65 programs on single HP-67 program cards.

The programming differences between the two calculators that prevent exact one-toone transcription are noted here for future reference:

• MERGED INSTRUCTIONS

The HP-67 has more merged instructions; e.g., "STO + 8" on the HP-67 requires 3 program lines on the 65.

• CONDITIONAL BRANCHING

The HP-65 skips over two program steps if the conditional test is false. The HP-67 only skips one program step when the test is false.

• INDEX REGISTER

The HP-65 uses register R8 as an index register. The index register in the HP-67 is denoted "I". It can be used for real number storage as well. The register R8 in the HP-67 is for data storage only.

• PROGRAM STORAGE

The HP-65 has a capacity of 100 program steps. The HP-67 has 224.

• DATA STORAGE

The HP-65 has 9 storage registers including register 9 which is not fully available because it is used for internal subroutines. The HP-67 has 26 data storage registers including the "I" register. All are fully available.

• LABELS

The HP-65 has 15 labels for program entry points, subroutines, and branch points. The HP-67 has 20.

The HP-67 detection programs are not as completely annotated as the HP-65 programs. However, the HP-67 programs can be readily related to the corresponding HP-65 programs. Program steps and labels that are different are noted.

FIXED-THRESHOLD, RECURSIVE PROGRAMS 1.

These HP-67 programs calculate the detection probability, given the number of samples noncoherently integrated, the false-alarm probability, and the average sample signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) (in dB) for the various target models. Unlike the HP-65 programs, each program includes the threshold determination. The P1 and P2 calculations are also included on a single program. In addition, the P1-P2 program can also calculate by iteration the value of SNR required for a Case II target with a given P2.

STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT DATA/UNITS	KEYS	OUTPUT DATA/UNITS
1.	Enter P0, P1-P2, P3, P4 or PG program	N		
Ī		PF	A	PF(calc)
	Go to step 2, 3, 4 or 5 as appropriate			
2.	For P0, P2, P3 or P4 do either:	SNR dB	B []	Р
	or:	X	f b	P
	Repeat as desired			
	For P2 go to step 3 if desired			
3.	For SNR or X given P2 (P2 prgm)	P2		SNR dB
			RCLA	X
	Repeat or go to step 2 as desired			
4.	For Pl do either:	SNR dB	D	P1
	or:	X	[f_][_d]	P1
	Repeat as desired			
5.	For P6 do either:	SNR dB	[B][]	K
	or:	X	f	К
6.	Enter desired K if different from display	K	C	Р
	Repeat or go to step 5 as desired			
	After steps 2, 3, 4 or 6 do any of			
	the following if desired:		RCL 0	PF (calc)
	-		RCL 1	N
	(May be done after step 1)		RCL 2	Y
			RCL 9	Р
			RCL A	X
			RCL B	SNRdB
	(PG program only)		RCL E	K

Specific user instructions follow:

к : Chi-squared distribution parameter

Signal and/or noise samples integrated Ν :

Ne Target diversity within N san ples :

PF Probability of false alarm : Р

Probability of detection for chi-squared target :

P0 Probability of detection for nonfluctuating target :

P1-P4 : Probability of detection for Cases I-IV

SNR : 10 log X

Average sample power S/N within N Fixed detection threshold X Y :

:

Y2 : Y/(1+X)

Case 0 : K=10⁵ (~3 place acc)

Case I : K=1

Case II : K=N

(Genl Rayleigh target : K=Ne)

Case III : K=2

Case IV : K=2N

(Genl Rayleigh + equal constant target ; K=Ne) Weinstock : 0 < K < 1

HP-67 P0 Program Listing

$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	STEP	KEY ENTR	Y KEY CODE	CO	MMENTS	STEP	K	EY ENT	Y	KEY CODE		co	MMENTS
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	001						T	+	T		T		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $]						3401	1		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second se		4					\bot				
STOL 3301 $R \wedge 3554$ 1 41 $R \wedge 3554$ - - 81 - - 81 - - - 1 3154 $R \wedge 3554$ - - - 1 - - - <t< td=""><td> </td><td></td><td></td><td>4</td><td></td><td>060</td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	 			4		060			_		_		
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$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	 			4			╀┤	<u>K ^</u>	+		4		
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010 LSTX 35582 RA 35564 - 51 RA 3554 R A 3554 RA 3554 V 3154 RCE 84 RA 3554 V 3154 RCE 84 RCE 84 V 3154 RCE 32512 1 0 00 X 71 $+$ 81 1 0 00 X 71 $+$ 81 1 0 00 LSTX 3554 1 $10C$ 3121 1 0 00 LBL1 312501 66 X 711 $RCL8$ 3403 X 711 RCL8 3408 $RCL1$ 3401 X 711 $RCL1$ 3401 X 711 RCL8 3403 X 711 $RCL1$ 3401 X 711 $RCL1$ 3401 X 711 $RCL1$ 3401 X 711 $RCL1$		-		1				-	+		4		
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$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	ļ	<u>R^</u>		1]]	R/S		84]		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		_ <u>N</u>		4		070		LBLB		312512]		
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10 S1 S2 S3 S4 S5 S6 S7 S8 S9	⁰ PF		2	3	4	5		6		7			
									_			YMS	
X B SNR dB C D E I	50		52	33	54	S5		S6		S7	S8		S9
X SNR dB	A	<u>L</u>	B	L IC		6		L	F	1		1.	
		X	SNR dB			Ľ.						ľ	

HP-67 P0 Program Listing (Cont)

STEP		KEY CODE	COMMENTS	STEP	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	CON	MENTS
ļ	D	<u>312214</u> 3553	_			1	T	······
	R v		4	170				
		42	4					
	- <u> </u> +	61	-				_	
	RCL7	3407	4			ļ	4	
	X	71	-		<u> </u>		4	
120	STO+5	336105	1				-	
	R^	3554	-		<u> </u>		-	[
	RCL4	3404	1		 		-	
	RCL3	3403]				-]
	X	71]	180			-1	
	RCL6	3406						
	1	01					1	
	+	61]	
	STO6	3306	4]	
130	RCL1	3401	-]	
	- <u> -</u>	$-\frac{51}{81}$	4				_	
	ISTO4	3304	4				4	
	+	61	4					
F	11	41	4	190			-	
	CHS	42	1				4	
	1 t	41	1				-	
	1	01	1				-	
	+	61	1				4	
	RCL8	3408					4	
140	CHS	42					1	
	1	01					1	
	+	61					1	1
	X	71]	1
<u> </u>	EEX	43		200			1	
 	CHS 9	<u>42</u> 09					4	
<u> </u>	$X \leq Y$?	3271					4	
	GTO3	2203					4	1
	RCL5	3405					4	
150	STO9	3309					4	
	RTN	3522					1	
	LBLD	312514					1	
	RCL7	3407				······································	1	
	RCL2	3402		210			1	
 	RCL6	3406					1	
 	÷	81]	
	X	71]	
<u> </u>	STO7 STO+8	$\frac{3307}{336108}$					Į	
160	RTN	3522						
				·			ł	
	<u>├</u>			+			ł	
				+				
				220				
								}
	┟_────┤							1
	┟							1
<u>├</u> ┛	L <u>I</u>							
ANT PI	E B SND		LABELS		FLAGS	<u> </u>	SET STATUS	
		uD-		Y SUB	[FLAGS	TRIG	DISP
а	^b X→	c	d e		1	ON OFF	يتناوي والمتابية الأله مستعلقا الألالي	
⁰ Loo			unch ³ P0 Loop ⁴		2		DEG 🗆 GRAD 🗆	FIX 🛛 SCI 🗖
5			anch 3 P0 Loop 4		3			
0.4		<u>l</u>			Ľ	3 🗆 🗆	-	n

HP-67 P1-P2 Program Listing

STEP	к	EY ENTRY			COM	MENT	rs	STEP	к		,	KEY CODE		co	MMENTS
001	_	BLA	312511						Π	e ^x		3252	1		
		<u>го4 —</u>	3304							STO8		3308	1		
		<u>OG</u>	3153							0		00]		
	_	HS	42					060		<u>†</u>		41]		
ļ		Y	3552							1		01]		
·	$+\frac{S'}{1}$	<u>r01</u>	3301	_						+		61]		
	$\downarrow \downarrow$		41	_						RCL1		3401]		
	-↓-√-		3154							$X \leq Y$?	<u> </u>	3271]		
010	+-	20032	51	_						RTN		3522]		
010		STX	3582	4				ļ		RCL2		3402			
	1			_						<u>R^</u>		3554	ļ		
	+	A	51							X		71]		
	R		3554							R ^		3554	1		
	<u> </u>		3154	-1				C70		-	-	81	1		
	$\frac{+}{+}$	STX	<u>61</u> 3582	-1				ļ		STO + 8	+	336108			
 	X	51 A		-1				ļ	L	R^	_	3554	1		
 	$\frac{\Lambda}{2}$		71	-				<u> </u>	1-	<u>GTO(6)</u>		2224	1		
	1-		+	-						R/S		84	Į		
020	3			-					ļ	LBLB	╋	312512	ł		
	X			-					<u> </u>	L		01	1		
 			$\frac{71}{61}$	-						<u>, </u>		00	1		
 		<u></u>	3302	-1						<u>10x</u>		81	1		
 		BL1	312501	-				080		LBLb		<u>3253</u> 322512	ł		
<u>}</u>	Ē		312215	-					_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+		1		
	_	CL8	3408	-						<u>STOA</u> LOG	+-	3311	4		
<u> </u>			3554	-							+-	<u>3153</u> 01	ł		
	÷		81	-							+		1		
		CL8	3408	-1						x	╋	<u> </u>	1		
030		CIA –	3404	-						STOB	+	3312			
<u> </u>	÷		81	-1					L ì	RCLA	+-	3411	1		
	Lr	 \	3152	-1							╋				
	X	•	71	1						х		<u>01</u> 61			
	ST	O+2	336102	1				090		RCL2	+-	3402			
		TX	3582	1						STO 6	+	3306			
[AI		3564	1						X↔Y	+	3552			
	EI	EX	43	1							+	81			
	CH		42	1						STO2	+	3302			
	6		06							<u>.</u>	+	312215			
040	X	≤ Y ?	3271	1						RCL6	╈	3406			
		r 01	2201]						STO2	1	3302			
		CL8	3408]						RCL8	1-	3408			
		? 2	357102							STO9	T	3309			
}		00	2200					100	Ĩ	RTN	1	3522			
L		'00	3300]	LBLC	Τ	312513			
ļ	RI		3522	1					S	SF2	Ι	355102			
 		BL0	312500	4						RCL2	Γ	3402			
		09	3309	4					_	STO6	Γ	3306			
250	RT		3522	4					F	≀ ∨		3553			
<u> </u>	_	BI.E	312515	4					F	RCL1		3401			
	1		01	4					_	K ↔ Y		3552			
 	$\frac{2}{CL}$	<u>IC</u>	02	4]				312211			
	CH ST		$\frac{42}{3533}$	-				h		RCL2	+	3402			
		L L2		4				110		RCL6		3406			
	CH		<u>3402</u> 42	1				}ł		<u>TO2</u>	┢	3302			
			42	1			DEAL		<u> </u>	← +Υ	1	3552			······
0 DE	·····	1 N	2 V	3	F7	4		STERS	_	6		17	То		-10-
° PF	c l	¹ N	² Y	ľ	Z	ſ	\mathbf{PF}	5		⁶ YTEM	P	7 Y1	⁸ Y	MS	⁹ P
S0		S1	S2	S 3		S 4		S5		S6		S7	S6		
				- 1											
A	v	1	B CITE IE		С			D		Lanna	E			I	
	X		SNR dB											1	
						-		_		and the second se	_				

HP-67 P1-P2 Program Listing (Cont)

ST/2P	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	COMMENTS	STEP	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	COMME	NTS
	STO6	3306			yx	3563		
	÷	81		170	RCL5	3405		
	1	01			÷	81		ļ
		51			STO5	3305		Į
	STOA	3311			EEX 7	<u>43</u> 07		į
	LOG 1	<u>3153</u> 01			<u>X≤Y?</u>	3271		
120	ō	00			GTO7	2207		1
	X	71			ĊĹX	44		ļ
	STOB	3312			RC.LA	3404	:	
	RTN	3522			RCL2	3402		
	LBL)	312514		180	<u> </u>	<u>312215</u>		
L	1	01			X	71		1
	0	00			GSB8	312208		
	÷	81			CHS	42		
	10 ^X	3253				01		
130	LBLd	<u>322514</u> 3311			+ RCL5	<u>61</u> 3405		
	LOG STOA	3153				<u>3403</u> 81		
 	1	01			RCL6	3406		[
}	0	00			+	61		
	X	71		190	STO9	3309		
	STOB	3312			RTN	3522		l l
	1	01			LBL7	312507		j
	4	04			RCL6	3406		
<u> </u>	CHS	42			RTN	3522		
	STI	3533			LBL8	312508		
140	FCLA	3411			STO7	3307		
	PCL1 X	$\frac{3401}{71}$			CHS e ^x	42 3252		
	STO3	3303			STO8	3308		
	RCL2	34 02		200	1	01		
	X-Y	3552			RCL1	3401		
	1	01			1	01		
	+	61			-	51		
	STO4	3304			$X \leq Y$?	3271		
	÷	81			GTO6	2206]
150	CHS	42			RCL7	3407		
ļ	ex	3252			R ^	3554		
	STO5	3305				2551		
		01 3401		210	R∧ ÷	3554		1
	RCL1				the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second s	81		1
	X > Y ? GTO9	<u>3281</u> 2209			$\frac{STO+8}{R^{\Lambda}}$	<u>336108</u> 3554		
	RCL5	3405			1	01		Í
	STO9	3309			+	61	1	
	RTN	3522			GTO (i)	2224		
160	LBL9	312509			LBL6	312500		
	RCL2	3402			RCL8	3408		
	GSB8	312208			RTN	3522		
	STO6	3306						
·	RCL3	3403		220				1
}		<u>3404</u> 81		<u> </u>				
	STO4	3304					1	
	R [^]	3554					l	
			LABELS		FLAGS		SET STATUS	
ANTI	PF- SNRd	В→Г2 ^С Р2→	$X \qquad SNR dB \rightarrow \in$	Y SUB	0	FLAGS	TRiG	DISP
a			d la			ON OFF		
	<u> </u>	P2	<u> </u>				DEG 🗆	
- ⁰	<u>'Y LC</u>	OP ²	3 4		2		GRAD	SCI 🗆 Eng 🗆
5	6BRAN		NCH ⁸ SUB	BRANCH	3			n
							Low and the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second s	

HP-67 P3 Program Listing

JBLA TO4 JCG CHS 	$\begin{array}{r} 312511\\ 3304\\ 3153\\ 42\\ 3552\\ 3301\\ 41\\ 3154\\ 51\\ 3582\\ 01\\ 51\\ 3582\\ 01\\ 51\\ 3582\\ 01\\ 51\\ 3554\\ 3154\\ 61\\ 3582\\ 71\\ 02\\ 83\\ 03\\ 71\\ 61\\ 3302\\ 312501\\ 312215\\ 3408\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 3408\\ 3404\\ 81\\ 3152\\ 71\\ \end{array}$			060	+ RCL1 $X \leq Y$ RTN RCL2 R^ X $R^$ T STO+8 $R^$ GTO(i) LBLB 1 0 T LBLb STOA LCC3 1 0 X STOB RCL4 RCL1 X 2 T STO3 RCL3	кеу соре 61 3401 3271 3522 3402 3554 71 3554 81 336108 3554 2224 312512 01 00 81 3253 322512 3311 3153 01 00 71 3312 3411 3401 71 02 81 3303 3403	
LCG CHS Y TO1 STX 	$\begin{array}{r} 3153 \\ 42 \\ 3552 \\ 3301 \\ 41 \\ 3154 \\ 51 \\ 3582 \\ 01 \\ 51 \\ 3582 \\ 01 \\ 51 \\ 3582 \\ 01 \\ 51 \\ 3582 \\ 01 \\ 51 \\ 3582 \\ 01 \\ 3154 \\ 61 \\ 3582 \\ 71 \\ 02 \\ 83 \\ 03 \\ 71 \\ 61 \\ 3302 \\ 312501 \\ 312215 \\ 3408 \\ 3554 \\ 81 \\ 3408 \\ 3404 \\ 81 \\ 3152 \\ \end{array}$			070	RCL1 $X \leq Y$ RTNRCI.2R^XR^ $\dot{\tau}$ STO+8R^GTO(i)LBLB10 $\dot{\tau}$ 10XLBLbSTOALCG10 $\dot{\tau}$ STOBRCLARCL1X2 $\dot{\tau}$ STO3	$\begin{array}{r} 3401\\ 3271\\ 3522\\ 3402\\ 3554\\ 71\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 336108\\ 3554\\ 2224\\ 312512\\ 01\\ 00\\ 81\\ 3253\\ 322512\\ 311\\ 3153\\ 01\\ 00\\ 71\\ 3312\\ 3411\\ 3401\\ 71\\ 02\\ 81\\ 3303\\ \end{array}$	
HS ← Y TO1 STX A STX FO2 BL1 SBE CL8 A CL8 CL8	$\begin{array}{r} 42\\ 3552\\ 3301\\ 41\\ 3154\\ 51\\ 3582\\ 01\\ 51\\ 3582\\ 01\\ 51\\ 3554\\ 3154\\ 61\\ 3582\\ 71\\ 02\\ 83\\ 03\\ 71\\ 61\\ 3302\\ 312501\\ 312215\\ 3408\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 3408\\ 3404\\ 81\\ 3152\\ \end{array}$			070	$\begin{array}{c} X \leq Y \\ RTN \\ RCI.2 \\ R^{\wedge} \\ \vdots \\ STO+8 \\ R^{\wedge} \\ GTO(i) \\ LBLB \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 10^{X} \\ LBLb \\ STOA \\ LCA \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ X \\ STOB \\ RCLA \\ RCL1 \\ X \\ 2 \\ \vdots \\ STO3 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 3271\\ 3522\\ 3402\\ 3554\\ 71\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 336108\\ 3554\\ 2224\\ 312512\\ 01\\ 00\\ 81\\ 3253\\ 322512\\ 3311\\ 3153\\ 01\\ 00\\ 71\\ 3312\\ 3411\\ 3401\\ 71\\ 02\\ 81\\ 3303\\ \end{array}$	
→ Y TO1 STX A STX STX FO2 BL1 SBE CL8 A CL8 CL8 CL8	$\begin{array}{r} 3552\\ 3301\\ 41\\ 3154\\ 51\\ 3582\\ 01\\ 51\\ 3554\\ 3154\\ 61\\ 3582\\ 71\\ 02\\ 83\\ 03\\ 71\\ 61\\ 3302\\ 312501\\ 312215\\ 3408\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 3408\\ 3404\\ 81\\ 3152\\ \end{array}$			070	RCL2 R^ X R^ STO+8 R^ GTO(i) LBLB 1 0 ÷ 10X LBLb STOA LCA 1 0 X STOB RCLA RCL1 X 2 ÷ STO3	$\begin{array}{r} 3522\\ 3402\\ 3554\\ 71\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 336108\\ 3554\\ 2224\\ 312512\\ 01\\ 00\\ 81\\ 3253\\ 322512\\ 312\\ 3253\\ 322512\\ 3311\\ 3153\\ 01\\ 00\\ 71\\ 3312\\ 341\\ 3401\\ 71\\ 02\\ 81\\ 3303\\ \end{array}$	
TO1 STX A STX STX FO2 BL1 SBE CL8 A CL8 CL8 CL8	$\begin{array}{r} 3552\\ 3301\\ 41\\ 3154\\ 51\\ 3582\\ 01\\ 51\\ 3554\\ 3154\\ 61\\ 3582\\ 71\\ 02\\ 83\\ 03\\ 71\\ 61\\ 3302\\ 312501\\ 312215\\ 3408\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 3408\\ 3404\\ 81\\ 3152\\ \end{array}$				RCL2 R^ X R^ STO+8 R^ GTO(i) LBLB 1 0 ÷ 10X LBLb STOA LCA 1 0 X STOB RCLA RCL1 X 2 ÷ STO3	$\begin{array}{r} 3402\\ 3554\\ 71\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 336108\\ 3554\\ 2224\\ 312512\\ 01\\ 000\\ 81\\ 3253\\ 322512\\ 3311\\ 3153\\ 01\\ 00\\ 71\\ 3312\\ 341\\ 3312\\ 341\\ 3401\\ 71\\ 02\\ 81\\ 3303\\ \end{array}$	
STX A STX STX FO2 BL1 SBE CL8 A CL8 CL8 CL8	$\begin{array}{r} 41\\ 3154\\ 51\\ 3582\\ 01\\ 51\\ 3554\\ 3154\\ 61\\ 3582\\ 71\\ 02\\ 83\\ 03\\ 71\\ 61\\ 3302\\ 312501\\ 312215\\ 3408\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 3408\\ 3404\\ 81\\ 3152\\ \end{array}$				$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{R} \wedge \\ \mathbf{X} \\ \mathbf{R} \wedge \\ \overline{} \\ \mathbf{S} \mathbf{TO} + 8 \\ \mathbf{R} \wedge \\ \mathbf{G} \mathbf{TO}(\mathbf{i}) \\ \mathbf{LBLB} \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ \overline{} \\ \mathbf{10^{X}} \\ \mathbf{LBLb} \\ \mathbf{S} \mathbf{TOA} \\ \mathbf{LCA^{2}} \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ \mathbf{X} \\ \mathbf{S} \mathbf{TOB} \\ \mathbf{RCLA} \\ \mathbf{RCL1} \\ \mathbf{X} \\ 2 \\ \overline{} \\ \mathbf{S} \mathbf{TO3} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 3554\\71\\3554\\81\\336108\\3554\\2224\\312512\\01\\00\\81\\3253\\322512\\3311\\3253\\322512\\3311\\3153\\01\\00\\71\\3312\\341\\3312\\341\\3401\\71\\02\\81\\3303\end{array}$	
STX A STX STX FO2 BL1 SBE CL8 A CL8 CL8 CL8	$\begin{array}{r} 41\\ 3154\\ 51\\ 3582\\ 01\\ 51\\ 3554\\ 3154\\ 61\\ 3582\\ 71\\ 02\\ 83\\ 03\\ 71\\ 61\\ 3302\\ 312501\\ 312215\\ 3408\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 3408\\ 3404\\ 81\\ 3152\\ \end{array}$				$\begin{array}{c} X \\ R^{\wedge} \\ \hline \vdots \\ STO+8 \\ R^{\wedge} \\ GTO(i) \\ LBLB \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ \hline \vdots \\ 10^{\times} \\ LBLb \\ STOA \\ LBLb \\ STOA \\ LCA \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ X \\ STOB \\ RCLA \\ RCL1 \\ X \\ 2 \\ \hline \vdots \\ STO3 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 71\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 336108\\ 3554\\ 2224\\ 312512\\ 01\\ 00\\ 81\\ 3253\\ 322512\\ 3311\\ 3153\\ 01\\ 00\\ 71\\ 3312\\ 341\\ 3401\\ 71\\ 02\\ 81\\ 3303\\ \end{array}$	
STX A STX STX FO2 BL1 SBE CL8 A CL8 CL8 CL8	$\begin{array}{r} 3154\\ 51\\ 3582\\ 01\\ 51\\ 3554\\ 3154\\ 61\\ 3582\\ 71\\ 02\\ 83\\ 03\\ 71\\ 02\\ 83\\ 03\\ 71\\ 61\\ 3302\\ 312501\\ 312215\\ 3408\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 3408\\ 3404\\ 81\\ 3152\\ \end{array}$				$\begin{array}{c} R^{\wedge} \\ \hline \vdots \\ STO+8 \\ R^{\wedge} \\ \hline GTO(i) \\ LBLB \\ \hline 1 \\ 0 \\ \hline \vdots \\ 10^{X} \\ LBLb \\ STOA \\ LCG \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ X \\ STOB \\ RCLA \\ RCL1 \\ X \\ 2 \\ \hline STO3 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 3554\\ 81\\ 336108\\ 3554\\ 2224\\ 312512\\ 01\\ 00\\ 81\\ 3253\\ 322512\\ 3311\\ 3153\\ 01\\ 00\\ 71\\ 3312\\ 341\\ 3401\\ 71\\ 02\\ 81\\ 3303\\ \end{array}$	
STX A STX STX FO2 BL1 SBE CL8 A CL8 CL8 CL8	$\begin{array}{r} 51\\ 3582\\ 01\\ 51\\ 3554\\ 3154\\ 61\\ 3582\\ 71\\ 02\\ 83\\ 03\\ 71\\ 61\\ 3302\\ 312501\\ 312215\\ 3408\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 3408\\ 3404\\ 81\\ 3152\\ \end{array}$				$\begin{array}{c} \div \\ STO+8 \\ R \land \\ GTO(i) \\ LBLB \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ \div \\ 10^{X} \\ LBLb \\ STOA \\ LCG \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ X \\ STOB \\ RCLA \\ RCL1 \\ X \\ 2 \\ \div \\ STO3 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 81\\ 336108\\ 3554\\ 2224\\ 312512\\ 01\\ 00\\ 81\\ 3253\\ 322512\\ 3311\\ 3153\\ 01\\ 00\\ 71\\ 3312\\ 3411\\ 3401\\ 71\\ 02\\ 81\\ 3303\\ \end{array}$	
TO2 BL1 SBE CL8 A CL8 CL8	$\begin{array}{r} 3582 \\ 01 \\ 51 \\ 3554 \\ 3154 \\ 61 \\ 3582 \\ 71 \\ 02 \\ 83 \\ 03 \\ 71 \\ 61 \\ 3302 \\ 312501 \\ 312501 \\ 312501 \\ 312215 \\ 3408 \\ 3554 \\ 81 \\ 3408 \\ 3404 \\ 81 \\ 3152 \end{array}$				STO+8 R^ GTO(i) LBLB 1 0 ÷ 10 ^X LBLb STOA LC43 1 0 X STOB RCLA RCL1 X 2 ÷ STO3	$\begin{array}{r} 336108\\ 3554\\ 2224\\ 312512\\ 01\\ 00\\ 81\\ 3253\\ 322512\\ 3311\\ 3153\\ 01\\ 00\\ 71\\ 3312\\ 341\\ 3401\\ 71\\ 02\\ 81\\ 3303\\ \end{array}$	
TO2 BL1 SBE CL8 A CL8 CL8	$\begin{array}{r} 01\\ 51\\ 3554\\ 3154\\ 61\\ 3582\\ 71\\ 02\\ 83\\ 03\\ 71\\ 61\\ 3302\\ 312501\\ 312501\\ 312501\\ 312501\\ 312408\\ 3408\\ 3408\\ 3404\\ 81\\ 3152\\ \end{array}$				$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{R} \wedge \\ \mathbf{GTO(i)} \\ \mathbf{LBLB} \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ \mathbf{\cdot} \\ \mathbf{10^X} \\ \mathbf{LBLb} \\ \mathbf{STOA} \\ \mathbf{LCG} \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ \mathbf{X} \\ \mathbf{STOB} \\ \mathbf{RCLA} \\ \mathbf{RCL1} \\ \mathbf{X} \\ 2 \\ \mathbf{\cdot} \\ \mathbf{STO3} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 3554\\ 2224\\ 312512\\ 01\\ 00\\ 81\\ 3253\\ 322512\\ 3311\\ 3153\\ 01\\ 00\\ 71\\ 3312\\ 3411\\ 3401\\ 71\\ 02\\ 81\\ 3303\\ \end{array}$	
STX FO2 RL1 SBE CL8 A CL8 CL8 CL8	$\begin{array}{r} 51\\ 3554\\ 3154\\ 61\\ 3582\\ 71\\ 02\\ 83\\ 03\\ 71\\ 61\\ 3302\\ 312501\\ 312215\\ 3408\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 3408\\ 3404\\ 81\\ 3152\\ \end{array}$				GTO(i) LBLB 1 0 ÷ 10 ^X LBLb STOA LCA 1 0 X STOB RCLA RCL1 X 2 ÷ STO3	$\begin{array}{r} 2224\\ 312512\\ 01\\ 00\\ 81\\ 3253\\ 322512\\ 3311\\ 3153\\ 01\\ 00\\ 71\\ 3312\\ 341\\ 3401\\ 71\\ 02\\ 81\\ 3303\\ \end{array}$	
STX FO2 RL1 SBE CL8 A CL8 CL8 CL8	$\begin{array}{r} 3554\\ 3154\\ 61\\ 3582\\ 71\\ 02\\ 83\\ 03\\ 71\\ 61\\ 3302\\ 312501\\ 312215\\ 3408\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 3408\\ 3404\\ 81\\ 3152\\ \end{array}$				LBLB 1 0 ÷ 10 ^X LBLb STOA LCA 1 0 X STOB RCLA RCL1 X 2 ÷ STO3	$\begin{array}{r} 312512\\ 01\\ 00\\ 81\\ 3253\\ 322512\\ 3311\\ 3153\\ 01\\ 00\\ 71\\ 3312\\ 341\\ 3401\\ 71\\ 02\\ 81\\ 3303\\ \end{array}$	
STX FO2 RL1 SBE CL8 A CL8 CL8 CL8	$\begin{array}{r} 3154\\ 61\\ 3582\\ 71\\ 02\\ 83\\ 03\\ 71\\ 61\\ 3302\\ 312501\\ 312215\\ 3408\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 3408\\ 3404\\ 81\\ 3152\\ \end{array}$				1 0 ÷ 10 ^X LBLb STOA LCC3 1 0 X STOB RCLA RCL1 X 2 ÷ STO3	$\begin{array}{r} 01\\ 00\\ 81\\ 3253\\ 322512\\ 3311\\ 3153\\ 01\\ 00\\ 71\\ 3312\\ 341\\ 3401\\ 71\\ 02\\ 81\\ 3303\\ \end{array}$	
FO2 PL1 SBE CL8 ^ CL8 CL8 CL8	$\begin{array}{r} 61\\ 3582\\ 71\\ 02\\ 83\\ 03\\ 71\\ 61\\ 3302\\ 312501\\ 312215\\ 3408\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 3408\\ 3404\\ 81\\ 3152\\ \end{array}$				0 ÷ 10 ^X LBLb STOA LCG 1 0 X STOB RCLA RCL1 X 2 ÷ STO3	$\begin{array}{r} 00\\ 81\\ 3253\\ 322512\\ 3311\\ 3153\\ 01\\ 00\\ 71\\ 3312\\ 341\\ 3401\\ 71\\ 02\\ 81\\ 3303\\ \end{array}$	
FO2 PL1 SBE CL8 ^ CL8 CL8 CL8	$\begin{array}{r} 3582 \\ 71 \\ 02 \\ 83 \\ 03 \\ 71 \\ 61 \\ 3302 \\ 312501 \\ 312215 \\ 3408 \\ 3554 \\ 81 \\ 3408 \\ 3404 \\ 81 \\ 3152 \\ \end{array}$			080	÷ 10 ^X LBLb STOA LCG 1 0 X STOB RCLA RCL1 X 2 ÷ STO3	$\begin{array}{r} 81\\ 3253\\ 322512\\ 3311\\ 3153\\ 01\\ 00\\ 71\\ 3312\\ 341\\ 3401\\ 71\\ 02\\ 81\\ 3303\\ \end{array}$	
FO2 PL1 SBE CL8 ^ CL8 CL8 CL8	$\begin{array}{r} 71\\ 02\\ 83\\ 03\\ 71\\ 61\\ 3302\\ 312501\\ 312215\\ 3408\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 3408\\ 3404\\ 81\\ 3152\\ \end{array}$			080	10 ^X LBLb STOA LCA 1 0 X STOB RCLA RCL1 X 2 ÷ STO3	$\begin{array}{r} 3253\\ 322512\\ 3311\\ 3153\\ 01\\ 00\\ 71\\ 3312\\ 341\\ 3401\\ 71\\ 02\\ 81\\ 3303\\ \end{array}$	
FO2 PL1 SBE CL8 ^ CL8 CL8 CL8	$\begin{array}{r} 02\\ 83\\ 03\\ 71\\ 61\\ 3302\\ 312501\\ 312215\\ 3408\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 3408\\ 3404\\ 81\\ 3152\\ \end{array}$			080	LBLb STOA LCA3 1 0 X STOB RCLA RCL1 X 2 ÷ STO3	$\begin{array}{r} 322512\\ 3311\\ 3153\\ 01\\ 00\\ 71\\ 3312\\ 341\\ 3312\\ 3401\\ 71\\ 02\\ 81\\ 3303\\ \end{array}$	
FO2 BL1 SBE CL8 ^ CL8 CL8 CL4	$\begin{array}{r} 83\\ 0.3\\ 71\\ 61\\ 3302\\ 312501\\ 312215\\ 3408\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 3408\\ 3404\\ 81\\ 3152\\ \end{array}$			080	STOA 1 0 X STOB RCLA RCL1 X 2 ÷ STO3	$\begin{array}{r} 322512\\ 3311\\ 3153\\ 01\\ 00\\ 71\\ 3312\\ 341\\ 3312\\ 3401\\ 71\\ 02\\ 81\\ 3303\\ \end{array}$	
FO2 BL1 SBE CL8 ^ CL8 CL8 CL4	$\begin{array}{r} 03 \\ 71 \\ 61 \\ 3302 \\ 312501 \\ 312215 \\ 3408 \\ 3554 \\ 81 \\ 3408 \\ 3404 \\ 81 \\ 3152 \\ \end{array}$			080	STOA 1 0 X STOB RCLA RCL1 X 2 ÷ STO3	$\begin{array}{r} 3311\\ 3153\\ 01\\ 00\\ 71\\ 3312\\ 341\\ 3401\\ 71\\ 02\\ 81\\ 3303\\ \end{array}$	
FO2 BL1 SBE CL8 ^ CL8 CL8 CL4	$\begin{array}{r} 71 \\ 61 \\ 3302 \\ 312501 \\ 312215 \\ 3408 \\ 3554 \\ 81 \\ 3408 \\ 3404 \\ 81 \\ 3152 \end{array}$			080	LCA 1 0 X STOB RCLA RCL1 X 2 ÷ STO3	$\begin{array}{r} 3153\\01\\00\\71\\3312\\34\underline{11}\\3401\\71\\02\\81\\3303\end{array}$	
FO2 BL1 SBE CL8 ^ CL8 CL8 CL4	$\begin{array}{r} 71 \\ 61 \\ 3302 \\ 312501 \\ 312215 \\ 3408 \\ 3554 \\ 81 \\ 3408 \\ 3404 \\ 81 \\ 3152 \end{array}$			080	1 0 X STOB RCLA RCL1 X 2 ÷ STO3	$\begin{array}{r} 01 \\ 00 \\ 71 \\ 3312 \\ 3411 \\ 3401 \\ 71 \\ 02 \\ 81 \\ 3303 \end{array}$	
BL1 SBE CL8 ^ CL8 CL8 CL4	$\begin{array}{r} 3302\\ 312501\\ 312215\\ 3408\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 3408\\ 3408\\ 3404\\ 81\\ 3152\\ \end{array}$			080	0 X STOB RCLA RCL1 X 2 ÷ STO3	$\begin{array}{r} 00\\ 71\\ 3312\\ 3411\\ 3401\\ 71\\ 02\\ 81\\ 3303\\ \end{array}$	
BL1 SBE CL8 ^ CL8 CL8 CL4	$\begin{array}{r} 3302\\ 312501\\ 312215\\ 3408\\ 3554\\ 81\\ 3408\\ 3408\\ 3404\\ 81\\ 3152\\ \end{array}$			080	X STOB RCLA RCL1 X 2 ÷ STO3	71 3312 3411 3401 71 02 81 3303	
BL1 SBE CL8 ^ CL8 CL8 CL4	$\begin{array}{r} 312501\\ \hline 312215\\ \hline 3408\\ \hline 3554\\ \hline 81\\ \hline 3408\\ \hline 3408\\ \hline 3404\\ \hline 81\\ \hline 3152\\ \end{array}$			080	STOB RCLA RCL1 X 2 ÷ STO3	3312 3411 3401 71 02 81 3303	
CL8 A CL8 CL4	312215 3408 3554 3408 3408 3404 81 3152	I			RCLA RCL1 X 2 ÷ STO3	3411 3401 71 02 81 3303	
CL8 A CL8 CL4	3408 3554 81 3408 3404 81 3152				RCL1 X 2 ÷ STO3	3401 71 02 81 3303	
^ CL8 CL4	3554 81 3408 3404 81 3152				X 2 ÷ STO3	71 02 81 3303	
CL8 CLA	$ \begin{array}{r} & 81 \\ 3408 \\ 3404 \\ 81 \\ 3152 \\ \end{array} $				2 ÷ STO3	02 81 3303	
CLA	$ \begin{array}{r} 3408 \\ 3404 \\ \hline 81 \\ 3152 \end{array} $				÷ STO3	<u>81</u> 3303	
CLA	3404 81 3152				STO3	3303	-
	<u>81</u> 3152					-	
 ł	3152				I RCL3 I	3403	1
					1.010	<u>UTCO</u>	
n	71 6				1	01	1
	the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second s				+		
$\overline{O+2}$	336102			090	÷	81	1
STX	3582				RCL2	3402	1
BS	3564				LSTX	3582	1
EX	43				÷	81	1
HS	42				STO5	3305	
	06				RCL1	3401	1
≤Y	3271				2	02	
ΓΟΊ	2201				X≤Y ?	3271	
CL8 T	3408				A=1 GTO0	2200	1
100	3300			h	$\frac{G100}{R^{\wedge}}$	3554	
FN	3522			100			
BLE							
				├ ────	┝─╤───┼		
{				i			
as							
I I	2622						
	3400				CHS		
						the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second s	
₩ <u></u>					X	71	
					R/S	84	
~~~				<u> </u>	LBL0		
+				110			
+	<u> </u>				STO6	3306	
1	01				<u>R</u> ^	3554	
	- 10	1	RE	GISTERS			
	2 Y	$ ^{3}$ Z/2	4 PF	5 ZY	2 6 N-2	7 Y3	8 YMS 9 P
1 N		1			-2		
		100	54	S5	S6	\$7	S8 S9
¹ N	S2	\$3	1			1	1 1
	S2	53 0		D	[E		11
	S 5 1 1 2 5 08	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	SLE 312515 01 02 S 42 3533 12 L2 3402 S 42 3252 3262 O8 3308 00 41 01 01	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

JP-67 P3 Program Listing (Cont)

STEP	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	COMMENTS	STEP	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	. co	MMENTS
	LN X	3152			1	01		
	+	61		170	L	61		
	CHS	A DESCRIPTION OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNER			GTCD	312214		
	ex	42			R/S	84		
	_ <u>e</u>	3252		 				
	1 D 370	01					7	
20	RCL6	3406					7	
	RCL3	3403					-1	
	÷	81				1		
		51				1		
	RCL5	3405				1		
	+	61		180		1		
	X	71			1	1		
	STO4	3304			1	†		
	RCL5	3405			T	†		
	RCL3	3403						
	X	71				<u>+</u>	-	
10	GSB2	312202			t	<u> </u>	-1	
	RCL8	3408			t	t	-1	
	CHS	42		 	t	<u> </u>	-1	
	1	01			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-4	
	+	61		190	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-1	
	RCI ·	3404			t	f		
	X	71					-1	
	STO4	3304						
	RCL2	3402			·		_	
	GSB2	312202					4	
0	RCL8	3408		<u> </u>			1	
	R^	3554					4	
	RCL5	3405					4	
	X	71					1	
	<u></u> +			20]	
	RCL4	61		260			_	
		<u>3404</u> 61					_	
	STO9							
	R/S	3309						
	LBL2	84						
,	STO7	312502					1	
	THS	<u>3307</u> 42]	
	ex	3252					1	
					i]	
	STO8	3303					7	
		01		210			1	
	LBLD	312514					1	
	RCL1	3401					1	
	<u>1 </u>	<u></u> [1]					1	
		51					1	
	$X \leq Y$?	3271					1	
	RCL8	3408					1	
	RTN	3522					1	
	RCL7	3107					1	
	R ^A	3554		[+	+		1	
	X	71		220			1	
	RA	3554					1	
		81					1	
	$\frac{5TO+8}{R}$	336108					1	
<u> </u>	<u>u</u>	3554	-				t	
T	18	L	ABELS	1	FLAGS		SET STATUS	
I PF-		Name and Address of Street	^D P3 LOOP	^L Y SUB	0	FLAGS	TRIG	DISP
	b	c	d	e	1	ON CEE I		[
LOO	P Y LOC	OP ² P3 SUB	3	4	2			FIX []
		AUGUE I AU		1			GRAD	SCI 🗆
	6	7	18	9	3	2 0 0	RAD	

HP-67 P4 Program Listing

$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	STEP	KEY ENTRY		COMMI	ENTS	STEP	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	cc	MMENTS
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	001					L		and the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second	T	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	<u> </u>						RCL1	3401	1	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $]	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	├ ───		The second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second se			060	the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second s			
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		and the second se							1	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	}	+ STOL							1	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	h	+_1/	The subscription of the local division of th						4	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $									4	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	010	LSTX				 			-	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		and the second s	the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second s					the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second s	-	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		-				 	and the second s		-	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		A.S.							-	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second se			070		and the second se	1	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1 .					1		1	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	L						0	00	1	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							÷		1	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2					10 ^x	3253	1	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	000							322512]	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	020							3311]	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							LOG		1	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $										
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			and the second division of the second divisio			080				
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second se							
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $									4	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $									4	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		<u>÷</u>							1	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		RCL8							1	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	030		3404						1	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	}						÷.		1	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							STO3	3303	1	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $								01]	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	├ ───					090	And in case of the local division of the loc	surger and the surger of the s]	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $						i]	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	}					 			1	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $										
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						i			ł	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	040						and the second data was a second data with the seco	the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second s	ł	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $									1	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		RCL8				;+	÷		1	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			3300						1	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			3522			100			1	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $									1	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							STO8	3308		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		and the second se	And the second se					312202		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						┝∔			Ì	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	050	BCT				┝∔		3553		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						┝∔				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $						┣───┤				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			3356			┣────┽				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			00			110				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			41				RCL6			
⁰ PFC ¹ N ² Y ³ X/2 ⁴ PF/ZK ⁵ YM ⁶ M ⁷ 1+X/2 ⁸ YMS ⁹ P ⁵⁰ ⁵¹ ⁵² ⁵³ ⁵⁴ ⁵⁵ ⁵⁶ ⁵⁷ ⁵⁸ ⁵⁹		1	01			<u></u>	÷			
50 S1 S2 S3 S4 S5 S6 S7 S8 S9	0				REGI	STERS				
50 S1 S2 S3 S4 S5 S6 S7 S8 S9	° PFC	l' N	2 Y	$ ^{3} X/2$	PF/ZK	⁵ YM	⁶ M	71+X/2	8 YMS	9 P
	S0	S1	 		and the second s				/	
A X B SNR dB C D E I					~	33	136	5/	58	59
A SNRdB	A		B (1)15 15			D	l		₁₊	
		л	SNKQB			-	ľ		ľ	

HP-67 P4 Program Listing (Cont)

STEP			YCODE		COMMENTS		STEP	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	CON	MENTS
	X		71						1		
	STO5		3305	4			170			1	
	1		01	4							
	<u>R ^</u>		3554	4							
			<u> </u>	4						1	
	X		71	1						-	
	STO + 8	33	6108	4					T	7	
120	CLX		44	4						1	1
	RCL1		3401							7	
	2		<u>02</u>	4							
	X		71	1						7	
	RCL		3406				180				
 	-		51	1						7	
	LSTX		3582	4						7	
ļ	RCL1		3401	4							
		j	51	4							
1100	1		01	4							
130	<u> +</u>		61	4				L]	
J	+		81	4			L			7	
	RCL4		3404	4						1	
ļ	RCL3		3403	4			L]	
J	IX			4			190]	
\	X		71	4]	
	STO4		3304	4						_	
	+		61							7	
ļ	RCL6		3406	1						1	
	1		01							7	
140	+		61	4						1	
<u> </u>	STO6		2306	4]	
	RCL1	i	<u>3401</u>	4							
	2		02	4			L				
	X		71	4			200]	
	$X \leq Y$?		3271	4			L]	
	GTO4		2204	4							
	R^		<u>1554</u>	4							
	RCL5 GTO3		3405	4			j				
150	LBL4		2203 2504	4]	
	RCL8			4			L]	ł
<u>├──</u>	STO9		408 309	1						4	1
h	RTN		522	{						1	
	LBL2	1 210	502	1			210 -	 		4	}
	RCL6		406	1			210		·	4	1
·	1	<u> </u>	01	1			├ ────┤	 		4	1
<u> </u>	↓ ▲ ⊦		$\frac{01}{61}$	1			<u> </u>			<u>l</u>	
	STO6		306	1			<u> </u>			4	ļ
	RCL1		401	1			├ ────┤			4	
160	$X \leq Y$?		271	1			<u>├</u>			4	
	RTN		522	1			┝{			4	1
	R∨	3	553	f						1	
	÷		81	1			┝───┤			1	
	RCL7	3	407	1			220			4	
	X		71				├ ────┤			1	
ļ	STO+8		108				r			1	
L	GTO2		202							1	
	R/S		84	L						1	1
				LA	BELS			FLAGS	1	SET STATUS	
^A N†PI	F→ SNI	RdB→P	C		D	E Y	SUB	0	FLAGS	TRIG	
a	1.	→P	13		d	ie -		1	ON OFF		DISP
0	<u> </u>	F	1		<u>i</u>	<u> </u>	****			DEG 🗆	FIX 🗆
	<u> </u>		² YM	LOOP	³ LOOP	BR	ANCH	12	100	GRAD	SCI 🗆
5	6		7		8	9		3		RAD 🗆	
<u> </u>			L		L	L		1	300		n

HP-67 PG Program Listing

STEP	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	COMMENTS	STEP	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	CON	IMENTS
001	LBLA	312511			+	61	1	
L	STO4	3304			RCL1	3401		
}	LOG	3153			$X \leq Y$?	3271]	
	CHS	42		060	RTN	3522		
L	$X \leq Y$	3552			RCL2	3402]	
	STO1	3301			R^	3554]	
ļ		41			X	71]	
	↓√⁻	3154			R^	3554	1	
L		51			÷	81		
010	LSTX	3582			STO+8	336108]	
L	1	01			R ^	3554		
		51			GTO(i)	2224		
	<u>R^</u>	3554			R/S	84]	
L	↓.√ [−]	3154		070	LBLB	312512]	
ļ	+	61			1	01]	
 	LSTX	3582			0	00]	
	X	71			÷	81	1	
L	2	02			10 ^x	3253]	
<u> </u>	<u> · </u>	83			LBLb	322512]	
020	3	03			STOA	3311]	
<u> </u>	X	71			LOG	3153]	
ļ	+	61			1	01	J	
	STO2	3302		L	0	00	1	
ļ	LBL1	312501		080	X	71]	
L	E	312215			STOB	3312		
ļ	RCL8	3408			RCLA	3411]	
	R^	3554			RCL1	3401		
ŀ	÷	81			X	71]	
030	RCL8	3408			STC13	3313]	
	RCIA	3404			RCLE	3415]	
ļ	÷	81			R/S	84	1	
	LN	3152			LBLC	312513	1	
	X	71			STOE	3315		
	STO+2 LSTX	336102 3582		090	RCL2	3402		
					CHS	42		
<u> </u>	ABS	3564			eX	3252		
	EEX	43			STO7	3307		
┟·───	CHS6	42			ST08	3308		
.040	$\frac{0}{X \leq Y?}$				1	01		
	A = 1 GTO1	<u>3271</u> 2201		h	STO6	3306		
	RCL8				LBL0	312500		
	STO0	3408			RCL1	3401		
	the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second s	3300		100	$-\frac{X \le Y?}{272}$	3271		
	RTN LBLE	3522		100	GTU2	2202		
	<u>LBLE</u> 1	<u>312515</u> 01		 	GSBa	322211		
	2	01			G1'C0	2200		
	CHS	42			LBL2	312502		
	STI	<u>42</u> 5533		h	RCL8	3408		
050	RCL2	3402			STO5	3305		
	CHS	42			DOT 10	2412		
	e ^x	3252			RCL13 RCL13	$\frac{3413}{3413}$		
	ŠTO8	3308		}	RCLE	3413		
	0	00		110		61		
	1	41			+ 	81		
	1	01			ST03	3303		
			REGI	STERS				
° PF		² Y	3 T 4 PF	⁵ SUM	⁶ M	7 YM	8 VMS	⁹ P
							° YMS	Р
S0	S1	S2	S3 S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	S9
A	l			<u> </u>			<u> </u>	1
A	X ľ	B SNR dB	^c Z	D		E K	I	
			<u>l</u>	L				

HD-67 PG Program Listing (Cont)

STEP	KEY ENTR	Y KE	Y CODE	COMMENTS		STEP	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	COM	MENTS
	-		51				1	01		
	RCLE YX		3415 3563			170	+	61		
	STO4		3304			<u> </u>	STO6	3306	4	
	LSTX		3582				RTN	3522	-	
	R∨		3553				 		-	
	-		_51				<u> </u>		4	
120	<u>R</u> ^		3554						1	
	LBL3	$-\frac{31}{32}$	2503]	
	GSB a RCL1		2211 3401						4	
	-		51			180			4	
	RCL4		3404						-{	
	$X \leftrightarrow Y$		3552						-{	,
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	RCL3		3403]	
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	X		71			ļ	l		4	
	STO4		3304				i		4	
	LSTX		3582						-	
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├ ───┤	-		5]]	
}	$\frac{R^{\wedge}}{1}$	_ <u></u>	3554						1	
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	1		$-\frac{01}{01}$						4	
146	RCL8		3408			<u> </u>			-	
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	R^		3554							
┝ ──── <u>↓</u>	<u>X</u> _								i	
}	EEX CHS		43			200]	
	8		<u>42</u> 08							
	$\frac{\alpha}{X > Y?}$		3281			<u> </u>			1	
	GTO4		2204						1	
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	RA		3554						1	
1	$\frac{GTO3}{1DTA}$		2203]	
	LBLA RCL5	$-\begin{bmatrix} 31\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{bmatrix}$	<u>2504</u> 3405						1	
	STO9		3309			210			4	
	RTN		3522			<u> </u>			ł	
	LBLa	32	2511						1	1
	RCL7		3407		i			·····	1	
	RCL2_	i	2402						1	l
1.50	X RCL6		71		İ	I			1	
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	STO7		3307			├				1
	STO+8	336	5108							
	R^		3554		Í	220		· ····································		
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	RCL6		3406			┝───┤				
			LA	BELS			FLAGS		SET STATUS	
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6-12			1				1	300		n

2. FIXED-THRESHOLD, BARTON ALGORITHM

The program, HP-67 SNR, calculates the required average SNR in dB for a given detection probability and target model. The target model is specified by its probability density function, i.e., nonfluctuating, Rayleigh (i.e., Swerling Case I) or Rayleigh plus an equal power constant component (i.e., Swerling Case II) and by its diversity order, Ne, defined as the number of independent target values within the N samples noncoherently integrated.

OUTPUT INPUT STEP INSTRUCTIONS **KEYS** DATA/UNIT'S DATA/UNITS 1 Enter SNR program **†**] [2 (Repeat as desired) Ν Ŧ || $PD \ge 0.3$ $\mathbf{PF} \leq 0.5$ D. SNRN dB RCL 0 Gi dB For integration gain if desired; 3 To include collapsing loss or target fluctuation $1 \le N_S \le N$ fid $1 \le N_e \le N_s$ Go to step 4, 5 or 6 A SNRC dB For nonfluctuating target 4: L.B. 11 SNRF dB 5 For Rayleigh target (inc. Cases I and II) C SNRF dB For Rayleigh constant target (inc. Cases III & IV 6 (Steps 4, 5 and 6 may be repeated in any desired order) Ls dB After running each, if desired: R/S Gd dB R/S E R/R_0

Specific user instructions follow:

- Ga : Diversity gain (dB)
- Gi : Integration gain (dB)
- Lf : Fluctuation loss (dB)

Ne

- N : Signal and/or noise samples integrated
 - : Target diversity within Ns samples For Cases I and III : Ne=1
 - For Cases II and IV : Ne=Ns
- Ns : Samples within N containing signal
- PD : Probability of detection
- PF : Probability of false alarm
- R/Ro : Ratio of detected range to that for which SNRF = 0 dB
- SNRC : SNR sample for nonfluctuating target w/collapsing loss (dB)
- SNRF : Average SNR per sample for fluctuating target (dB)
- SNRN : SNR per sample for nonfluctuating target (dB)

HP-67 SNR Program Listing

STEP	K	EY ENTRY	KEY CODE		COM	MENTS	STEP	к	EY ENTRY		KEY CODE		COMI	MENTS
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		<u>'03</u>	3303					4		1	04			
	$ \mathbf{R} $		3553					4	<u> </u>		04			
		<u>`02</u>	3302				060	8		Γ	08			
	R	V	3553						ζ	Т	71			
	57	'01	3301							T	83			
	10		00					ę)		09			
	SI	ľ	3533					ę		\top	09			
	R	CL2	3402						2	╈	02			
010	2	<u></u>	02					-		+-	61			
	X		71						ζ	+-	71			
	1		01							╋╌	01			
		≤ Y ?	3271				 			+	61			
		rO9	2209				070		3 ^	+	3554			
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			3553							+	02			
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			51						<u> </u>	+	71	1		
20	fb		322212				 	2	2	1	02	1		
	D		3133								83			
			42								03			
		PACE	3584					1			01			
		104	3304				080	-	F		61			
	R	CL3	3403						ζ++ Υ		3552			
	fb)	322212					-			81			
		CLA	3404						•	+	51			
	-		51]	RTN	+	3522			
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	S1	104	3304					-1-	-		81			
	R	CL5	3405]	LOG	Γ	3153			
			51]	L	Γ	01	1		
	SI	007	3300				100	()	1	00			
		CL5	3405						K	1-	71			
		ΓΝ	3522						RTN	+	3522			
		BLb	322512				<u> </u> i		R/S	+-	<u> </u>			
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	tx		71				 		STO7	+	3307			
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		HS	42				<u> </u>		STO6	+	3306			
			$\frac{42}{3154}$				├ ───┤		RTN	+	3522			
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	++-		41				<u> </u>	\rightarrow	, TOI	+	2201			
	+		83				}		LBLB	+	312512			
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### HP-67 SNR Program Listing (Cont)

STEP			COMMENTS	STEP	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	COMMENTS	
	RCL3	3403			1	01	1	
		3152		170	0	<u> </u>		
	RCL2	3402			X	71		
	LN	3152			+	61		
	÷	81			RCL8	34:08		
	1	01					_	
		51			+	61		
120					STO5	3305		
	<u>GT02</u>	2202		I	R/S	84		
	LBLC	312513		L	R∨	3553		
		83			R/S	84		
	3	03			RCL7	3407	-	
	6	06		180				
	1	01			<u>↓</u>	01	_	
	RCL3	3403				51		
					X	71		
	LOG	3153			R/S	84	-1	
	-	51			LBLE	312515		
	3	03			RCL5	3405		
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	7				4	04		
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	LOG	3153						
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				D/D	0			
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SNRC	CdB - SNR		B N, PD, PF-	R/Ro		FLAGS	TRIG DISI	P
SNR	<b>Ib</b>				1	ON OFF		
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SNRC	<b>Ib</b>	tine c	^d Ns   Ne ^e Su 3 4	broutine	1	ON OFF		

#### 3. CFAR DETECTION, RECURSIVE SOLUTIONS

These HP-67 programs calculate the detection probability, given the average sample SNR and target model for an adaptive detector threshold which is set proportional to the noncoherent integration of R noise samples. They require an initial calculation of the threshold proportionality constant, T, or equivalently A = 1/(T+1). Each program includes the required T or A iterative calculation. The HP-67 P2C program can also calculate iteratively the required average SNR for a Case II target and a given detection probability. The HP-67 PGC program calculates detection probability for the general chi-squared target model.

STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT DATA/UNITS	KEYS	OUTPUT DATA/UNITS
1	Enter P2C or PGC program	N		
		R		
		PF	<b>A</b> ]]]]	PF (calc)
	For P2C go to step 2 or 3. For PGC go to step	4.		
2	For P2 do either:	SNRdB	[_ <b>B</b> _]	P2
	or:	X	f b	P2
	Repeat for new SNR or X or go to step 3 as des	ired.		
3	For SNR or X given P2	P2		SNR dB
				X
	Repeat or go to step 2 as desired			
4	For PG	SNR dB	<b>B</b>	K
	Enter desired K if different from display	K		Р
	Repeat 4 as desired.			
	After step 2, 3 or 4 do any of the following des	red:	RCL 0	PF(calc)
			RCL 1	N
			RCL 2	R
			RCL 3	Т
		P2C only	<u><b>RCL</b></u> 9	Р
			RCL A	X
			RCL B	SNR (dB)
	Note: PGC does not store P, X, or SNR		RCL 3	Α
	to completion. They may be recalculated	PGC only (	RCL 4	Z
	after running as $X=Z/N$ , SNR = 10 log X		RCL E	К

Specific use *c* instructions follow:

: 1/(T+1)к

А

- Chi-squared distribution parameter Signal and/or noise samples integrated
- Ν Probability of false alarm PF
- р
- Probability of detection for chi-squared target Probability of detection for nonfluctuating target P0
- P1-P4 : Probability of detection for Swerling Cases I-IV
- R Noise samples integrated to set threshold \$
- SNR 10 log X :
- Threshold setting divisor Т
- T0 Iterative solution start value for T
- T20 : Iterative solution start value for T2=T/(1+X)
- х : Average sample S/N within N samples

Case 0 : K-10⁵ (~ 3 place acc)

- Case I : K=1
- Case II : K=N

(Genl Rayleigh target : K=Ne*)

- Case III : K=2 Case IV : K=2N

(Genl Rayleigh + equal constant target : K=2Ne*) Weinstock : 0 < K < 1

*Ne: Target diversity within N samples

#### HP-67 P2C Program Listing

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÷ 81 RCL5 3405				<u>A</u>						·	
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S0         S1         S2         S3         S4         S5         S6         S7         S8	S9 S9						-				
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X SNR dB	19	l*	-	ľ	5		ľ	SNR dB	ľ	Х	•

#### HP-67 P2C Program Listing (Cont)

STEP	KEY ENTR	-	am Li: E	COMMENTS		STEP	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE		MENTS
	STO9	3309				T	Τ	1		
	RTN	3522				170	+			
	LBLC	312513					1			
	SF3	355103					1			
	STO4	3304					+	+		
	RCL3	3403					+	**	{	
	STO8	3308	7				1			
120	GSB1	312201				[	<u> </u>	+		
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	VX	3563	-						4	
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#### HP-67 PGC Program Listing

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	STO4	3304	]			LBL0	312500	-		
	R∨	3553	4			RCL3	3403	]		
	STO2	3302	4		060	t t	41	7		
	R∨	3553	4			1	41			
ļ	STO1	3301	1			1	01	]		
ļ	RCL4	3404	4			+	61	]		
	LOG	3153	4			STO7	3307			
010	CHS	42				÷	81	]		
	RCL1	3401	4			RCL2	3402			
		41			L	Y ^X	3563			
	<u>↓</u> √	3154	4			STO0	3300			
		51	4			0	00			
·	LSTX	3582	4		070	STO6	3306	1		
			-			LBL3	312503	4		
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<b> </b>	R^	3554	1			RCL7	3407	-		
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	2	02	1			$\frac{SIU+6}{R^{4}}$	3554	-		
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		81				RCL1	3401	-		
	1+	61				$X \le Y$ ?	3271	4		
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	1	01				RV	3553	1		
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	RCL2	3402				STO + 0	336100	1		
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	LSTX	3582				RCL6	3406	]		
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	+	61			<b> </b>	RCL3	3403	1		
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	X	71				6	06	1		
	1/X	3562				$X \leq Y$ ?	3271	Í		
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c 90		·····		, /					<u> </u>	

### HP-67 PGC Program Listing (Cont)

BRCL       312501         RCL1       3401         X $\leq Y$ 3211         GTO2       2202         GT01       2201         RCL4       3404         BL2       312502         CTO2       2202         CTO2       2202         CTO2       2201         RCL4       3404         RCL4       3404         RCL4       3404         RCL4       3404         RCL4       3404         RCL5       3406         +       61 $\div$ 81         RCL6       3406         +       61 $\div$ 81         RCL5       3406         +       61 $\div$ 81         RCL6       3406 $\chi^{\chi}$ 3563         RCL3       3403         STO5       3305         R       3553         R       3553         R       3553         R       3553         R       3553         R       3553         R       3360	STEP	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE		COMMENTS		STEP	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	COM	MENTS
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#### SECTION VII

#### ILLUSTRATIVE EXAMPLES

#### 1. HP-65 FIXED-THRESHOLD, RECURSIVE

Program	Step	Input	<u>Key</u>	Output	<u>Time (m:s</u> )
<u>Y-P2</u>	1	N=10	t		
		PF=10 ⁻⁶	Α	Y=32, 710341	0:28
	2	$X = \sqrt{10}$	В	P2=0.733987	0:08
	3	P2=0.9	Α	Y2=6.221305	0:45
			R/S	X=4.257794	0:01
<u>P0</u>	4	$X=\sqrt{10}$	в	P0=0.853317	2;23
<u>P1</u>	4	X=√10	в	P1=0.485543	0:18
<u>P3</u>	4	$X=\sqrt{10}$	в	P3=0.569375	0:20
<u>P4</u>	4	$X=\sqrt{10}$	в	P4=0.781789	0:33
<u>P6</u>	7	$K = 10^{5}$	t		
		X≕√10	в	P0≈0.853297	2:19
	7	K=1	t		
		$X=\sqrt{10}$	В	P1=0.485543	2:35
	7	K=10	t		
		$X=\sqrt{10}$	В	P2=0.733987	2:31
	7	K=2	t		
		$X=\sqrt{10}$	В	P3=0,569375	2:34
	7	K=20	t		
		$X=\sqrt{10}$	В	P4=0.781789	2:27

### 2. HP-65 FIXED-THRESHOLD, BARTON

Program	Step	Input	Key	Output	<u>Time (m:s)</u>
SNRN	2	N=10	STO 1		
		PD=0.75	STO 2		
		$PF=10^{-6}$	STO 3		
			Α	SNRN=4.3/	0:09
			-	G _i =7.89	
	3	N _s =10	STO6		
		$N_e = 10$	STO?		
	4		Α	SNRC=4.34	0:01
	5		В	SNRF=4.79	0:03
	6		С	SNRF=4.57	0:04
			R/S	L _f =0.22	0:01
			R/S	G_=2.05	0:01
			Ε	R/R_=0.769	0:01
HP-65 CF.	AR DETEC	TION			
Program	Step	Input	Key	Output	Time (m:s)
<u>T0</u>	ì	N=10	t		
		R=16	+		

$\underline{10}$	1	N=10	t		
		R=16	<b>†</b>		
		PF=10 ⁻⁶	A	T0=0, 224789	0:04
P2C	2		R/S	T=0.234428	0;41
	3	SNR=10	В	P2=0.867652	0:13
<u>T0</u>	4	P2=0.9	С	T20=2.207242	0:04
<u>P3C</u>	อ		R/S	SNR=10.339693	1:10
PGC(1)	6		R/S	A=0.810092	0:41*
	7	SNR=10	t		
		K=10	Α	ľ	0:01
PGC(2)	8		R/S	P2=C. 367652	9:57
PGC(1)	7	SNR=10	t		
		K=1	А	1	0:01
PGC(2)	8		R/S	P1=0.564214	10:42

*0:14 if step 2 has been run

3.

Program	Step	Input	Key	Output	<u>Time(m:s)</u>
Any below	1	N=10	t		
		PF=10 ⁻⁶	Α	<b>PF=0.000001</b>	0:32
<u>P1-P2</u>	2	SNR=5	В	P2=0.733987	0:11
	3	P2=0,9	С	SNR=6.291847	0:56
	4	SNR=5	D	P1=0,485543	0:24
<u>F0</u>	2	SNR=5	В	P0:0.853317	2:46
<u>P3</u>	2	SNR=5	В	P3=0.56937ô	0:08
<u>P4</u>	2	SNR=5	В	P4=0.781789	0:39
PG	5	SNR=5	В		
	6	K=10 ⁵	С	P0≈0.853298	2:40
	6	K=ĩ	С	P1=0.485543	2:59
	6	K=10	С	P2=0.733987	2:55
	€	K=2	С	P3=0.569375	2:58
	6	K=20	С	P4=0.781789	2:51

#### 4. HP-67 FIXED-THRESHOLD, RECURSIVE

#### 5. HP-67 FIXED-THRESHOLD, BARTON

Step	Input	Key	Output	Time(m:s)
2	N=10 PD=0.75 PF=10 ⁻⁶	t t D	SNRN=4.34	0:13
રે	$N_{g} = 10$ $N_{g} = 10$	† fd		
4		Α	SNRC=4.34	0:02
5		в	SNRF=4.79	0:05
6		C R/S R/S E	SNRF=4.57 $L_{f}=0.22$ $G_{d}=2.05$ R/R ₀ =0.769	0:06 0:01 0:01 0:01
	2 3 4 5	2 N=10 PD=0.75 PF=10 ⁻⁶ 3 N _g =10 N _g =10 4 5	2 N=10 $\uparrow$ PD=0.75 $\uparrow$ PF=10 ⁻⁶ D 3 N _g =10 $\uparrow$ N _g =10 fd 4 A 5 B 6 C R/S R/S	2 N=10 † PD=0.75 † PF=10 ⁻⁶ D SNRN=4.34 3 N _g =10 † N _g =10 fd 4 A SNRC=4.34 5 B SNRF=4.79 6 C SNRF=4.57 R/S $L_{f}=0.22$ R/S $G_{d}=2.05$

### 6. HP-67 CFAR DETECTION

Program	Step	Input	Key	Output	Time (m:s)
P2C or PGC	1	N=10			
		R=16			
		$PF=10^{-6}$	А	PF=0.000001	1:01
P2C	2	SNR=10	в	P2=0.867652	0:14
	3	P2=0.9	С	SNR=10.339693	1:15
PGC	4	SNR=10	В		
		K-10	R/S	P2=0.867552	10:24
	4	SNR=10	В		
		K=1	R/S	P1=0.564214	11:11

#### SECTION VIII

#### REFERENCES

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- 3. Barton, D.K., "Simple Procedures for Radar Detection Calculations", IEEE Transactions AES-5, No. 5, September 1969, pp 837 - 46.
- Shnidman, D.A., "Evaluation of Probability of Detection for Several Target Fluctuation Models", Lincoln Lab Tech Note 1975 - 35, July 9, 1975, ADA 013733.
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- Cann, A.J., "Simple Radar Detection Calculation," IEEE Transactions AES-8, No. 1, January 1972, pp 73 - 74.
- 8. Mayer, H.A. and Meyer, D.P., "Chi-Square Target Models of Low Degrees of Freedom", IEEE Transactions AES-11, No. 5, September 1975, p 694 707.
- 9. Abramowitz, M. and Stegun, I.A., <u>Handbook of Mathematical Functions</u>, Nat. Bureau of Stds, Applied Math Series 55, June 1964, p 933, 26.2.22.
- DiFranco, J.V. and Rubin, W.L., <u>Radar Detection</u>, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, N.J., 1968, p 315, Eqn 9.5-8b, with R=2D.

Please make the following changes to TIS R79EMH5:

- Change reference number for Shnidman from 2 to 4. p. 2-5 Equation (3-1) center should read X =  $\frac{1}{2N} \left[ Q^{-1}(PF) - Q^{-1}(PD) \right]^2$ p. 3-1 Change reference number for Cann from 8 to 7. p. 3-1 Step 5 output: Change "D" to "P". p. 5-1 in instruction table - step 7, first key block after K should contain "!". p. 5-1 Step 25, Comment should read: 2.3  $\sqrt{L}$  ( $\sqrt{L} + \sqrt{N} - 1$ ), N -  $\sqrt{N}$ p. 5-2 Step 3, change "3302" to "3303". p. 5-3 Step 4, change "3403" to "3402". p. 5-4 Step 19, change "3302" to "3402". p. 5.4 On program line 52, change comment fi  $m''XB \cdot V/B''$  to "XB  $\cdot V/(M-N)$ ". p. 5-7 Step 5, change "3303" to "3304". p. 5-7/ 5-8 Instr. step 5 should read: "For Rayleigh tgt. (Inc Cases I & II) p. 5-9 Line 21 comment should read  $\left[Q^{-1}(PF) - Q^{-1}(PD)\right]$ ; Comment column line 17, remove minus sign. p. 5-10 In nomenclature table: Case 0:  $K = 10^5$ p. 5-13 Step 5, "P6" should be "PG". p. 6-2 Add to step 1, 1st block, insert  $\dagger$ . p. 6-2 On program line 089, change "X" to "+". p. 6-5 Change last item under Program from P6 to PG. p. 7-1 Line 1, step 1, change " † " to "STO1". p. 7-1
  - p. 7-2 Par. 2, step 3, add <u>SNRF</u> in <u>Program</u> Column.
  - p. 7-4 Step 1 in Key column, add  $\dagger$  in Key Column after N = 10 and R = 16.