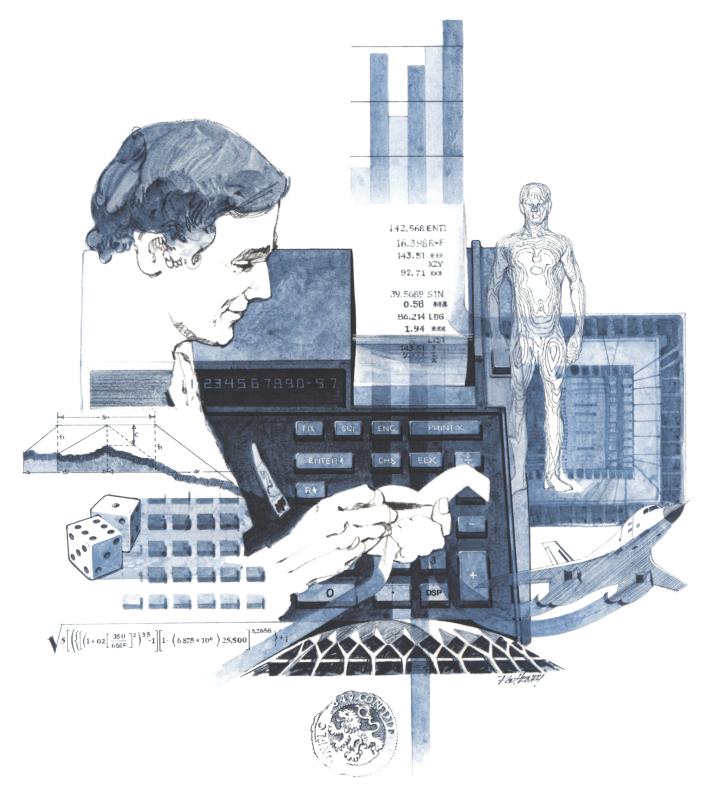
HEWLETT-PACKARD

HP-67/HP-97

Users' Library Solutions Home Construction Estimating



INTRODUCTION

In an effort to provide continued value to it's customers, Hewlett-Packard is introducing a unique service for the HP fully programmable calculator user. This service is designed to save you time and programming effort. As users are aware, Programmable Calculators are capable of delivering tremendous problem solving potential in terms of power and flexibility, but the real genie in the bottle is program solutions. HP's introduction of the first handheld programmable calculator in 1974 immediately led to a request for program solutions — hence the beginning of the HP-65 Users' Library. In order to save HP calculator customers time, users wrote their own programs and sent them to the Library for the benefit of other program users. In a short period of time over 5,000 programs were accepted and made available. This overwhelming response indicated the value of the program library and a Users' Library was then established for the HP-67/97 users.

To extend the value of the Users' Library, Hewlett-Packard is introducing a unique service—a service designed to save you time and money. The Users' Library has collected the best programs in the most popular categories from the HP-67/97 and HP-65 Libraries. These programs have been packaged into a series of low-cost books, resulting in substantial savings for our valued HP-67/97 users.

We feel this new software service will extend the capabilities of our programmable calculators and provide a great benefit to our HP-67/97 users.

A WORD ABOUT PROGRAM USAGE

Each program contained herein is reproduced on the standard forms used by the Users' Library. Magnetic cards are not included. The Program Description I page gives a basic description of the program. The Program Description II page provides a sample problem and the keystrokes used to solve it. The User Instructions page contains a description of the keystrokes used to solve problems in general and the options which are available to the user. The Program Listing I and Program Listing II pages list the program steps necessary to operate the calculator. The comments, listed next to the steps, describe the reason for a step or group of steps. Other pertinent information about data register contents, uses of labels and flags and the initial calculator status mode is also found on these pages. Following the directions in your HP-67 or HP-97 **Owners' Handbook and Program Listing I** and Program Listing I 19, HP-97), key in the program from the Program Listing I and Program Listing I and Program Listing indicates on which calculator the program was written (HP-67 or HP-97). If the calculator indicated differs from the calculator you will be using, consult Appendix E of your **Owner's Handbook** for the corresponding keycodes and keystrokes converting HP-67 to HP-97 keycodes and vice versa. No program conversion is necessary. The HP-67 and HP-97 are totally compatible, but some differences do occur in the keycodes used to represent some of the functions.

A program loaded into the HP-67 or HP-97 is not permanent—once the calculator is turned off, the program will not be retained. You can, however, permanently save any program by recording it on a blank magnetic card, several of which were provided in the Standard Pac that was shipped with your calculator. Consult your **Owner's Handbook** for full instructions. A few points to remember:

The Set Status section indicates the status of flags, angular mode, and display setting. After keying in your program, review the status section and set the conditions as indicated before using or permanently recording the program.

REMEMBER! To save the program permanently, **clip** the corners of the magnetic card once you have recorded the program. This simple step will protect the magnetic card and keep the program from being inadvertently erased.

As a part of HP's continuing effort to provide value to our customers, we hope you will enjoy our newest concept.

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WOOD FLOOR ESTIMATE	4

Program Title CO	NCRETE VOLUME				
Contributor's Name Address	Hewlett-Packard, Co 1000 N. E. Circle H		sion		
City	Corvallis	State	OR	Zip Code	97330

Program Description, Equations, Variables Given dimensions of an area of concrete to be poured in feet and/or inches computes the cubic yard volume of concrete required maintains a running sum of all concrete to be required when dimensions are complex or sub-divided.

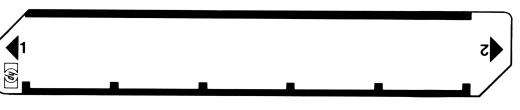
Operating Limits and Warnings

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in *Program Description II*. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

NEITHER HP NOR THE CONTRIBUTOR MAKES ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF ANY KIND WITH REGARD TO THIS PROGRAM MATERIAL, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. NEITHER HP NOR THE CONTRIBUTOR SHALL BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES IN CONNECTION WITH OR ARISING OUT OF THE FURNISHING, USE OR PERFORMANCE OF THIS PROGRAM MATERIAL.

Sketch(es) Given a footing for a building with the following dimensions: Sample Problem(s) 20" wide 15" deep 78'6" long 20" wide 15" deep 54'6" long 20" wide 9" deep 64' long 24" wide 12" deep 39'3" long Calculate the total cubic yards required Given a slab of concrete with the following dimensions 4" deep 10'6" wide 106'10" long Calculate the total cubic yards required Solution(s) .20[A] .15[B] 78.06[C] [E] → 6.06 cu. yds. $54.06[C] [E] \rightarrow 4.21 \text{ cu. yds.}$.09[B] 64 [C] [E] → 2.96 cu. yds. $.24[A] .12[B] 39.03[C] [E] \rightarrow 2.91 cu. yds.$ [D] \rightarrow 16.13 Total cu. yds. [f][A].04[A]10.06[B]106.10[C] [E] → 13.85 Total cu. yds.

Reference(s) THIS PROGRAM IS A TRANSLATION OF THE HP-65 USERS' LIBRARY PROGRAM #01816A SUBMITTED BY NEIL STONE.



STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT DATA/UNITS	KEYS	OUTPUT DATA/UNITS
1	Insert card			
2	Input			
	Depth	fff.ii	Α	YY.YYY
	Width	fff.ii	B	YY.YY
	Length	fff.ii	C	YY.YY
3	Calculate		E	cu. yds.
4	Repeat step 2&3 for changes only for all			
	areas with different dimensions.			
5	Press D for sum total of cubic yards needed		D	Σ Cu. yds.
6	To initialize for new total		FA	
	NOTE: It is only necessary to enter			
	only those dimensions which			
	are different from previous			
	dimensions in repeat			
	calculations.			
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			97 Program	Lis	sting I		
4 STEP	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	COMMENTS	STEP		KEY CODE	COMMENTS
00		21 11	Convert depth to	1	057 R/S	51	
00.		-21	yards from foot		L	L	1
00.		16 44	and inches and				
00-		-62	store in	060			
0 0		<i>81</i>	Register 1				
60 60		82 -24					
60 60	-	-41					
00.							1
01		-55					
01	1 3	03					
01.		-24					
01		35 01					
01 01				070			4
01 01			Convert width to				-
01			yards from feet				•
01 01		-62	and inches and store in		1	1	1
01		01	Register 2				†
02		02	NEGISLEI 2				
0 2	1 ÷	-24					
6 2.		-41					4
0 2		16 34		080			4
0 2-		-55		080			-
0 2							4
02 02		-24 35 02					4
02 02							1
02			Convert length to				1
03			yards from feet				
83			and inches and store in				
8 3.		-62	Register 3				
03		Ø1		000			4
03		02		090			4
0 3 07		-24				+	4
03 03		-41 16 34					1 1
03:		-55					1
03. 03.		03]
84		-24					
64							
04.		24					4
64		21 15	Calculate cubic yards and add to	100	+	+	4
84- 04-		36 01 76 00	total in		+	+	4
04 04		36 02 36 03	Register 4		1		1
04 04		36 03 -35			1		1
84		-35]
84:	-						
05		24				-+	SET STATUS
8 5.		21 14	Display contents			FLAGS	TRIG DISP
0 5.		36 04	of Register 4				DEG 🖾 🛛 FIX 🖾
8 5. 85		24	_	110	1	1 🗆 🛛	GRAD 🗆 🛛 SCI 🗆
05- 05:		21 16 11 16-53	Initialize			2 🗆 🛛	RAD \Box ENG \Box n <u>2</u>
05) 05)						3 🗆 🕱	····
L				STERS	6	7	8 9
0	' I	D ² W	3 L 4 Σ	5		ľ	Ŭ Ŭ
S0	S1	S2	S3 S4	S5	S6	S7	S8 S9
A		В	с	D	1	E	I
						1	

Program Title	LINEAR TO BOARD FEET C	ONVERSION AND COSTING	
Contributor's Name			
Address	1000 N. E. Circle	BING.	
City	Corvallis	State OR	Zip Code 97330

Program Description, Equations, Variables

This program will convert linear feet to board feet for any size lumber as specified, and will compute a cost based on a specified unit cost. Conversion may be done repeatedly with several sizes of lumber, with total board feet and cost accumulated. A waste factor may be used with these totals if desired.

Multiplicative Board Feet Factor: $F = \frac{a \times b}{12}$

where a and b are the two dimensions of the lumber

Cost = units x cost unit

Totals are displayed with no decimal component, as that would imply an accuracy not present in the original input.

Operating Limits and Warnings This program does not check for negative input.

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in *Program Description II*. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

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Sketch(es)				
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			n na gruph a na ann an Annaichte an gruph ann ann an Annaichte ann ann ann ann ann ann ann ann ann an	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Sample Problem(s)	- 1		1 1	
			ludes the following	, quantities of
lumber, with si	zes and costs as	s specified.		
Size	Cos	st/BF	Quantity	
2x4	-	265	3256 LF	
2x6		257	2665	
2x12 1x5 pin		27 46	339 850	
	e .	40	030	
Compute the cos factor of 25% f		sub-totals ar	d totals. Incorpor	ate a waste
		sub-totals ar	nd totals. Incorpor	ate a waste
factor of 25% f	or all lumber.	sub-totals ar → 1.25 Wast		ate a waste
factor of 25% f Solution(s) [f][A] 25	or all lumber.	→ 1.25 Wast	e Factor	ate a waste
factor of 25% f Solution(s) [f][A] 25	or all lumber. [f] [B] - 265[B] 3256[C] -	→ 1.25 Wast → 2713 Boar	e Factor d ft.	ate a waste
factor of 25% f Solution(s) [f][A] 25 2[ENT ↑] 4[A] .2	or all lumber. [f] [B] - 265[B] 3256[C] - [D] -	→ 1.25 Wast → 2713 Boar → 719 Cost	e Factor d ft.	ate a waste
factor of 25% f Solution(s) [f][A] 25 2[ENT ↑] 4[A] .2	or all lumber. [f] [B] - 265[B] 3256[C] - [D] - 257[B] 2665[C] -	 → 1.25 Wast → 2713 Boar → 719 Cost → 3331 Boar 	e Factor d ft. d ft.	ate a waste
factor of 25% f Solution(s) [f][A] 25 2[ENT +] 4[A] .2 2[ENT +] 6[A] .2	or all lumber. [f] [B] - 265[B] 3256[C] - [D] - 257[B] 2665[C] - [D] -	 → 1.25 Wast → 2713 Boar → 719 Cost → 3331 Boar → 856 Boar 	e Factor d ft. d ft. d ft.	ate a waste
factor of 25% f Solution(s) [f][A] 25 2[ENT +] 4[A] .2 2[ENT +] 6[A] .2	or all lumber. [f] [B] - 265[B] 3256[C] - [D] - 257[B] 2665[C] -	 → 1.25 Wast → 2713 Boar → 719 Cost → 3331 Boar → 856 Boar 	e Factor d ft. d ft. d ft.	ate a waste
factor of 25% f Solution(s) [f][A] 25 2[ENT +] 4[A] .2 2[ENT +] 6[A] .2	or all lumber. [f] [B] - 265[B] 3256[C] - [D] - 257[B] 2665[C] - [D] -	→ 1.25 Wast → 2713 Boar → 719 Cost → 3331 Boar → 856 Boar → 348 Boar	e Factor d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft.	ate a waste
<pre>factor of 25% f Solution(s) [f][A] 25 2[ENT +] 4[A] .2 2[ENT +] 6[A] .2 2[ENT +] 12[A] .2</pre>	or all lumber. [f] [B] - 265[B] 3256[C] - [D] - 257[B] 2665[C] - [D] - .27[B] 339[C] - [D] -	→ 1.25 Wast → 2713 Boar → 719 Cost → 3331 Boar → 856 Boar → 348 Boar → 229 Cost	e Factor d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft.	ate a waste
<pre>factor of 25% f Solution(s) [f][A] 25 2[ENT +] 4[A] .2 2[ENT +] 6[A] .2 2[ENT +] 12[A] .</pre>	or all lumber. [f] [B] - 265[B] 3256[C] - [D] - 257[B] 2665[C] - [D] - 27[B] 339[C] - [D] - .46[B] 850[C] -	 → 1.25 Wast → 2713 Boar → 719 Cost → 3331 Boar → 856 Boar → 348 Boar → 229 Cost → 443 Boar 	e Factor d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft.	ate a waste
<pre>factor of 25% f Solution(s) [f][A] 25 2[ENT +] 4[A] .2 2[ENT +] 6[A] .2 2[ENT +] 12[A] .2</pre>	or all lumber. [f] [B] - 265[B] 3256[C] - [D] - 257[B] 2665[C] - [D] - 27[B] 339[C] - [D] - .46[B] 850[C] -	→ 1.25 Wast → 2713 Boar → 719 Cost → 3331 Boar → 856 Boar → 348 Boar → 229 Cost	e Factor d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft.	ate a waste
<pre>factor of 25% f Solution(s) [f][A] 25 2[ENT +] 4[A] .2 2[ENT +] 6[A] .2 2[ENT +] 12[A] . 1[ENT +] 5[A] .</pre>	or all lumber. [f] [B] - 265[B] 3256[C] - [D] - 257[B] 2665[C] - [D] - 27[B] 339[C] - [D] - 46[B] 850[C] - [D] -	 → 1.25 Wast → 2713 Boar → 3331 Boar → 856 Boar → 348 Boar → 229 Cost → 443 Boar → 204 Cost 	e Factor d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft.	ate a waste
<pre>factor of 25% f Solution(s) [f][A] 25 2[ENT +] 4[A] .2 2[ENT +] 6[A] .2 2[ENT +] 12[A] . 1[ENT +] 5[A] .</pre>	or all lumber. [f] [B] - 265[B] 3256[C] - [D] - 257[B] 2665[C] - [D] - 27[B] 339[C] - [D] - 46[B] 850[C] - [D] - [E]	 → 1.25 Wast → 2713 Boar → 719 Cost → 3331 Boar → 856 Boar → 348 Boar → 229 Cost → 443 Boar → 204 Cost 	e Factor d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft. al Board feet	ate a waste
<pre>factor of 25% f Solution(s) [f][A] 25 2[ENT +] 4[A] .2 2[ENT +] 6[A] .2 2[ENT +] 12[A] . 1[ENT +] 5[A] .</pre>	or all lumber. [f] [B] - 265[B] 3256[C] - [D] - 257[B] 2665[C] - [D] - 27[B] 339[C] - [D] - 46[B] 850[C] - [D] -	 → 1.25 Wast → 2713 Boar → 719 Cost → 3331 Boar → 856 Boar → 348 Boar → 229 Cost → 443 Boar → 204 Cost 	e Factor d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft. al Board feet	ate a waste
<pre>factor of 25% f Solution(s) [f][A] 25 2[ENT +] 4[A] .2 2[ENT +] 6[A] .2 2[ENT +] 12[A] .</pre>	or all lumber. [f] [B] - 265[B] 3256[C] - [D] - 257[B] 2665[C] - [D] - 27[B] 339[C] - [D] - 46[B] 850[C] - [D] - [E]	 → 1.25 Wast → 2713 Boar → 719 Cost → 3331 Boar → 856 Boar → 348 Boar → 229 Cost → 443 Boar → 204 Cost 	e Factor d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft. al Board feet	ate a waste
<pre>factor of 25% f Solution(s) [f][A] 25 2[ENT +] 4[A] .2 2[ENT +] 6[A] .2 2[ENT +] 12[A] . 1[ENT +] 5[A] . </pre>	or all lumber. [f] [B] - 265[B] 3256[C] - [D] - 257[B] 2665[C] - [D] - 27[B] 339[C] - [D] - 46[B] 850[C] - [D] - [E] [R/S]	 → 1.25 Wast → 2713 Boar → 719 Cost → 3331 Boar → 856 Boar → 348 Boar → 229 Cost → 443 Boar → 204 Cost 7335 Tot 2008 Tot 	e Factor d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft. al Board feet al cost	
<pre>factor of 25% f Solution(s) [f][A] 25 2[ENT +] 4[A] .2 2[ENT +] 6[A] .2 2[ENT +] 12[A] . 1[ENT +] 5[A] . Reference(s) THIS PROGRAM IS</pre>	or all lumber. [f] [B] - 265[B] 3256[C] - [D] - 257[B] 2665[C] - [D] - 27[B] 339[C] - [D] - 46[B] 850[C] - [D] - [E] [R/S]	 → 1.25 Wast → 2713 Boar → 719 Cost → 3331 Boar → 856 Boar → 348 Boar → 229 Cost → 443 Boar → 204 Cost 7335 Tot 2008 Tot 2078 Tot 	e Factor d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft. d ft. al Board feet	



STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT DATA/UNITS	KEYS	OUTPUT DATA/UNITS
1	Enter program			
2	For new series of conversions or in case of			
	erroneous input in C or D Sets waste factor		fA	1
	to 1.			
3	Enter dimensions of lumber	a	↑	
	(example: 2x4 a=2 b=4)	ь	Α	
	(error: repeat w/correct data)			
4	Enter Unit Cost in dollars (23¢ = .23)	cost	В	
	(error: repeat w/correct data)			
5	Enter Linear Feet, convert to BF	LF	C	B.F.
	(error will disturb D and E)			
6	Compute cost		D	Cost
7	Return to Step 5 for conversion of			
	additional LF of same dimensions.			
or				
7	Return to Step 3 for conversion of			
	different size lumber			
or				
7	Compute totals		E	total BF
			R/S	total cost
	This step may be executed at any time			
	during a series of conversions without			
	disturbing anything.			
8	To enter a waste factor for computations.	%	f B	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	This step must be done prior to Steps 5	~~~~		
	and 6, but can be executed for each size			
	lumber.			
<u>├</u> ─-				
		I		

8				97 Program	Lis	sting I		
STEP	KE		KEY CODE	COMMENTS	STEP	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	COMMENTS
		*LELA	21 11	Computes BF factor				
	002	×	-35	computes of factor				
	003 004	1 2	01 02		060			
	005	÷	-24					
	006	ST01	35 0i					
	0 07	DSP2	-63 02					
	00 8 000	RTN	24					
	009 010	¥LBLB STO2	21 12 35 02	Stores unit cost				
	011	RTN	24					
		* LBLC	21 13	LF to BF				
	013	RCL1	36 01		070			
	014 015	x RCL5	-35 36 85					
	015 016	X	-35					
	017		35-55 03	Accumulates				
	018	DSPØ	-63 00					
	019	RTN	24				 	
	020 021	*LBLD RCL2	21 14 36 02	Computes cost				
	021 022	KULZ X	-35					
	023		35-55 04	Accumulates	080			
	024	RTN	24		080			
	025	*LBLE	21 15					
	0 26 0 27	DSPØ RCL3	-63 00 36 03	Total BF				
	027 028	RULS R/S	36 83 51					
	029	RCL4	36 04	Total cost				
	030	RTN	24					
	031		21 16 11	Initialize				
	032 033	DSP2 CLRG	-63 02 16-53					
	033 034	ULR6 1	16-J3 01		090			
	035	ST05	35 05					
		RTN	24		 			
	037		21 16 12	Enter waste factor	 			
	0 38 0 39	DSF2 1	-63 02 01	Lincer wabee ractor				
	037 040	ı Ø	00 00					
	041	õ	ŨŨ				.	
	04 2	÷	-24					
	043	1	01		100			
	044 045	+ ST05	-55 35 05]
	046	RTN	24					
	047	R∕S	51					
	+		1					
050]				SET STATUS
							FLAGS	TRIG DISP
				4				DEG 😨 FIX 🔊
				1	110		1 🗆 🔣	GRAD 🗆 SCI 🗆
				4			$\begin{array}{c c} 2 & \Box & \mathbf{x} \\ \hline 3 & \Box & \mathbf{x} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} RAD & \square \\ RAD & \square \\ n \underline{-2} \\ \end{array}$
				BECH	L STERS	L		
0		¹ BF	2 unit	³ PE ⁴ cum.	5 Wast		7	8 9
80		facto S1	or cost S2	S3 S4	fact S5	S6	S7	S8 S9
S0		31	52	55 54	33	50	C ′	
A			В	С	D		E	I
			l					

Program Title	FRAMING BOARD FEET				
Contributor's Name	Hewlett-Packard, Corvallis 1000 N. E. Circle Blvd.	Divisi	on		
City	Corvallis	State	OR	Zip Code	97330

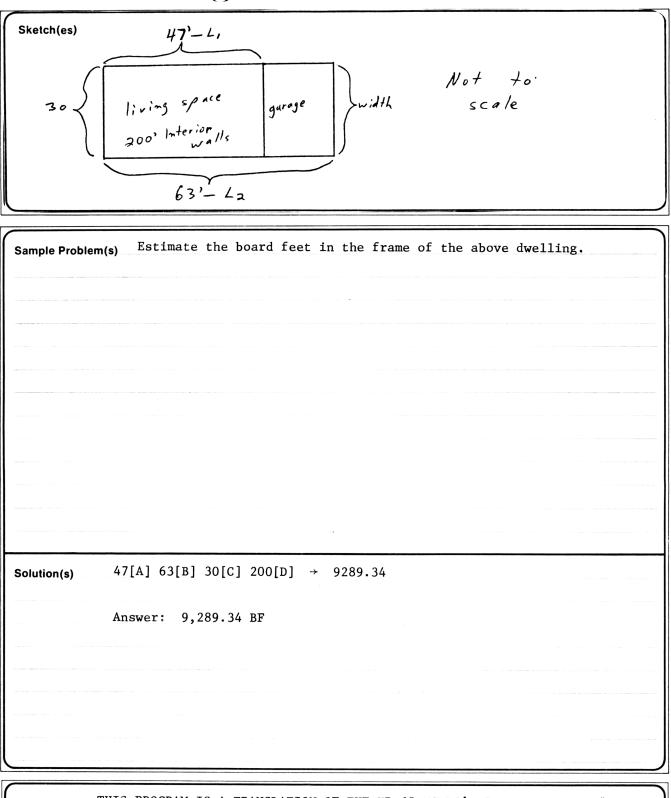
Program Description, Equations, Variables Finds Board Feet in Standardized Dwelling. For 8, 2x4 boards 8 ft. long. The number of board ft. is $\frac{8x2x4x8}{12} = 42$ 2/3. This formula is reduced as much as possible for each item <u>before</u> it is incorporated into the program. The program assumes the following sizes of boards: Girder, 3-2x6xL₁; Sill, 1-2x6x perimeter; rafters, 2x6 (see below); collar beams (1/3 as many as rafters), 2x6x1/2 width; joists, 2x8xwidth (see below); header, 1-2x8xL₁; Ridge board, 1-2x8xL₂; Bridging, 1-1x4x6 times L₁; Plates, 1-2x4x3 times (perimeter plus intervals); studs, 2x4x8' (see below); gable studs, 2x4 (see below). 16" spacing is assumed for rafters, joists and studs. Rafter length, including waste, for 1/4 pitch is 1.27 of width (considers eave). Wall studs for entire building (includes corners, doors, etc.) is assumed to be one stud per linear foot. The length of the gable studs, for 1/4 pitch, is assumed to be 1/4 of the width. The waste from one end is used for the other end.

Operating Limits and Warnings Dwelling assumed to have: One story, one-foot eaves, 1/4 pitch, rectangular configuration, and above sizes.

The program does not consider that lumber comes in lengths of multiples of 2 ft. This is an <u>estimate only</u>. Other methods may differ slightly. For one thing, methods of determing waste differ.

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Reference(s) THIS PROGRAM IS A TRANSLATION OF THE HP-65 USERS' LIBRARY PROGRAM #04577A SUBMITTED BY CHET LARGIN.

	FRAMING	BOARD	FEET			5	
L_1		L ₂	Width	 lnt.	_		

1 Enter program 2 Enter L1 3 Enter L2 4 Enter Width 5 Enter linear feet of interior walls for new problem, go to 2 - Please note: L1 is the length excluding garage, if any L2 includes garage, if any L2 includes garage, if any -	OUTPUT DATA/UNITS
3 Enter L2 B 4 Enter Width C 5 Enter linear feet of interior walls for new D problem, go to 2 Image: Comparison of the second se	
4 Enter Width C 5 Enter linear feet of interior walls for new D problem, go to 2 Image: Comparison of the second se	
5 Enter linear feet of interior walls for new D problem, go to 2 D Please note: D L1 is the length excluding garage, if any D	
problem, go to 2 Please note: L1 is the length excluding garage, if any	
Please note: L1 is the length excluding garage, if any	Board Feet
Please note: L1 is the length excluding garage, if any	
L ₁ is the length excluding garage, if any	
L ₁ is the length excluding garage, if any	
	-

Program Listing I

12			97 Program	LISUNG		
	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	COMMENTS	STEP KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	COMMENTS
001 002 003	ST04	21 11 35 04 06	Finds Board Feet for:	057 × 058 + 059 RCL6	-35 -55 36 06	
004 005	i . 5 3	-62 03 03	Girder, header and bridging	060 GSBE 061 RCL6 062 4	23 15 36 06 04	Gable studs
006 007 008	× RTN	-35 24		063 ÷ 064 ×	-24 -35	
009 010 011) ST05	21 12 35 05 01		065 . 066 6 067 7	-62 06 07	
012 013	2 . 3 3	-62 03 03	Ridge board	068 × 069 + 070 RTN	-35 -55 24	
014 015 016	5 X 5 +	-35 -55		071 *LBLD 072 RCL7	21 14 36 07	Plates
017 018 019	} ∦LBLC	24 21 13 35 06		073 + 074 sto8 075 2	-55 35 08 02	
020 021 022) RCL5 +	36 05 -55 02	Sill	076 × 077 + 078 RCL8	-35 -55 36 0 8	
023 024	3 × I STO7	-35 35 07		0795 080.	05 -62	Studs
025 026 027	5 RCL6	-55 36 06 01		081 3 082 3 083 ×	03 03 -35	
028 029 038) 2	-62 02 07	Rafters	084 + 085 RTN 086 *LBLE	-55 24 21 15	Finds number of pieces of rafters,
03) 032	x RCL5	-35 36 05 23 15		0 87 . 0 88 7	-62 07 05	joists, and gable studs
033 034 035	ST08 5 x	35 08 -35		090 × 091 2	-35 02	
030 037 038	r RCL8	-55 36 08 03	Collar beams	092 + 093 INT 094 RTN	-55 16 34 24	
039 04(04)) RCL6	-24 36 06 02		095R/S	51	
042 043	2 ÷ 3 ×	-24 -35		100		
044 045 046	5 RCL4	-55 36 04 23 15	Joists			
04) 048 049	3 +	36 08 -55 36 06				SET STATUS
050) 2	02				
05) 052 053	X	-55 -35 01			FLAGS ON OFF 0 1 1	DEG 😰 FIX 🛣
054 053	i. 53	-62 03		110	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	GRAD SCI RAD SCI I RAD I SCI I I RAD I R
0 56	5 3	2		⁵ L ₂ ⁶ Width	⁷ Peri-	8 9
S0	S1	S2	³ ⁴ L ₁ S3 S4	⁵ L ₂ ⁶ Width S5 S6		Used S8 S9
A		В	С	D	E	

Program Title	LUMBER ESTIMATE					
Contributor's Name Address	Hewlett-Packard, Corvall: 1000 N. E. Circle Blvd.	is Divis	sion			
City	Corvallis	State	OR	Zip Code	97330	

Program Description, Equations, Variables ESTIMATES MATERIAL COST, LABOR COST AND TOTAL COST OF ROUGH CARPENTRY. USER MUST SUPPLY LOCAL LUMBER COSTS AND LOCAL LABOR RATE. ALSO DETERMINES NUMBER OF STUDS, AND JOISTS. MAY BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH OTHER ESTIMATE PROGRAMS FOR ESTIMATING THE COSTS OF ALL THE ASPECTS OF A STRUCTURE.

A BOARD FOOT REPRESENTS THE VOLUME 1" x 12" x 12".

BF = (WIDTH IN INCHES X THICKNESS IN INCHES X LENGTH IN FEET) + 12

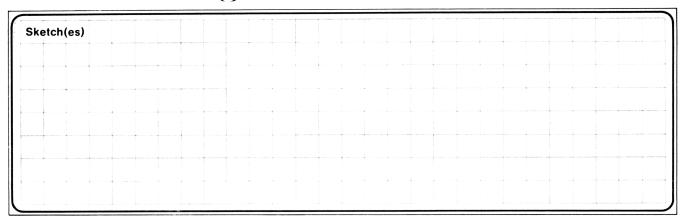
"SPACING" IS THE DISTANCE FROM THE CENTER OF A STUD, JOIST OR RAFTER TO THE CENTER OF THE ADJACENT STUD, JOIST OR RAFTER. "PIECES" REFERS TO THE NUMBER OF STUDS, JOISTS OR RAFTERS.

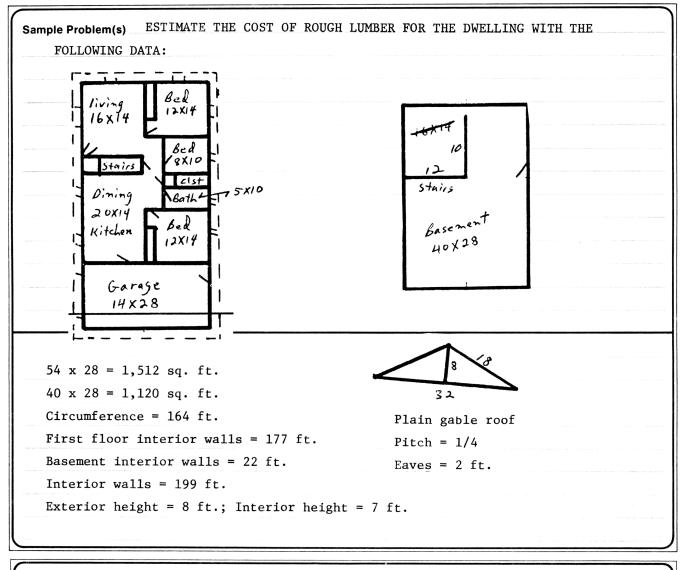
PCS = [LENGTH X (12/SPACING IN INCHES)] + 1

Operating Limits and Warnings COSTS ARE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST DOLLAR. LABOR HOURS ARE ROUNDED INTERNALLY TO THE NEAREST 1/2 HOUR. THE LABOR RATE MUST BE DELETED FROM THE PROGRAM AND THE LOCAL LABOR RATE PROGRAMMED IN. ANY ERRORS MUST BE MANUALLY SUBTRACTED FROM THE INVOLVED REGISTERS. Does not include nails.

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in *Program Description II*. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

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Reference(s) Thomas, Paul I., How to Estimate Building Losses and Construction Costs, 2nd Ed., Prentice-Hall, Inc., 1971, Chapter 9. National Construction Estimator, 23rd Ed., 1975, Craftsman Book Co. THIS PROGRAM IS A MODIFICATION OF THE USERS' LIBRARY PROGRAM #04056A SUBMITTED BY CHET LANGIN.

Sketch(es)

Sample Problem(s)	BF	Cost	MAT.	Fac./Hrs	. LA	AB.	Total		
Girder 2 x 6 x40-3		283.29		20/					
Sill 2 x 6x164-1		283.29		20/					
Floor Joists 2x8x16-		312.80		22/					
Joist Header 2x8x80-1		312.80		20/					
Bridging 1x4x240-1		251.45		80/					
Sole Plate 2x4x363-1		279.30		20/					
Wall studs 2x4x8-		279.30		25/					
Top plates 2x4x 726-		279.30		20/					
Gable Studs 2x4x8-		279.30		25/					
Ceiling Joists 2x8x16-		312.80		25/					
Rafters 2x6x18-		283.29		30/					
Ridge Board 2x8x54-1		312.80		30/					
Collar Beams 2x6x14-20		283.29		30/					

Solution(s) Girder is 3 boards running length of basement. Sill is 1 board around the perimeter. Floor joists are 2 ft. longer than width. Joist header is twice length of basement. Bridging is 3 times length of basement times two sides. Sole plate is length of all walls--ext. and int. Top Plates are twice length of all walls. Ceiling joists same as floor joists. Solve triangle for length of rafters. Ridge board is length of structure. Collar Beams are 1/2 width for each 2 or 3 rafters. Sizes of lumber vary for different structures. Board lengths such as rafters, must be rounded up to be divisible by 2.

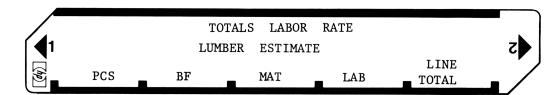
Reference(s) Costs are for 1,000 BF. The factors are the number of hours it takes on the average for a union carpenter to do 1,000 BF. The labor rate for this example is \$13.21/hr.

SOLUTION				
[f][CLRE	G]13.21	BF	Mat HRS Lab	Tot
[f][B]				
1440[B],	283.29[C], 20[D],[R/S][E] Girder	120	34 2 1/2 33	67
1968	[B], 283.29[C], 20[D][R/S],[E] Sill	164	46 3 1/2 46	
40[ENT ⁺]	, 16[A], 2 X 62 pieces			
15872[B]	, 312.8[C], 22[D],[R/S], [E] Floor joists	1323	414 29 383	707

1280[B], 312.8[C], 20[D], [R/S], [E]. . . Joist Header 107 33 2 26 59 960[B], 251.45[C], 80[D], [R/S], [E]. . . . Bridging 80 20 6 1/2 86 106 2904[B], 279.3[C], 20[D],[R/S],[E]. . . . Sole Plate 242 68 5 66 134 54[ENT t], 16[A], 2 X . . . 84 pieces 28[ENT *], 16[A], 2 X . . . 44 pieces *plus 227 = 355 pieces 22720[B], 279.3[C], 25[D], [R/S],[E]. . . Studs 1893 529 47 1/2 627 1156 [B], 279.3[C], 20[D] [R/S] [E] Top Plates 484 135 9 1/2 125 260 5808 32[ENT t] 16[A] 25 pieces** 1600[B] 279.3[C], 25[D], [R/S] [E] Gable Studs 133 37 3 1/2 46 83 40[ENT ^], 16[A], 2 X . . . 62 pieces 15872 [B], 312.8 [C], 25[D],[R/S], [E].... Ceiling J. 1323 414 33 436 850 54[ENT +], 16[A], 2 X . . . 84 pieces 18144[B], 283.29[C], 30[D], [R/S], [E]. . Rafters 1512 428 45 1/2 601 1029 864[B], 312.8[C], 30[D], [R/S], [E] . .Ridge Board 72 23 2 26 49 3360[B], 283.29[C], 30[D], [R/S] [E]. . Col. Beams 280 79 8 1/2 112 191 [f][A].... Totals 7733 2260 2613 4873

*Use formula to determine number of studs on exterior walls, then add one stud for each foot of interior walls, one stud for each corner of building, and 2 studs for each exterior opening (doors and windows).

** For gable studs: The number of studs is not doubled because the waste from one end of the structure is used for the other end.



STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT DATA/UNITS	KEYS	OUTPUT DATA/UNITS
1	ENTER PROGRAM			
2	INITIALIZE CARD			
		LABOR RATE	f B	LABOR RATE
3	REPEAT 3-8 FOR EACH ITEM			
	(OPTIONAL: ENTER LENGTH	LENGTH	ENT †	
	ENTER SPACING)	SPACING	Α	PCS
4	ENTER WIDTH X THICKNESS X LENGTH			-
	X PIECES	WTLP	B	BF
5	ENTER UNIT COST PER 1,000 BF	COST	C	MAT.
6	ENTER LABOR FACTOR PER 1,000 BF	FACTOR	D	HOURS
7	FIND LABOR COST		R/S	LAB.
8	FIND LINE TOTAL		E	TOTAL
9	FOR TOTALS		f A	
	BF TOTAL			BF
	MAT TOTAL			MAT
	LAB TOTAL			LAB
	MAT AND LAB TOTAL			TOTAL
10	ENTER NEXT CARD			
	OR			
	FOR NEW PROBLEM, GO TO 2			

Program Listing I

18 STEP I	EY ENTRY							
			COMMENTS	STEP		YENTRY	KEY CODE	COMMENTS
001		21 11			0 57	RTN	24	
002		-41			0 58	*LBLE	21 15	
0 03		23 02	Find number of		0 59	RCL5	36 05 36 65	Adds line total
0 04		-41	pieces		060	RCL6	36 06	
005	i	01			061	+	-55	
0 06	2	62			0 62	RTN	24	1
0 07	X≓Y	-41			0 63	≭ LBLa	21 16 11	
0 08	÷	-24	1		0 64	RCL1	36 01	
0 09		-35			065	RCL2	36 02	Totals
010		01			0 66	ENTT	-21	1
011		-62	Internally		067	ENT†	-21	
012		84	Round Up		86 8	RCL3	36 03	
013		-55	Kound Op		069	+	-55	
014		23 00			0 70	RCL3	36 03	
015		20 20 24			071	X≠Y	-41	
016		21 ØË			072	PRST	16-14	
617 617		-62	Internal		073	RTN	24	
017 018		65	Rounding		074	*LBLb	21 16 12]
010		-55			075	STOØ	35 00	Store labor rate
015 020		-33 16 34			076	RTN	24	
020 021		10-34 24			077	R∕S	51	
]	1	1			
8 22		21 12	Rinda and star		1		1	1
0 23		Ø1 00	Finds and stores BF	080				1
0 24		82	Dr					1
0 25		-24			+			
026		23 00			+		+	
0 27		35 04			+		1	
0 28		35-55 01			+			
0 29		24			+		+	1
030		21 13			+			
031		36 04	Finds and stores		+		+	-
032		-35	Mat.		+		+	
033	EEX	-23		090	+		+	
034		03		030	+		+	
035	÷	-24			+		+	
036	GSB0	23 00					+	
037	ST05	35 05			+			-
038	ST+2	35-55 02			+			
0 39	RTN	24						
040		21 14		 			+	4
041		36 04	1				+	
042		-35	Finds hours				+	
043		-23		100			+	
044		03		100			+	
045		-24						
046		02	Interaction 1					
047		-35	Internally Rounds	L				
048		23 00	to nearest 1/2 hr.					
040		02			+		<u>↓</u>	
050		-24					-+[SET STATUS
051 051		51					FLAGS	TRIG DISP
0 52		36 00	Finds and stores				ON OFF	
052 053		-35	labor cost	110				DEG 😨 FIX 🕱
0054 054		23 00		110				GRAD □ SCI □ RAD □ ENG □
034 055		23 00 35 06					2 🗆 🔀	RAD RAD ENG n_2
056		35-55 03		STERS		C	7	8 9
0 Labor	¹ Tota		I I KH I	⁵ MAT.		6 LABO	R 7	0 9
Rate	BF S1	MAT.	Labor	S5		S6	S7	S8 S9
00	51	52	55 S4	00		0		
A		В	l c	D			E	I
		ľ	Ŭ	-			-	
		1						

Program Title	SHINGLE ESTIMATE				
Contributor's Name Address	Hewlett-Packard, C 1000 N. E. Circle		ision		
City	Corvallis	State	OR	 Zip Code	97330

Program Description, Equations, Variables GIVEN CEILING AREA AND PITCH OF ROOF, FINDS ROOF AREA AND NUMBER OF SQUARES. ROUNDS INTERNALLY TO 1/3 SQUARE. GIVEN LOCAL COSTS AND LABOR RATES, FINDS MATERIAL COSTS, LABOR COSTS AND TOTAL COSTS. INTENDED TO BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH OTHER ESTIMATE PROGRAMS, BUT CAN BE USED INDEPENDENTLY.

PITCH = RISE/SPAN TANGENT = PITCH X 2 ROOF AREA = SECANT TIMES CEILING AREA ONE SQUARE = ONE HUNDRED SQUARE FEET THREE BUNDLES = ONE SQUARE (SHINGLES ARE SOLD BY THE BUNDLE)

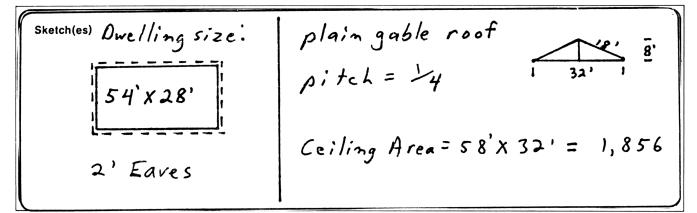
CAN ALSO BE USED TO DETERMINE RAFTER LENGTH: RAFTER = SECANT TIMES RUN (ROUNDS TO NEAREST ONE FOOT)

Operating Limits and Warnings ROUNDS INTERNALLY TO NEAREST \$1, 1/2 HOUR, AND 1/3 SQUARE. WASTE MUST BE ADDED MANUALLY. CANNOT BE USED FOR BUILT-UP ROOFS. SHOULD NOT BE USED FOR ROLL ROOFING. THE LABOR RATE MUST BE ENTERED. ANY ERRORS MUST BE MANUALLY SUBTRACTED FROM THE INVOLVED REGISTERS.

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in *Program Description II*. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

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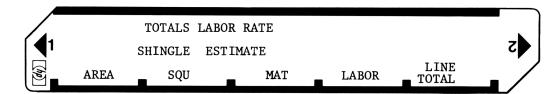
rise



Sample Problem(s) FOR THE DWELLING WITH THE ABOVE DIMENSIONS, FIND RAFTER LENGTH, ROOF AREA, NUMBER OF SQUARES, MATERIAL COST, LABOR COST, TOTAL COST OF ROOF, AND, CONTINUING FROM <u>LUMBER ESTIMATE</u> (1054D). FIND TOTAL COST AND TOTAL MATERIAL AND LABOR COSTS FOR THE ROUGH LUMBER AND ROOF.

SOLUTION: ENTER LUMBER ESTIMATE (1054D) AND FIND THE COSTS AS OUTLINED IN PROGRAM DESCRIPTION II OF THAT PROGRAM SUBMITTAL. (7,733 BF, \$2,260 Material, \$2,613 Labor, and \$4,873 Total.) THE LABOR RATE IS \$11.90/HR. FOR THIS EXAMPLE. 11.90 [f][B] 1856 [ENT ^], 1[ENT^], 4[A] ROOF AREA = 2,075 SQ. FT. 1.1 X . . . ADD 10% WASTE = 2,282.5 SQ. FT. [B] . . . SQUARES = 23.0024.45 (COST PER SQUARE)[C]. . . MATERIAL = \$5622 (LABOR FACTOR) [D] . . . HOURS = 46.00[R/S] . . . LABOR = \$547 [E] . . . TOTAL = \$1,109[f][A] . . .TOTALS INCLUDING ROUGH LUMBER: BF AND SQ. FT = 9,808 (USED LATER TO DETERMINE LBS. OF NAILS), MAT = \$2,822, LAB = \$3,160, TOTAL COST OF ROOF AND ROUGH LUMBER = \$5,982. RAFTER LENGTH = 16 (Run) [ENT \uparrow] 1 [ENT \uparrow] 4 [A] . . . 18 FT.

Reference(s) THOMAS, PAUL I., HOT TO ESTIMATE BUILDING LOSSES AND CONSTRUCTION COSTS, 2nd. Ed., PRENTICE-HALL, INC., 1971, CHAPT. 13. NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION ESTIMATOR, 1975, 23rd Ed., CRAFTSMAN BOOK CO., 542 STEVENS AVENUE, SOLANA BEACH, CA. 92075. THIS PROGRAM IS A MODIFICATION OF THE USERS' LIBRARY PROGRAM #04303A SUBMITTED BY CHET LANGIN.



STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT DATA/UNITS	KEYS	OUTPUT DATA/UNITS
1	Enter program			
2	(Optional: Initialize series)		f CL REG	
3	Enter labor rate for roofing	Rate	fB	
4	Enter ceiling area	Area	ENT †	
5	Enter pitch	Pitch	ENT † A	Area
6	Add Waste	%	X	
7	Find No. of squares		B	Squares
8	Enter unit cost per square	Cost	С	Mat.
9	Enter labor factor per square	Factor	D	Hrs.
10	Find labor cost		R/S	Lab.
11	Find cost of roof		E	Cost
12	Set for series total		fA	
	Total BF and/or sq. ft.			BF/SF
	Total material			MAT.
	Total labor			Lab.
	Total cost of series			Total
	Enter next card			
	or			
	For new problem, go to 2			
				4

97 Program	Listing I
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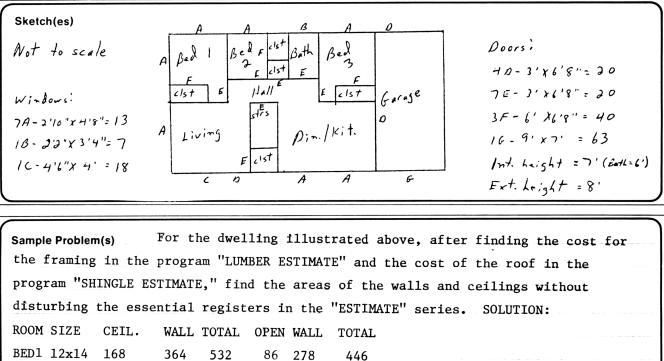
22				7 / 11051am						
STEP	KE	Y ENTRY	KEY CODE	COMMENTS	STEP		Y ENTRY	KEY CODE	COM	MENTS
	ññ1	¥LBLØ	21 00			057	ST+3	35-55 03		
	002		-62			0 58	ST06	35 06		
	0 03	5	02 05			0 59	RTN	24		
	0 04	+	-55	Rounds internally		060	*LBLE	21 15	Find line	
	005	INT	16 34			061	RCL5	36 05	column to	tals
	005 006	RTN	24			062	RCL6	36 06		
	000 007					063	+	-55		
		≱LBLA	21 11	Secant times		064	RTN	24		
	0 08	Rt	16-31	ceiling area		065	*LBLa	21 16 11		
	009	RŤ	16-31			066	RCL1	36 01		
	010	X≢Y	-41			0 67	RCL2	36 02	Totals	
	0ii	R↓	-31			067 068				
	012	esb0	23 00				ENT†	-21		
	013	ENT†	-21			0 69	ENTT	-21		
	014	Rt	16-31			070	RCL3	36 03 .		
	015	RŤ	16-31			071	+	-55 .		
(016	2	82			072	RCL3	36 03 .		
1	017	÷	-24			073	X≠Y	-41 .		
	018	÷	-24			074	PRST	16-14 .		
	019	TAN-'	16 43			075	RTN	24 .		
	020	COS	42			076	≭ LBLb	21 16 12 .	Store lab	or rate
	021	÷	-24			077	STOØ	35 00 .		
	022	GSBØ	23 00			078	RTN	24 .		
	023	ST+1	35-55 01			079	R∕S	51 .		
	023 024	RTN	24			1				
	025 007	≭LBL B	21 12	Rounds to nearest						
	026		-62	1/3 square						
	0 27	ยี	<i>00</i>							
	028	3	03							
	029	х	-35			1				
	030	•	-62			+				
	031	5	05			+				
(032	+	-55			+				
	033	GSEØ	23 00		090	+				
(034	3	03							
(035	÷	-24					+		
	036	ST04	35 04							
	037	RTN	24							
		*LBLC	21 13							
	039	RCL4	36 04	Find Mat.						
	040	X	-35	rind hat.		_				
	040 041	GSB0	23 00			_			ł	
	041 042	6360 ST+2	23 00 35-55 02						1	
						1			1	
	043 044	STO5	35 05		100					
	944 045	RTN	24						1	
	045 042	≭LBLD	21 14	Find nearest 1/2					1	
	946	RCL4	36 04	hour					1	
	047 040	X	-35						l	
	948	2	02 77							
	049	X	-35							
	950	GSBØ	23 00					FLAGS	TRIG	DISP
	951	2	02					ON OFF		
	952	÷	-24					0 🗆 🕱	DEG 🛣	FIX 🕱
	953	R∕S	51		110			1 🗆 🖾	GRAD	SCI
Ē	854	RCLØ	36 00	Find LAB.				2 🗆 🕱	RAD 🗆	ENG 🗆
	955	Х	-35					3 🗆 🛣		n_ <u>~</u>
	956	esb0	23 00	REGIS	STERS					
0 Lab		1	12 Mat		5		6	7	8	9
Rat		Sq.	ft. Total		Ma	t.	Lab			
S0		S1	S2	S3 S4	S5		S6	S7	S8	S9
А			В	С	D			E	I	

Program Title WALL A	ND CEILING AREAS E	STIMATE	
Contributor's Name Address	Hewlett-Packar 1000 N. E. Cir	d, Corvallis Division cle Blvd.	
City	Corvallis	State OR	Zip Code 97330

Program Description, Equations, Variables Given dimensions of building and rooms and size of openings, finds ceiling area, wall area, total gross area, net wall area and total net area of each room and for the entire structure. length times width = ceiling area 2 times length plus width times height = wall area gross area less openings = net area May only be used for rectangular rooms. **Operating Limits and Warnings**

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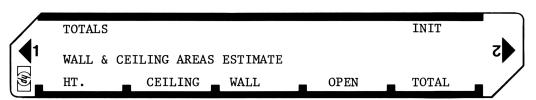
ROOM	SIZE	CEIL.	WALL	TOTAL	OPEN	WALL	TOTAL	
BED1	12x14	168	364	532	86	278	446	
CLST	8x3	(24)	154	(178)	40	114	(138)	
BED2	8x10	80	252	332	73	179	259	
CLST	3x7	21	140	161	40	100	121	
CLST	3x3	9	84	93	20	64	73	
BATH	5x10	50	180	230	27	153	203	
BED 3	12x14	168	364	532	86	278	446	
CLST 8	8x3	(24)	154	(178)	40	114	(138)	
LIV.	16x14	224	420	644	99	321	545	
STRS.	4x10	40	196	236	20	176	216	
CLST 4	4x4	16	112	128	20	92	108	
HALL	16x4	64	280	344	204	76	140	
D/K	20x14	280	476	756	102	374	654	
GRG	14x28	392	588	980	103	485	877	
S/T		1512	3764	5276	960	2804	4316	
ext.	54x28	(1512)	1312	(2824)	219	1093	(2605)	
tot.		1512	5076	6588	1179	3897	5409	
l								

Reference(s) THIS PROGRAM IS A MODIFICATION OF THE USERS' LIBRARY PROGRAM #04247A SUBMITTED BY CHET LANGIN.

Sketch(es)		
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Sample Problem(s) Solution cont. The keystrokes are as follows:
[f][E]
7[A]
12[ENTER], 14[B]168, [C]364, [E]532, 86[D]278, [E]446,
8[ENTER], 3[B]24, [R/S], [C]154, [E]178, 40[D]114, [E]138,
8[ENTER], 10[B]80, [C]252, [E]332, 73[D]179, [E]259,
3[ENTER], 7[B]21, [C]140, [E]161, 40[D]100, [E]121,
3[ENTER], 3[B]9, [C]84, [E]93, 20[D]64, [E]73,
6[A],
5[ENTER], 10[B]50, [C]180, [E]230, 27[D]153, [E]203,
7[A],
12[ENTER], 14[B]168, [C]364, [E]532, 86[D] 278, [E] 446,
8[ENTER], 3[B]24, [R/S], [C]154, [E]178, 40[D]114, [E]138,
16[ENTER], 14[B]224, [C]420, [E]644, 99[D]321, [E]545,
Solution(s) ^{4[ENTER]} , 10[B]40, [C]196, [E]236, 20[D]176, [E]216,
4[ENTER], 4[B]16, [C]112, [E]128, 20[D]92, [E]108,
16[ENTER], 4[B]64, [C]280, [E]344, 204[D]76, [E]140,
20 [ENTER], 14[B]280, [C]476, [E]756, 102[D]374, [E]654,
14 [ENTER], 28[B]392, [C]588, [E]980, 103[D]485, [E]877,
[f][A], 1512, 3764, 5276, 960, 2804, 4316,
8[A],
54[ENTER], 28[B]1512, [R/S], [C]1312, [E]2824, 219[D]1093, [E]2605,
[f][A]1512, 5076, 6588, 1179, 3897, 5409.

Reference(s) User may now continue with next program in the series, becuase the essential registers have NOT been changed.



STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT DATA/UNITS	KEYS	OUTPUT DATA/UNITS
1	Enter program			
2	Initialize		f E	
3	Repeat 3-11 for each height			
4	Enter wall height	h	Α	
5	Repeat 5-11 for all rooms of same height			
6	Enter length	1	ENTER	
7	Enter width	w	В	ceiling area
	(Optional: subtract ceiling area from			
	register if this area is included in another			
	computation.)		R/S	
8	Find gross wall area		С	gross wall area
9	Find gross ceiling and wall area		Е	gross area
10	Enter area of openings	area	D	net wall area
	(Important: All openings for room must be			
	entered at once.)			
11	Find net ceiling and wall area		E	net area
12	For totals		fA	
	Total ceiling area			
	Total gross wall area			
	Total gross area			
	Total openings			
	Total net wall area			
	Total net area			
	Enter next card of series,			
	OR			
	For new problem, go to 2			

Program Listing I

													2
STEP		EY ENTRY		СОММЕ	ENTS	STEP		Y ENTRY	. 1		DE	COM	MENTS
	001		21 16 15	Initialize		-	85 7	-		-45			
	002	Ø	90	Inicialize			6 58	CHS		-22			
	0 03	ST06	35 06				0 59	PRTX		-14			
	004	ST07	35 07				860	RCL7		36 87			
	00 5	ST08	35 08			1	061	+		-5			
	0 06	RTN	24				062	PRTX		-1-			
	0 07	*LBLA	21 11	Store heigh	ht.		063	RTN		2			
	008	ST09	33 09			L	864	R∕S		5	1		
	00 9	RTN	24]	
	010	*LBLB	21 12										
	011	ST04	35 04	Finds and s									
	012	R↓	-31	ceiling are	a								
	013	ST05	35 05									1	
	014	RŤ	16-31			070						1	
	615	Х	-35									1	
	016	ST+7	35-55 07									1	
	017	RTN	24									1	
	018	ST-7		Subtracts o	eiling				1			1	
	019	R∕S	51	area from s					1			t	
	020	*LBLC	21 13	Finds and s					\mathbf{t}			1	
	021	RCL4	36 04	wall area					1			1	
	022	RCL5	36 05	area					<u> </u>				
	023	T T	-55						1				
	023 024	. 2	02			080	1		<u> </u>			1	
	025	×	-35	1			1						
	0 26	RCL9	36 Ø9				-						
	0 27	X	-35										
	027 028		-35 35-55 08										
									-				
	0 29	RTN	24				+						
	0 30 071	*LBLE	21 15 FF	Adds wall a									
	0 31	+	-55	ceiling are	as								
	032	RTK	24										
	033	*LBLD	21 14	Finds net w	all area	090	-						
	034		35-55 <i>06</i>	Finds net w	all alea								
	035	-	-45				+						
	036	RCL4	36 04										
	0 37	RCL5	36 05										
	038	Х	-35				+		+				
	039	-	-45										
	040	RTN	24				-						
	041	*LBLE	21 15				+		 				
	042	RCL4	36 04	Finds net a	irea		+		 				
	043	RCL5	36 05	1		100	+						
	844	X	-35			100	+						
	045	+	-55	1					<u> </u>				
	84 6	RTN	24	1					 				
	047		21 16 11										
	84 8	RCL7	36 87	Totals									
	0 49	PRTX	-14						<u>⊢</u>			SET STATUS	
	0 50	RCL8	36 0 8				+		┼╌╊				
	051	FRTX	-14	1			+		⊢∟	FLAG		TRIG	DISP
	0 52	÷	-55	4			+		H	ON			
	053	PRTX	-14	1		110	+		H	0 🗌	X X	DEG ⊠ GRAD □	FIX ΣΣ SCI □
	854	RCL6	36 06				+		H	2	X		
	055	PRTX	-14				+		H	3	X		ENG 2□ n
	056	RCL8	36 08		DECH	STERS	1				_		
0		1	2	3		5				7		8	9
Ŭ		ľ		ľ ľ	L	ัพ	ľ	Open t			tot	Wall tot	Ht
S0		S1	S2	S3 5	S4	S5		5 6		S 7		S8	S9
A			В	c		D		I	E			I	
							and the second secon						

Program Title WALL	PAPER ESTIMATE		
Contributor's Name Address	Hewlett-Packard 1000 N.E. Circl	l, Corvallis Division le Blvd.	
City	Corvallis	State OR	Zip Code 97330

Program Description, Equations, Variables Given areas to be papered, size of rolls, cost of roll, finds number of rolls, material cost, number of hours, labor cost and total cost. Intended to be used with other estimate programs, but may be used separately.

Operating Limits and Warnings Local labor rate must be entered. Prices rounded to dollars. Hours rounded to nearest one-half.

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in *Program Description II*. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

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Sketch(es) Bedroom # 2: 8'X 10'X7' -	A	Areas: Leiling = 80 s.F.
Window A=2'10" X4'8"= 135.F. Door E=3'0" X6'8"=205.F.	F	Gross Wall= 252 S.F. NetWall= 179 S.F. Gross Total= 332 S.F.
Poor F=6' 0" X6'8"= 405.F. Total Openings = 735.F.	E	NetTotal=2595.F.

Sample Problem(s) Continuing the construction estimate of the house illustrated in
Program Description II of Lumber Estimate (1054D), Wall and Ceiling Areas
Estimate (1056D), and Shingle Estimate (1055D), find the material cost of
wallpapering the walls and ceiling of Bedroom #2. Also, find the labor hours,
the labor cost, the total cost for wallpaper, and the total cost for the framing,
shingles and wallpaper. As determined in the other programs, the total board
feet and square feet of lumber and shingles is 9,808 (used later to determine
pounds of nails.) The cost of the lumber and shingles, as previously determined, is: \$2,789 for material, \$3,160 for labor, and \$5,949 total. The areas
of the room was determined, with the areas of the other rooms of the house,
with the use of program 1056D. Use 30 square feet of wallpaper per roll.
Use \$3.25 rolls on the ceiling and \$6.50 rolls on the walls. Use a labor rate of
3 rolls per hour and \$11.83 per hour.

Solution(s) Keystrokes: 11.83[f][B], 80[ENT +], 30[A]→ 3 (rolls for ceiling), 3.25 B → 10 (cost of ceiling paper), 3[C] → 1 (hour), [D] → 12 (cost of ceiling labor), [E] → 22 (cost of ceiling), 179[ENT +], 30[A]6 (rolls for walls), 6.5[B]39 (cost of wall paper), 3[C] → 2 (hours), [D]24 (cost of wall labor), [E] → 63 (cost for wall), [f], [A] → 9808 (board feet of lumber and square feet of shingles left undisturbed), 2838 (material cost for lumber, shingles and paper), 3196 (labor cost for lumber, shingles and paper), 6034 (total cost for lumber, shingles and paper.)

Reference(s) THIS PROGRAM IS A MODIFICATION OF THE USERS' LIBRARY PROGRAM #04427A SUBMITTED BY CHET LANGIN.

	TOTA	ALS L	ABOR RATE			
(1	ı	WALLPEPER	ESTIMATE			5
(hp)	ROLLS	MAT.	LABOR H	R. LABOR COST	TOTAL	

STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT DATA/UNITS	KEYS	OUTPUT DATA/UNITS
1	Enter program			
2	(Optional: Initialize series		f CL REG	
3	Enter labor rate for wall papering	Rate	fB	Rate
4	Enter net area	Area	ENT 1	
5	Enter coverage per roll	Coverage	Α	#_Rolls
6	Enter cost per roll	Cost	В	Total Cost
7	Enter rolls per hour	Rolls	С	Hours
8	Find labor cost		D	Labor
9	Find labor plus material cost		E	Cost
10	Repeat 3-9 as necessary			
11	Series total		fA	
	Total BF and/or SF			BF/SF
	Total material			Mat.
	Total labor			Lab.
	Total cost of series			Total
12	Enter next card			
	or			
	For new problem, go to 2			
		I	·	

97 Program Listing I

				Siam		5 U11					31
STEP KE	EY ENTRY	KEY CODE	COMM	ENTS	STEP	KE	Y ENTRY	KE	Y CODE	COM	MENTS
00 i	*LBL0	21 60				057	PRST	1	16-14		
002		-62	Rounds int	ernally		0 58	RTN		24		
803	5	05				0 59	*LBLb	21 1	16 12	Chama 1-1	
004	÷	-55				060	STOO		35 60	Store la	bor rate
<i>004</i>	INT	16 34				061	RTN		24	1	
0 05	RTN	24				062	R∕S		51	1	
							N: 0				
80 7	¥LBLA	21 11	Finds # ro	11s		+					
00 8	X≠Y	-41				1					
009	GSBØ	23 00									
010	X≠Y	-41									
011	÷	-24									
0 12		-62	Rounds up			+					
013	4	64			070			+			
014	9	09			070			+			
015	+	-55									
016	esb0	23 06									
017	ST04	35 04									
018	RTN	24		l				 		l .	
	*LBLB	21 12	n								
020	RCL4	36 04	Finds and				1			1	
8 21	X	-35	material c	ost							
022	GSBØ	23 00	1	[
022 023	6360 ST+2	25 00 35-55 02									
023 024	ST06	35-33-82 35-86			080						
0 25	RTN	24						1			
0 26	*LBLC	21 13	Finds and	rounds				1			
0 27	RCL4	36 04	labor to 1								
0 28	X≓Y	-41		, 2 110ui							
6 29	÷	-24						1			
030	2	02		ł		+					
031	Х	-35									
0 32	GSB0	23 00						+			
0 33	2	8 2			090			+			
034	÷	-24			090						
035	RTN	24				+					
036	*LBLD	21 14									
037	RCLØ	36 00	Local labo	r rate							
	X	-35		1							
030	6SB0	23 00									
035 040	6360 ST07	23 00 35 07	Finds and	stores				ļ			
			labor cost								
04 1		35-55 03		[
042 047	RTN	24									
043	*LBLE	21 15 36 86	Finds labo		100						
044	RCL6	36 06	material t	otal							
045	RCL7	36 07									
046	+	-55		1				1			
047	RTN	24		1							
04 8		21 16 11				1		1_			
049	RCL1	36 01	Totals	ł				$+\Box$		SET STATUS	
050	RCL2	3 6 02		1					FLAGS	TRIG	DISP
0 51	ENTT	-21		ł		1			ON OFF		
05 2	ENTŤ	-21		ł		1		<u>+</u>] o		DEG 🖬	FIX 🖬
8 53	RCL3	36 03		1	110			+1i		GRAD 🗆	SCI 🗆
054	+	-55				1		2		RAD 🗆	ENG
055	RCL3	36 03		ł				<u> </u>			n2
056	×τγ Χ≠γ	-41	L	REGIS	TERS	4					
0 Labor	1	² Mat.	³ Labor	4	5		6	7		8	9
Rate	BF/SF	Total	Total	Rolls			Mat.				
SO	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5		S6	S	7	S8	S9
A		В	С		D			E		I	

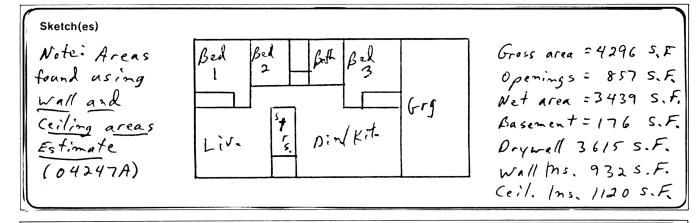
Program Title	DRYWALL AND INSULATION ESTIMATE	
Contributor's Na	me Hewlett-Packard, Corvallis Division	
Address City	Corvallis State OR Zip Co	de 97330

Program Description, Equations, Variables Given area, item cost, and labor factor, finds
material cost, labor hours, labor cost, and total cost for drywall and
insulation. Intended for use with other estimate programs, but may be used
separately.

Operating Limits and Warnings Local carpenter rate and painter rate must be entered. Rounds money to nearest one dollar. Rounds labor to nearest one-half hour.

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in *Program Description II*. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

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Sample Problem(s) Continue estimating the construction of the illustrated house. It was found in <u>Lumber Estimate</u>, <u>Shingle Estimate</u>, <u>and Wallpaper Estimate</u> that the cost for those items was \$6,034. Figure the cost of the drywall and insulation, adding it to the previous items, and breaking the figure up into labor and material. Use a cost of \$8.70 per hundred square feet for drywall. Use a labor factor of 1.5 hours per hundred square feet at a carpenter's rate for installation Use a factor of 1.2 hours at a painter's rate for the joint system. Use a factor of .4 hours at a painter's rate for texturing. Use a cost of \$11.00 per hundred square feet for wall insulation and a cost of \$20.40 for the ceiling. Use labor rates of 1.5 hours per hundred square feet for stapling the wall insulation and 1 hour for loose ceiling insulation. The painter's rate is \$11.28 and the carpenter's rate is \$13.21.

Solution(s) Keystrokes: 11.28 [ENT +] 13.21 [f][B], 3615[A], 8.7[B] \rightarrow 315 (drywall cost), 1.5[C] \rightarrow 54 (hours), [D] \rightarrow 713 (labor cost), [E] \rightarrow 1028 (total cost), 1.2[C] \rightarrow 43.5 (joint system hours), [f][D] \rightarrow 491 (cost), .4[C] \rightarrow 14.5 (texturing hours), [f][D] \rightarrow 164 (texturing cost), 932[A], 11[B] \rightarrow 103 (wall insulation material cost), 1.5[C] \rightarrow 14 (hours), [D] \rightarrow 185 (labor cost, wall insulation), [E] \rightarrow 288 (total wall insulation cost), 1120[A], 20.4[B] \rightarrow 228 (ceiling material cost), 1[C] \rightarrow 11 (hours), [D]145 (ceiling labor cost, [E] \rightarrow 373 (total ceiling insulation cost), [f], A-15475 (grand total BF/SF), 3484 (grand total material cost), 4894 (grand total labor cost), 8378 (grand total cost for lumber, shingles, wallpaper, drywall and insulation).

Reference(s) Thomas, Paul I, <u>How to Estimate Building Losses and Construction Costs</u>, 2nd Ed., Prentice-Hall, Inc., 1971.

This program is a modification of the Users' Library program # 04457A submitted by Chet Langin.



STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT DATA/UNITS	KEYS	OUTPUT DATA/UNITS
1	Enter program			
2	(Optional: Initialize series)		f CL REG	
3	Enter labor rates: Paiter's rate	P. Rate	ENT↑	
	Carpenter's rate	C. Rate	fB	P. Rate
4	Enter area	Area	Α	
5	Enter cost per 100 S. F.	Cost	В	Cost
6	Enter labor factor per 100 S. F.	Hours	С	Hours
7	Find labor cost		D	Cost
8	Find material plus labor cost		E	Total
	(Optional: Enter labor factor for joint			
	system	Hours	С	Hours
	Find joint system cost		f D	Cost
	Entering texturing labor factor	Hours	С	Hours
	Find texturing cost		fD	Cost
	IMPORTANTDO NOT TOTAL (KEY "E") AFTER			
	FINDING JOINT SYSTEM OR TEXTURING COST. IT			
	WOULD NOT FOWL UP THE SERIES, BUT THE ANSWER			
	WOULD BE MEANINGLESS.			
9	Repeat 2-8 as necessary			
10	Set for totals		f	
	Total BF/SF			BF/SF
	Total Material			Material
	Total labor			Labor
	Grand Total			Total
11	Go to next program			
	or			
	For new problem, go to 2			

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0750 //5			-									3
STEP KE	Y ENTRY		CON	MENTS	STEP	KE	Y ENTRY		KEY CODE		COM	MENTS
001	¥LBL0	21 00				057	X≠Y		-41			
00 2		-62	Rounds t			0 58	PRST		16-14			
003	5	05	internal	lly		859	RTN		24			
004	+	-55				060	*LBLb	21	16 12			
005	INT	16 34				061	STOO		35 00	Sto	re la	bor rates
006	RTN	24				062	XZY		-41			
007	*LBLA	21 11	C .			0 63	ST08		35 08			
6 08	ST04	35 04	Stores a	irea		064	RTN		24			
8 03	ST+1	35-55 01					R/S		51			
	RTN	24				065	K∕ J		J1 .			
010 011		21 12	Finds ar	d store		1		+				
011	*LBLB		materia]			+		+				
012	RCL4	36 04	material			-		+				
013	EEX	-23			070	+		+				
014	2	02			0/0	+		+				
015	÷	-24						╋				
016	X	-35						+				
017	GSBØ	23 00						-				
018	ST+2	35-55 02										
019	ST06	35 06										
020	RTN	24										
0 21	*LBLC	21 13		nd rounds				1				
022	RCL4	36 04	labor ho	ours								
023	EEX	-23										
024	2	82			080							
825	÷	-24						Τ				
825 826	- X	-35				1						
0 27	2	02 75				1		1				
028	X	-35				+		+				
0 29	GSBØ	23 00				+		+				
030	2	Ø2				+		╉──				
031	÷	-24				+		+				
032	RTN	24				+		+				
033	*LBLD	21 14	Carpente	r rato	090	+		+				
034	RCLØ	36 00	Carpence	i late	030			+				
035	*LBL2	21 02	Finds ar	nd stores		-		+				
0 36	×	-35	labor co	st								
8 37	esb0	23 00						_				
038	ST07	35 87						⊢				
039		35-55 03										
8 40	RTN	24						1				
040 041	*LBLd	21 16 14	Dointer	rato								
8 42	RCL8	21 15 14 36 0 8	Painter	rate								
043 044	6702 #LDLE	22 82			100							
0 44	*LBLE	21 15 26 86	Totals i	tem								
0 45	RCL6	36 06 76 97				1						
046	RCL7	36 07				1		1				
847	+	-55				1		1				
84 8	RTN	24				1		1				
049	¥LBLa	21 16 11	Tate 1			1		11		SET ST	TATUS	
050	RCL1	36 01	Totals			+		+		TR		DISP
051	RCL2	36 02				1		+	FLAGS ON OFF	IR		DISP
8 52	ENTŤ	-21				+		+		DEG	Xa	FIX 🖾
0 53	ENTT	-21			110	1		+				sci 🗆
854	RCL3	36 03				1		$\uparrow \uparrow$	2 🗆 🕱	RAD		ENG 🗆
055	+	-55				1		+	3 🗆 🖬			n
056	RCL3	36 03		REGIS	STERS							
			3 Lab.	4	5	1	6		7	8Pai	nter	9
Carpenter Rate	Tota		Total	' Area			Mat.		Lab.		te	
S0 Rate	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5		S6		S7	S8		S9
A		В	С		D			E			I	
								-				

35

Program Title SHEA	ATHING AND SUBFLOOP	R ESTIMATE	
Contributor's Name Address	Hewlett-Packard, 1000 N. E. Circl	, Corvallis Division le Blvd.	
City	Corvallis	State OR	Zip Code 97330

Program Description, Equations, Variables Given area to be covered, size of plywood, item cost and labor factor, finds gross area, material cost, labor hours, labor cost, and total cost. Intended for use with other estimate programs, but may be used separately.

To find the gross area, divide the area to be covered by the size of the plywood (usually 32 square feet). Round the answer up to the nearest integer and multiply the integer by the size of the plywood (usu. 32). The gross area is used for the material cost and for determining the labor hours.

The labor factor is the number of hours it takes for a thousand square feet of plywood.

Operating Limits and Warnings Works only for plywood sheathing and subflooring. For boards, use Lumber Estimate. Rounds to the nearest one dollar and 1/2 hour. Local labor rate must be entered. Any errors must be manually subtracted from the involved registers.

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in *Program Description II*. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

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Sketch(es) 2-foot eaves Living Area 40x28=1120 s.F. Exterior Walls: 8' Sketch(es) 2-foot eaves garage 14x28 Net subloor area = 1/20 s.F. Net roof area = 2075 s.F. Net ext Wall area = 1093 s.F.

Sample Problem(s) Continue the construction estimate of the dwelling illustrated in Lumber Estimate, Shingle Estimate, Wallpaper Estimate, Drywall and Insulation Estimate and Wall and Ceiling Areas Estimate. The total cost from these programs is \$8,378. For sheathing and subflooring, find the material cost, labor hours, labor cost, and item totals and add this to the \$8,378.

Please note: The roof area of 2,075 square feet was determined in Shingle Estimate, and the exterior wall area of 1,093 was determined in Wall and Ceiling Areas Estimate.

Use labor factors of 14 for the roof, 13 for the walls and 12 for the floor. Use costs of \$320 per thousand square feet for the roof plywood, \$200 for the wall, and \$265 for the floor. Use a labor rate of \$13.21.

Solution(s) 13.21[f][B], 2075[ENT ↑] 32[A] →2080 (gross roof area), 320[B] →666 (roof
mat. cost), 14[C] →29 (hours), [D] →383 (roof labor cost), [E] →1049 (total roof
cost), 1093[ENT ↑], 32[A] →1120 (gross wall area), 200[B] →224 (wall mat. cost),
13[C] →14 1/2 (hours), [D] →192 (wall labor cost), [E] →416 (total wall cost),
1120 [ENT ↑], 32[A] →1120 (gross floor area), 265[B] →297 (floor mat. cost),
12[C] →13 1/2 (hours), [D] →178 (floor labor cost), [E] →475 (total floor cost),
[f], [A] →19795 (grand total BF/SF), 4671 (grand total mat. cost), 5647 (grand
total labor cost), 10318 (grand total cost for lumber, shingles, 5647 (grand total
labor cost), 10318 (grand total cost for lumber, shingles, wallpaper, drywall,
insulation, sheathing and subfloor).

Reference(s)

National Construction Estimator, 23rd Ed., 1975, Craftsman Book Co., Solano Beach, Calif.

How to Estimate Building Losses and Construction Costs, 2nd Ed., 1971, Prentice-Hall. This program is a translation of the HP-65 Users' Library program #04478A submitted by Chet Langin.

1

	Totals Labor Rate		7	
	SHEATHING AND SUBFLOOR ESTI		2	
	AREA MAT Fact.	Labor Cost 🗖 🗖	Total	
STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT DATA/UNITS	KEYS	OUTPUT DATA/UNITS
1	Enter program			
2	(Optional: Initialize series)		f ¢L REG	
3	Enter labor rate	Rate	fB	Rate
4	Enter net area	Area	ENT	
5	Enter plywood area	Area	Α	Gross Area
6	Enter cost per 1,000 S. F.	Cost	В	Mat. Cost
7	Enter labor factor	Factor	С	Hours
8	Find labor cost		D	Lab. Cost
9	Find line total		Ε	Total
10	Repeat 3-9, as needed			
11	For totals		fA	
	Board feet/square feet totals			BF/SF
	Mat. total			Mat.
	Lab. total			Lab.
	Grand total			Total
12	Go to next program			
	or			
	For new problem, go to 2			

				Ĩ	97	Pro	gram	Lie	sti	ng I						39
STEP	KE	Y ENTRY	κ	EY CODE		сомм		STEP		YENTRY		KEY CODE		COMM	IENTS	39
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	002	•		-62	Koui		ernarry		0 58	RCL1		36 81	Tot	als		
	003	5		85 55					0 59	RCL2		36 02	1			
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	005 005	INT		16 34 24					061	ENTT		-21				
	006 007	RTN ¥LBLA		24 21 11					062	RCL3		36 03 . FF				
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	000 009	3703 X≠Y		-41 -41	Find	is gros	s area		064 075	RCL3		36 03 -41	ł			
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	032	RTN		24					1		\top		1			
	033	*LBLC		21 13												
	034	RCL4		36 04	Find	s labo	r hours	090								
	035	EEX		-23												
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	037	÷		-24					_				ļ			
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Program Title PAINTING ESTIMATE

Contributor's Name	Hewlett-Packard, Corvalli	s Divisi	.on		
Address	1000 N. E. Circle Blvd.				
City	Corvallis	State	OR	Zip Code	97330

Program Description, Equations, Variables Given area to be painted, cost per gallon coverage per gallon, and labor factor, finds material cost, labor hours, labor cost and total cost. Intended for use with other estimate programs, but may be used separately.

The labor factor is the number of square feet that can be painted in one hour.

Either the gross area method, net area method or gross plus method may be used. The gross area method includes the square foot area of an entire wall, inclusive of windows and doors.

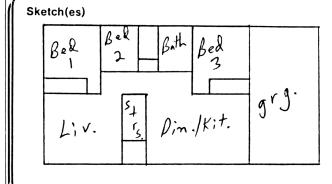
The net area method excludes windows and doors from the wall area, then considers them separately.

The gross plus method includes windows and doors, but then considers additional items.

Operating Limits and Warnings Figures rounded to nearest one dollar and 1/2 hour. Local labor rate must be entered. Errors must be manually subtracted from the involved registers.

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in *Program Description II*. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

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Exterior Gross Area =	- 13/2 S.F.
Interior GrossArea =	
Less Bed 2 =	332 S.F.
Less Bath ceiling =	50 SF.
Add basement =	176 S.F.
Total Interior To Be Painted:	5070S.F.

Sample Problem(s) Continue the construction estimate of the dwelling illustrated in Lumber Estimate, Shingle Estimate, Wallpaper Estimate, Drywall and Insulation Estimate, Wall and Ceiling Areas Estimate and Sheathing and Subfloor Estimate. The total cost from these programs is \$10,318. For the painting, find the material cost labor hours, labor cost, and total cost and add this to the \$10,318. Use the gross area method.

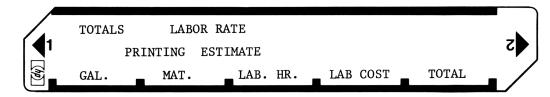
Please note: The areas near the sketch were determined from the Wall and Ceiling Area Estimate.

Use labor factors of 150 for the interior and 125 for the exterior. Use spread rates of 400 square feet per gallon for the exterior and 450 for the interior. Use costs of \$10 per gallon exterior and \$9.50 interior. Double the above areas for 2 coats. Use a labor rate of \$11.28 per hour.

Solution(s) 11.28[f][B], 2624[ENT +], 400[A] →7, 10[B]→70, 125[C]→(hours),[D]→237 (ext. labor cost), [E] →307 (total ext. cost), 10140[ENT +], 450[A] →23 (gallons) 9.5[B] →219 (cost of int. paint), 150[C] →67 1/2 (hours), [D] →761 (int. labor cost), [E]980 (total int. cost), [f][A] →19795 (total Board Feet/Square Feet-used later to determine lbs. of nails), 4960 (total material cost), 6645 (total labor cost), 11605 (grand total cost for lumber, shingles, wallpaper, drywall, insulation, sheathing, subflooring, and painting.)

Reference(s) National Construction Estimator, 1975, Craftsman Book Co. How to Estimate Building Losses and Construction Costs, Prentice-Hall.

This program is a modification of the Users' Library program #04477A submitted by Chet Langin.



STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT DATA/UNITS	KEYS	OUTPUT DATA/UNITS
1	Enter program			
2	(Optional: Initialize series)		f ¢l REĢ	
3	Enter labor rate for painting	Rate	fB	Rate
4	Enter Area	Area	ENT	
5	Enter coverage per gallon	Coverage	Α	# Gals.
6	Enter Cost per gallon	Cost	В	Mat.
7	Enter labor factor	Labor Factor	C	Hours
8	Find labor cost		D	Lab.
9	Find Line total		Ε	Total
10	Repeat 2 - 9 as needed			
11	Totals		fA	
	Total BF/SF			Total
	Total Mat.			Mat.
	Total Lab.			Lab.
	Grand total			Total
12	Go to next program			
	or			
	For new problem, go to 2			1
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97 Program Listing I

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STEP KE	EY ENTRY	KEY CODE	COMM	INTS	STEP	KE	Y ENTRY	KEY	CODE		COMMENTS	
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0 06	RTN	24				0 62	ST08	35	508			
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031	X	-35										
8 32	GSBØ	23 00										
83 3	2	62										
034	÷	-24			090					1		
035	RTN	24	1							1		
036	*LBLD	21 14						1		1		
037	RCLØ	36 00	Painter ra	ite				+		1		
						+		+		ł		
038	X	-35	Finds labo	r cost		+		+		4		
039	GSBØ	23 00	rinds labo							4		
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042	RTN	24	1							1		
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044	RCL6	36 06	Finds line	e total	100							
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oLabor	1 SF/A		³ Lab.	⁴ Area	⁵ Gal	.	⁶ Mat.	7	Lab.	8	9	
Rate	Tota		Total		S5		S6	S7			S9	
S0	S1	S2	S3	S4	35		30	3/			53	
	1	І	l c		D			E		I		
Α		D	C		5					.		
L												

Program Title	WOOD FLOOR ESTIMATE			
Contributor's Name Address	Hewlett-Packard, Corvallis 1000 N. E. Circle Blvd.	Divisi	on	
City	Corvallis	State	OR	Zip Code 97330

Program Description, Equations, Variables Given net area, gross area, material unit cost and labor factor, finds material cost, labor hours, labor cost and item total. Also totals columns for material cost, labor cost and total cost when used with other estimate programs.

Operating Limits and Warnings Rounds to nearest one dollar and 1/2 hour. Local labor rate must be entered. Errors must be manually subtracted from the involved registers.

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in *Program Description II*. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

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Sketch(es)

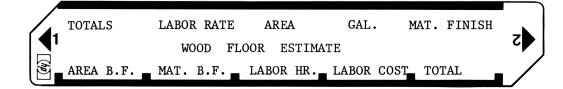
Quelling 40×28 14×2

Ret area 1120 Sg. Ft. 33370 Waste373 14×28 Gross area 1493 Sg. Ft.

Sample Problem(s) Continue the construction estimate of the dwelling illustrated in Lumber Estimate, Shingle Estimate, Wallpaper Estimate, Drywall and Insulation Estimate, Wall and Ceiling Areas Estimate, Sheathing and Subfloor Estimate, and Painting Estimate. The total cost from these programs is \$11,605. For the flooring, find the material cost, labor hours, labor cost, and total cost and add this to the \$11,605. Do it in four steps: One, flooring; two, sanding; three, filler; and four, seal and finish.

Use a waste factor of 33 1/3 % for 1x3 boards. Use a labor factor of 32 hours per 1,000 board feet (in this case, the same as square feet). Use a cost of \$1,120 per 1,000 board feet. Use labor factors of 100 square feet per hour for sanding, 180 for filler, and 450 for seal and finish. Use spread rates of 500 square feet per gallon for filler and 400 for seal and finish. Use a cost of \$7.50 per gallon for the filler and \$11.00 for the seal and finish. Use a labor rate of \$13.34 per hour. Solution(s) Keystrokes: 13.34[f][B], 1493[A], 1120[B] \rightarrow 1672 (material cost for wood), 32[C] \rightarrow 48 (hours), [D] \rightarrow 640 (labor cost), [E]2312 (total installation cost), 1120 [f][C], 100[C] \rightarrow 11 (sanding hours), [D] \rightarrow 147 (sanding labor hours), 500[f][D] \rightarrow 3 (gallons of filler), 7.5[f][E] \rightarrow 23 (cost of filler), 180[C] \rightarrow 6 (hours), [D] \rightarrow 80 (filler labor cost), [E] \rightarrow 103 (total filler cost),2240[f][C],400[f][D] \rightarrow 6(gallons of finish), 11[f][E] \rightarrow 66 (cost of finish), 450[C] \rightarrow 5 (hours), [D] \rightarrow 67 (finish labor cost), [E] \rightarrow 133 (total finish cost), [f][A] \rightarrow 21288 (accumulative BF/SF), 6721 (accumulative material cost), 7579 (accumulative labor cost), 14300 (accumulative cost for lumber, shingles, wallpaper, drywall, insulation sheathing, subfloor, painting and flooring.

Reference(s) How to Estimate Building Losses and Construction Costs, 2nd Ed., by Paul I. Thomas, Prentice-Hall. THIS PROGRAM IS A MODIFICATION OF THE USERS' LIBRARY PROGRAM #04580A SUBMITTED BY CHET LANGIN.



STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT DATA/UNITS	KEYS	OUTPUT DATA/UNITS
1	Enter program			
2	(Optional: Initialize series)		f CL REG	
3	Enter labor rate for hardwood floor worker	Rate	fB	Rate
4	Enter Gross area	Area	Α	
5	Enter cost per 1,000 BF	Cost	В	Cost
6	Enter labor factor	Factor	С	Hours
7	Find labor cost		D	Cost
8	Find line total		Е	Total
	(Optional: For pre ^f inished floors, skip 9-15 and go to 16			
9	Enter net area	Area	fC	
	(Optional: For seal and finish, double net			
	area before entering)			
10	Enter coverage per gallon 10 + 11	S. F.	fD	∦ Gals.
	(Optional: For sanding, skip)			
11	Enter cost per gallon	Cost	f	Cost
12	Enter labor factor	Factor	С	Hours
13	Find labor cost		D	Cost
14	Find line total		E	Total
	(Optional: For sanding, skip 15. Incorrect			
	answer will result for this item, but series			
	will not be disturbed.)			
15	Repeat 9-15, for sanding, filler and seal			
	and finish.			
16	Repeat 1-16, as necessary			
17	For totals		f	
	BF/SF grand total			BF/SF
	Mat. total			Mat.
	Lab total			Lab.
	Grand total			Total
18	Go to next program			
	or			
	For new problem, go to 2			

Program Listing I

			1	7 /		8		74 E					47
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Rate	Total	L	S2	S3	otal		S5		S6	S7			S9
S0	S1		32	33					50				
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Hewlett-Packard Software

In terms of power and flexibility, the problem-solving potential of the Hewlett-Packard line of fully programmable calculators is nearly limitless. And in order to see the practical side of this potential, we have several different types of software to help save you time and programming effort. Every one of our software solutions has been carefully selected to effectively increase your problem-solving potential. Chances are, we already have the solutions you're looking for.

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Mechanical Engineering Surveying Civil Engineering Navigation

Users' Library

The main objective of our Users' Library is dedicated to making selected program solutions contributed by our HP-67 and HP-97 users available to you. By subscribing to our Users' Library, you'll have at your fingertips, literally hundreds of different programs. No longer will you have to: research the application; program the solution; debug the program; or complete the documentation. Simply key your program to obtain your solution. In addition, programs from the library may be used as a source of programming techniques in your application area.

A one-year subscription to the Library costs \$9.00. You receive: a catalog of contributed programs; catalog updates; and coupons for three programs of your choice (a \$9.00 value).

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Hewlett-Packard recently added a unique problem-solving contribution to its existing software line. The new series of software solutions are a collection of programs provided by our programmable calculator users. Hewlett-Packard has currently accepted over 6,000 programs for our Users' Libraries. The best of these programs have been compiled into 40 Library Solutions Books covering 39 application areas (including two game books).

Each of the Books, containing up to 15 programs without cards, is priced at \$10.00, a savings of up to \$35.00 over single copy cost.

The Users' Library Solutions Books will compliment our other applications of software and provide you with a valuable new tool for program solutions.

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Control Systems	Avigation
Beams and Columns	Calendars
High-Level Math	Photo Dark Room
Test Statistics	COGO-Surveying
Geometry	Astrology
Reliability/QA	Forestry

HOME CONSTRUCTION

These programs will give the user the ability to estimate the costs of material and labor for basic construction jobs. The assumptions (about design) made by these programs restrict their use to estimating costs for single floor rectangular construction.

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